
ALARO Physics Developments

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LACE area leader for physics

ALARO-0 concept

- **continuous transition from ARPEGE/ALADIN to AROME (continuity + improvements)**
- **to treat 'grey-zone' 3-7 km mesh size**
- **economical computation, numerical efficiency**
- **algorithmic flexibility → good basis for further developments**

ALARO-0

(mid 2005 - mid 2008)

- **Dynamic**

- ↙ **SHLD, NH**

- **Physics**

- ↙ **New interface (governing equations)**

- ↙ **Radiation: NER scheme, cloud optical properties**

- ↙ **Turbulence: pseudo-prognostic TKE**

- ↙ **Mountains: new GWD and lift scheme**

- ↙ **Moist processes:**

- **Full prognostic microphysics**

- **3MT cascade**

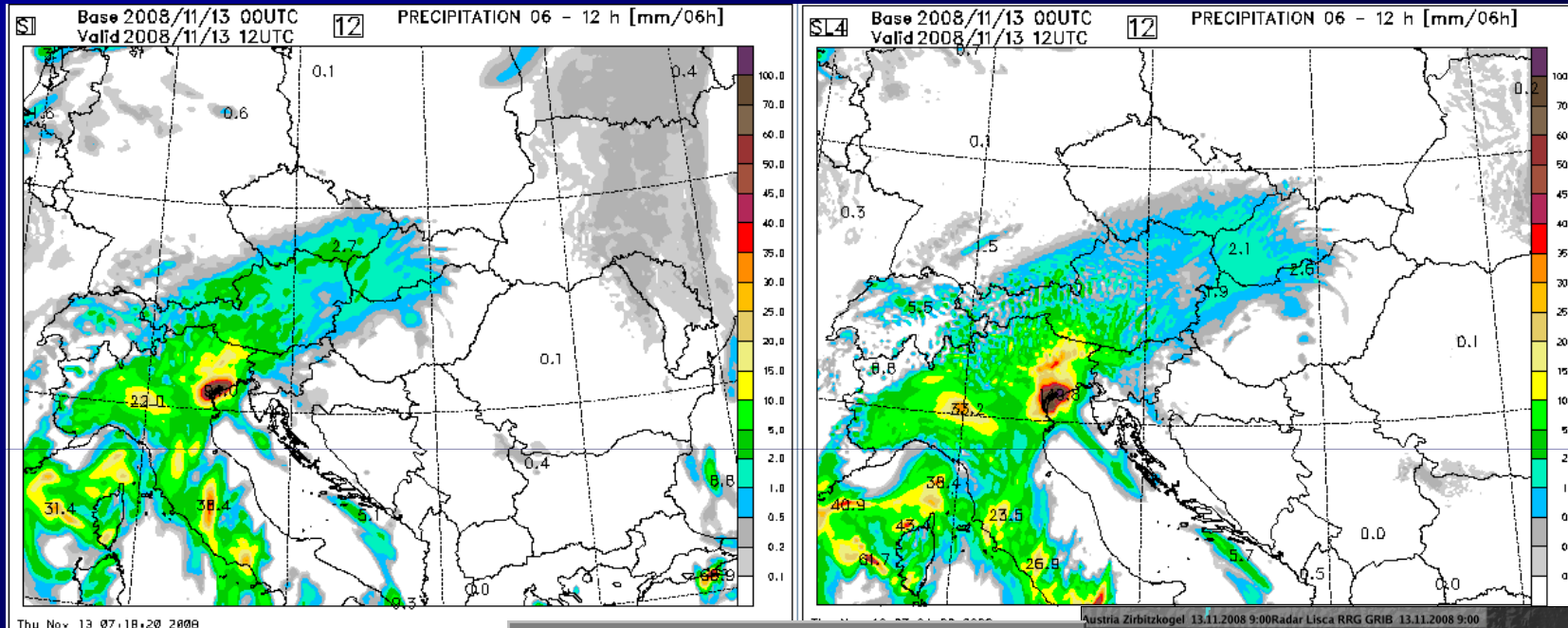
- **Prognostic convection**

Operational applications of ALARO-0

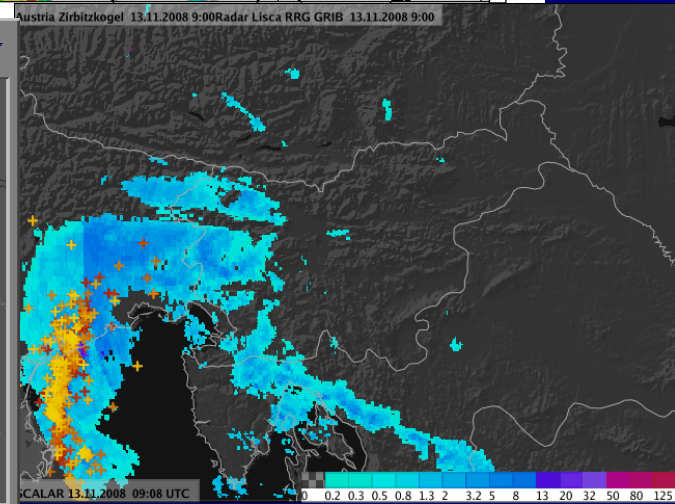
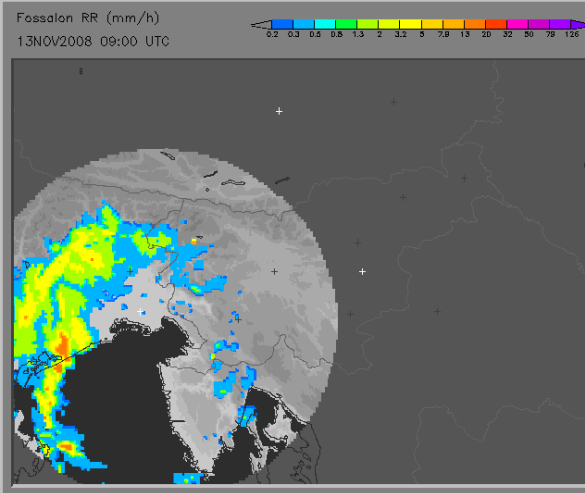
- Benefits exist for resolutions at the upper limit and in the middle of the grey zone
- Be (4km) is already at the initial targetting resolution
- Tests at many scales are ongoing, mostly with encouraging results, but with still too much divergence between the two versions at very high resolution

	ALARO-0 minus-3MT	Full ALARO-0
Cz	30/1/07	4/6/08
At	13/9/07	7/4/09
Sk	19/2/08	19/8/08
Hr	25/2/08	
Si	X	16/6/08
Be	X	15/1/09

ALARO 10km / 5 km



Thu Nov 13 07:18:20 2008



ALARO-0

(mid 2008 - mid 2009)

- **Deficiencies**

- ↙ **Overestimation of cooling rates in lower troposphere**
- ↙ **Diurnal convection cycle**
- ↙ **Diagnosed cloud cover (overcast very rare)**

- **Further developments/improvements**

- ↙ **Radiation**
- ↙ **Turbulence: eTKE**
- ↙ **Moist processes:**
 - prognostic entrainment
- ↙ **Cloudiness**

Overview of developments

Contributions from

**Doina Banciu, Ivan Bastak, Radmila Brozkova,
Luc Gerard, Jean-Francois Geleyn, Tomas Kral,
Filip Vana, Christopher Wittmann**

1 Turbulence

- **mixing length formulation**
 - ↙ **5 possible choices are coded additional to original one**
- **the full TKE scheme in the framework of the existing Louis scheme**
 - ↙ **eTKE emulating any turbulent theory CCH02, CBR and QNSE is coded and verified**
 - ↙ **solution in 2 steps**

Emulating Full TKE

$\frac{\partial E}{\partial t}$ ^{full}
 = advection
 + diffusion
 + mechanical or shear production/destruction (I)
 + buoyancy production/consumption (II)
 + viscous dissipation

$\frac{\partial E}{\partial t}$ ^{emulating}

= advection
 + diffusion
 + Newtonian relaxation towards something

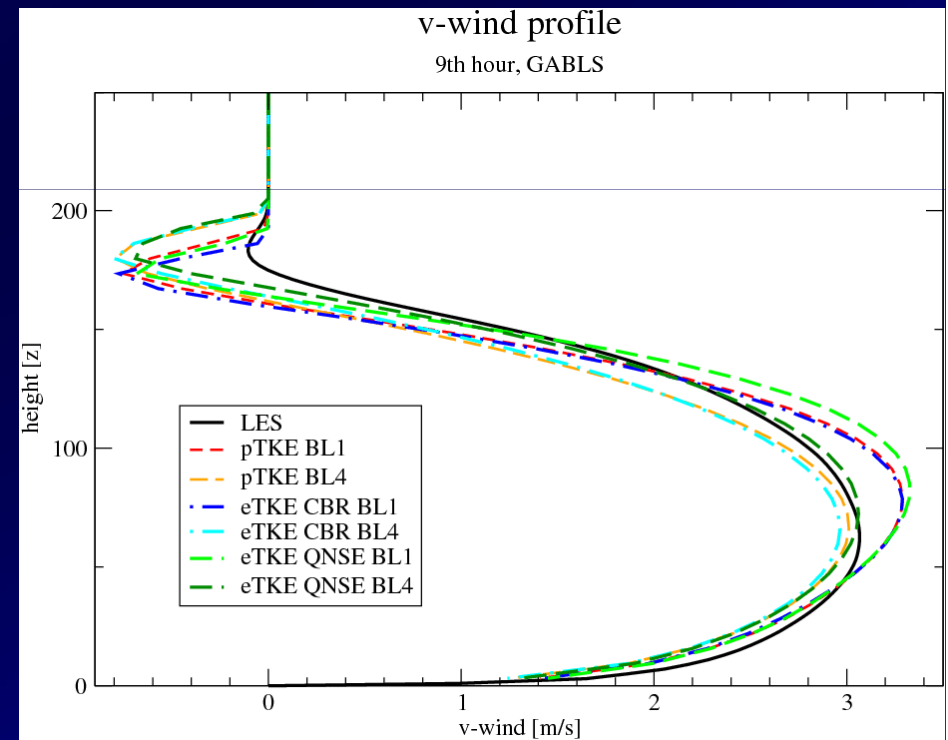
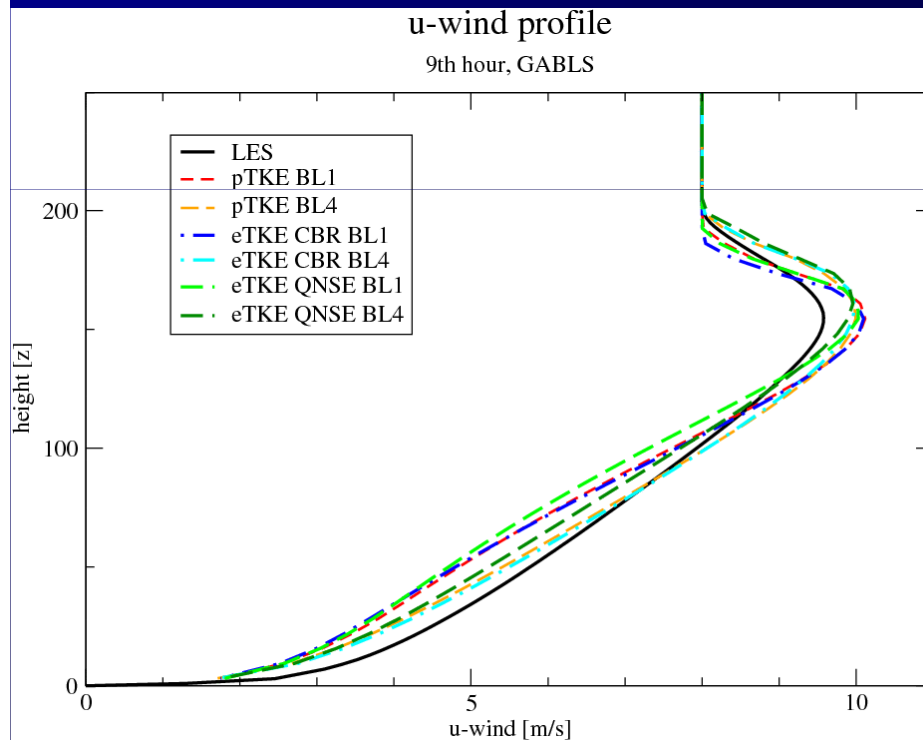
$$\frac{dE}{dt} = -\frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left(-K_E \frac{\partial E}{\partial z} \right) + \frac{1}{\tau_\epsilon} (\tilde{E} - E),$$

$$\tilde{E} = \frac{E}{\epsilon} (I + II),$$

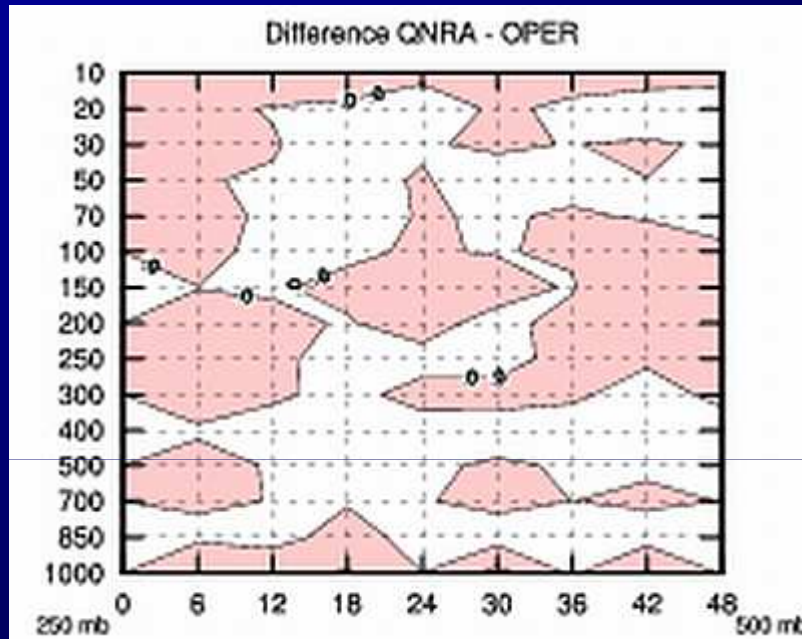
$$\tau_\epsilon = \frac{l_m^2}{\nu^2 \sqrt{K_m K_N}} \frac{\chi_3(Ri)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{f(Ri)^{\frac{3}{4}}}, \quad K_E = \frac{\sqrt{K_m K_N}}{\nu^2} \frac{f(Ri)^{\frac{3}{4}}}{\chi_3(Ri)^{\frac{3}{2}}}.$$

1D test: comparison against LES models

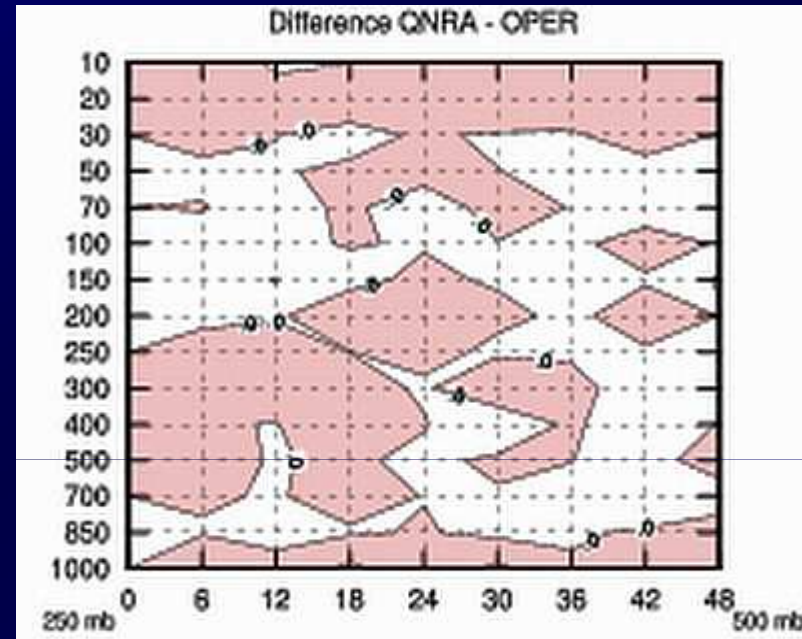
eTKE various algorithmic solutions with 2 formulations of the mixing length



3D test: eTKE(QNSE) against pTKE



RMSE temperature



RMSE wind

Improvement of scores in lower atmosphere

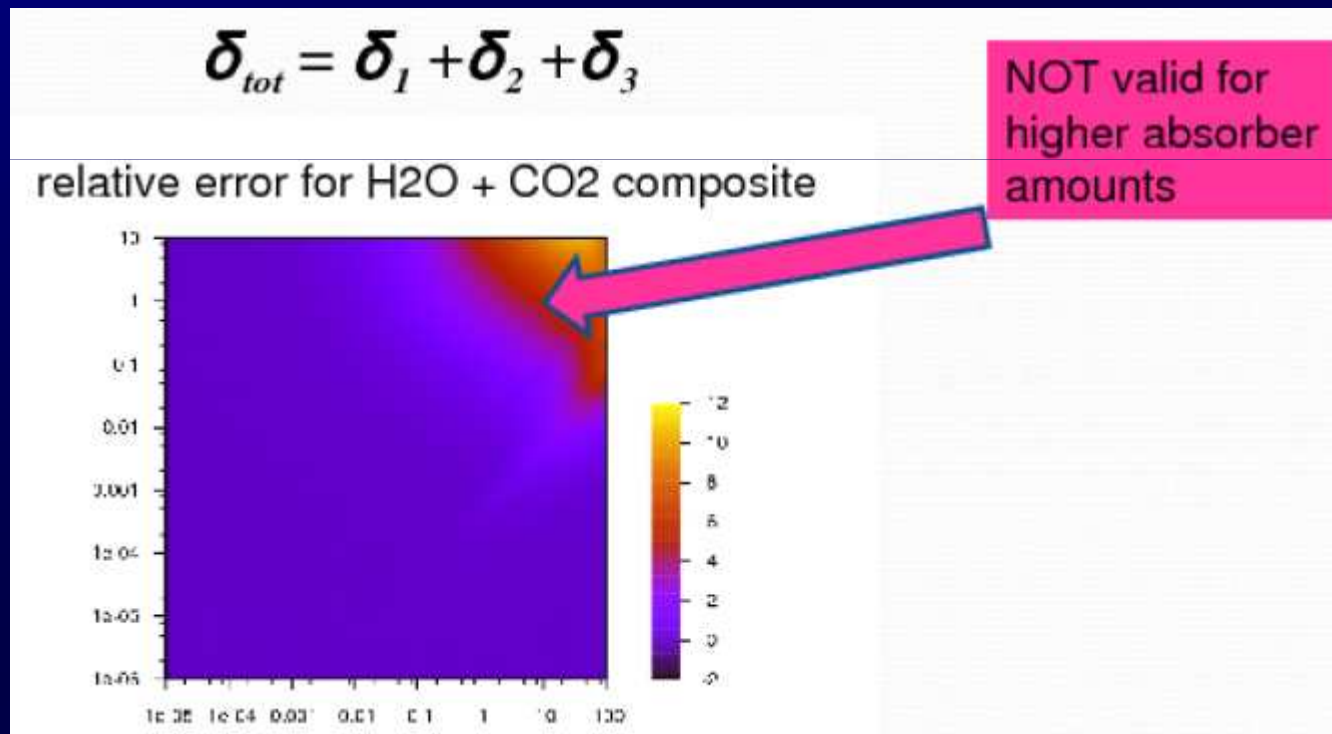
Bougeault-Lacarrere Mixing length
eTKE based on QNSE theory

2 Radiation

- **New transmission functions**
 - ↗ **gaseous transmissions from RRTM (Rapid Radiative Transfer Model) are used as a data set for fitting**
 - ↗ **revision of the fitting procedure**
 - ↗ **the impact is small**

2 Radiation

- assumption for composite of gases is not valid for higher absorber amounts



2 Radiation

- assumption for composite of gases
 - ↪ correction for the optical depth computation (H₂O, CO₂, O₃)

proposed solution:

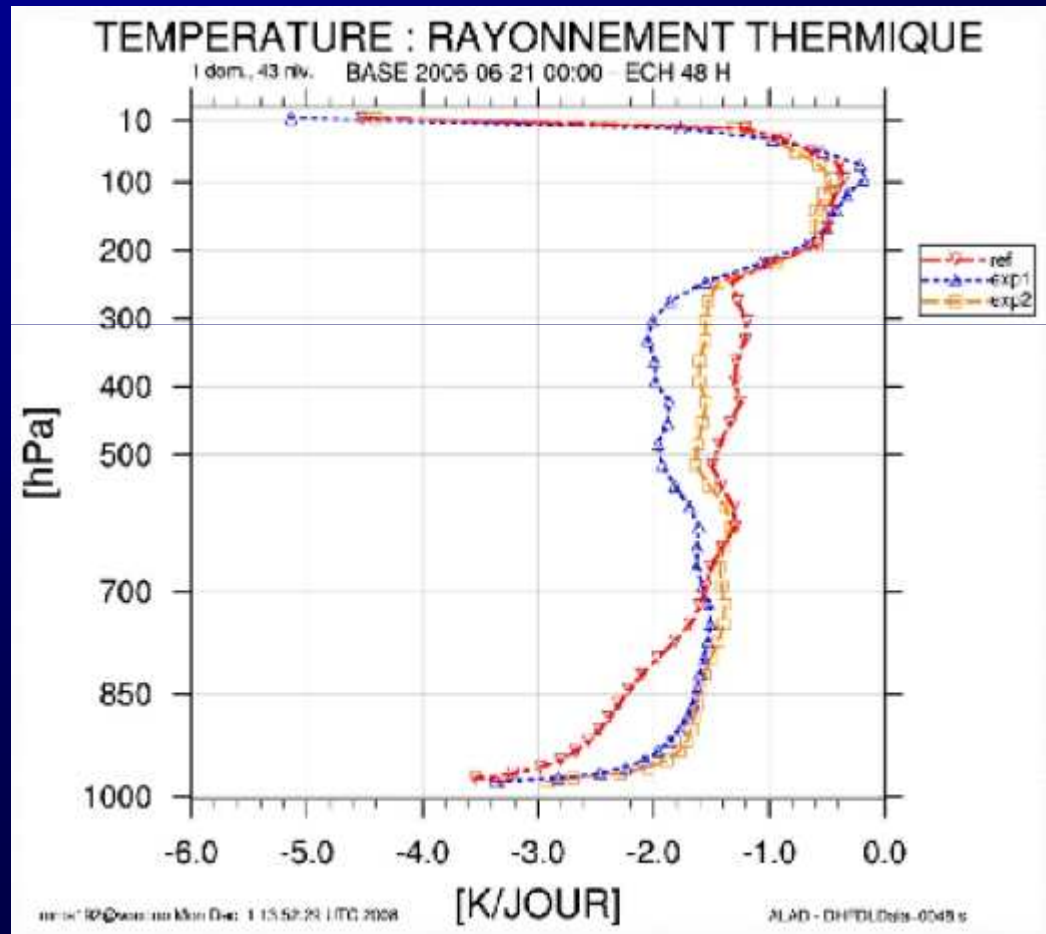
$$\delta_{tot} = \delta_1 + \delta_2 + \delta_3 + X_{12} + X_{13} + X_{23} + \dots (?)$$

current solution new correction terms

$X_{ij} = \delta_{ij} - (\delta_i + \delta_j)$... 'double-composite' correction

$$X_{ij} = \sqrt{e \frac{u_i}{(u_i + f)} \frac{u_j}{(u_j + g)}} \quad \begin{array}{l} u - \text{absorber amount} \\ e, f, g - \text{fitting coeffs} \end{array}$$

2 Radiation



red - operational
blue - RRTM
yellow - with modifications

2 Radiation

- **Aerosol model:**
 - ↖ **6 types (continental, maritime, desertic, urban, volcanic, stratospheric)**
 - ↖ **optical depth from climatology**
 - ↖ **for thermal and solar bands**

2 Radiation

- **transmission functions**
- **optical depth computation**
- **aerosol model**

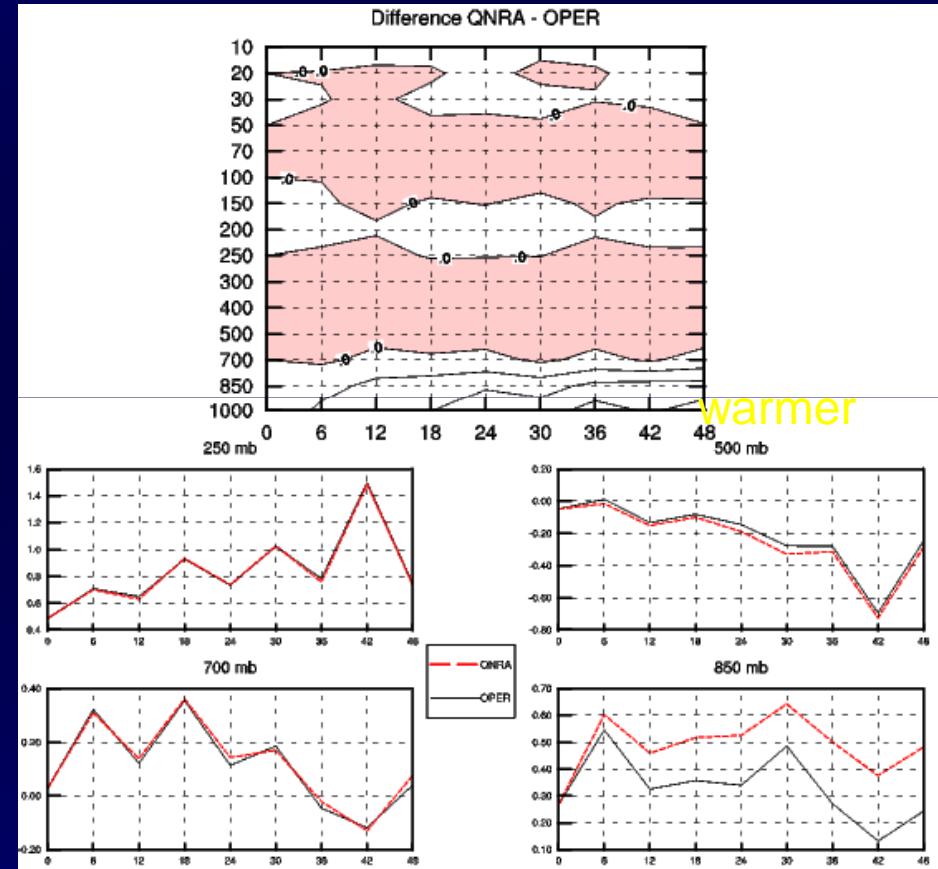
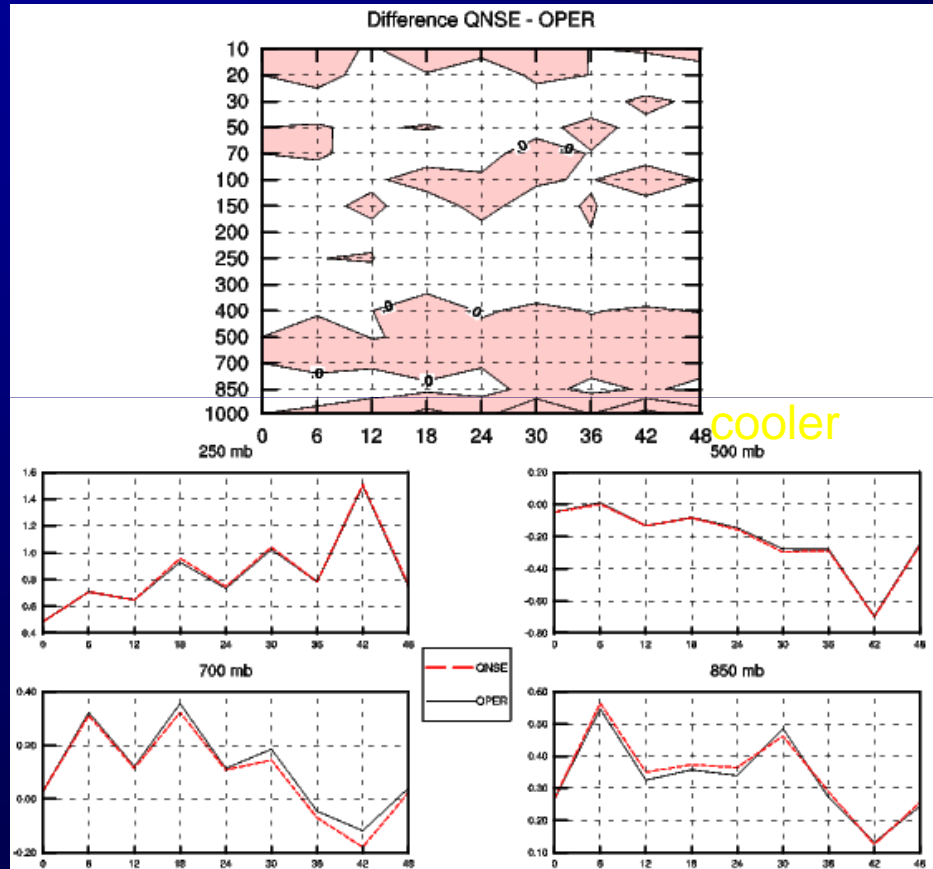
- **cooling rates are closer to the one in RRTM**
- **minimal extra computation cost,**

3D test: eTKE and eTKE&radiation

eTKE

BIAS Temperature

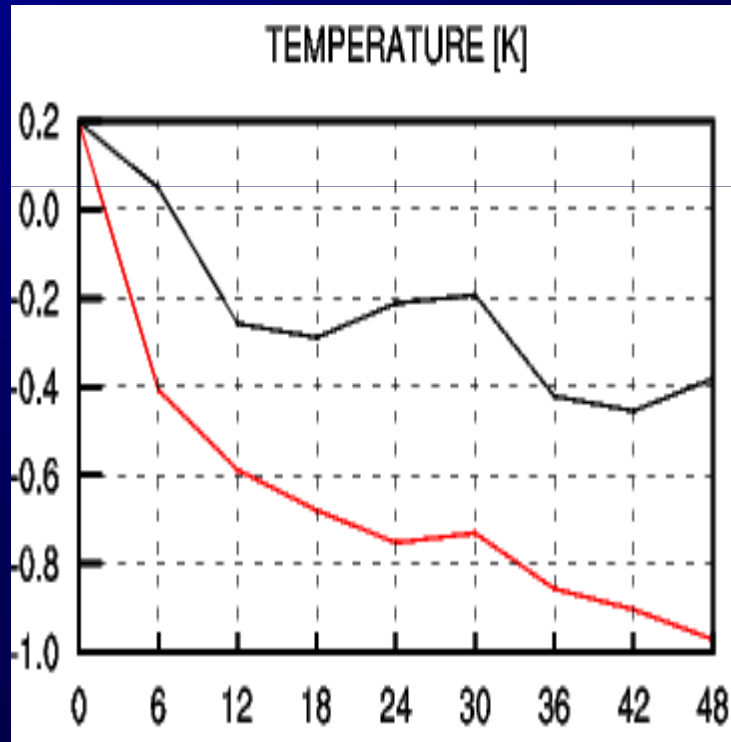
eTKE&radiation



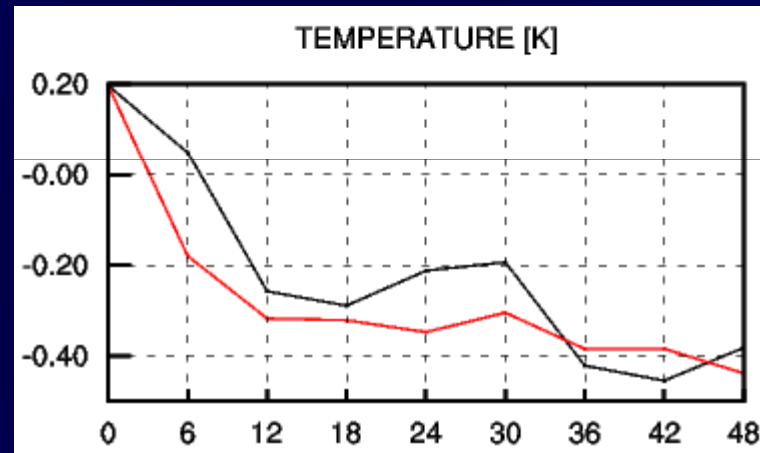
**rather big warm resulting bias –
is this consequence of the compensating errors**

3D test: eTKE and eTKE&radiation

eTKE



eTKE&radiation



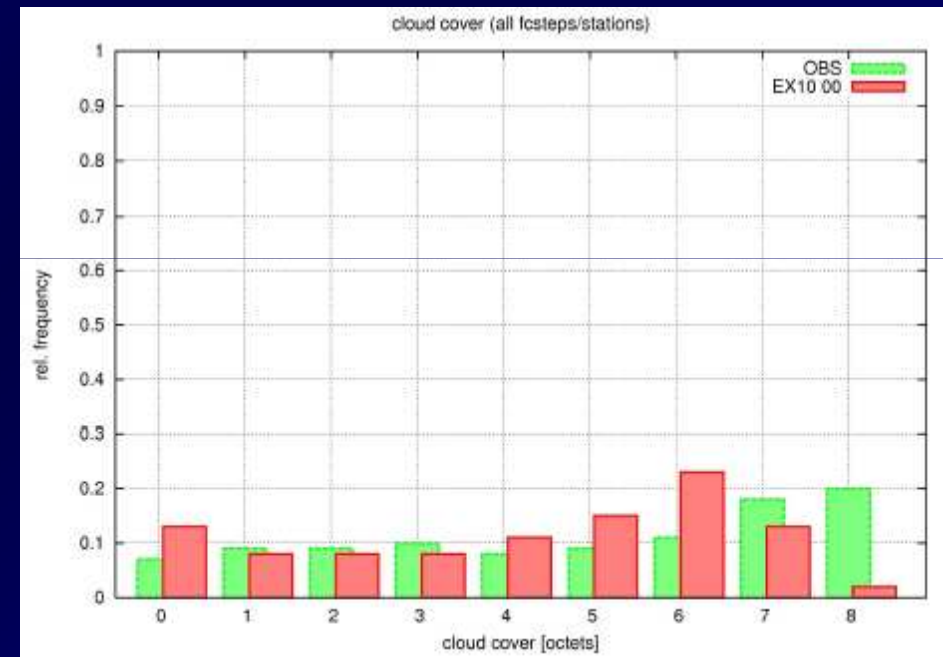
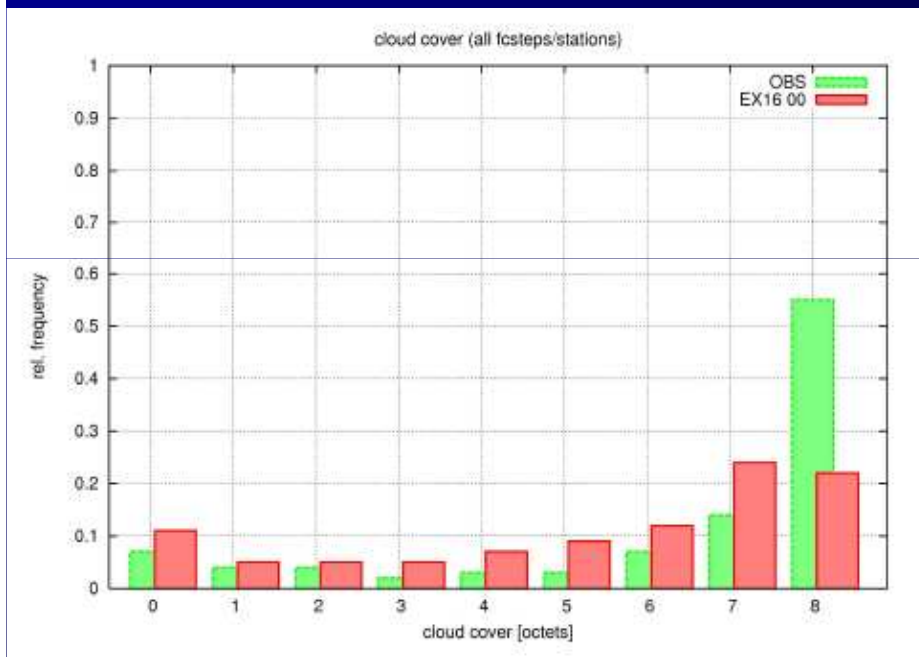
BIAS Temperature 2 m

red - parallel

black - operational

3 Cloudiness

Diagnostic of cloud cover:
cases with cloudiness near 100% are underestimated



January 2009

9 stations in Austria

June 2008

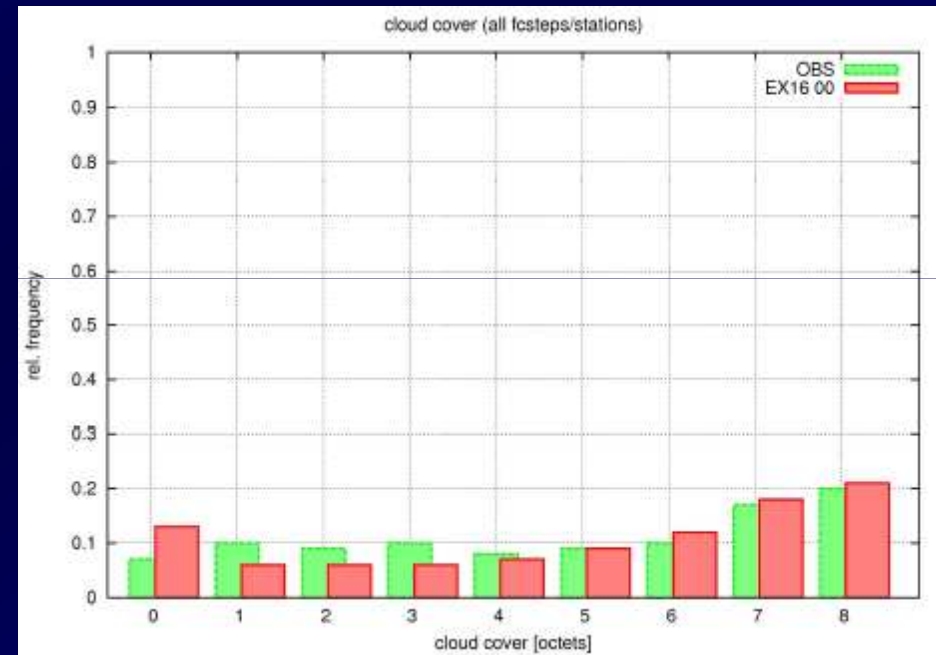
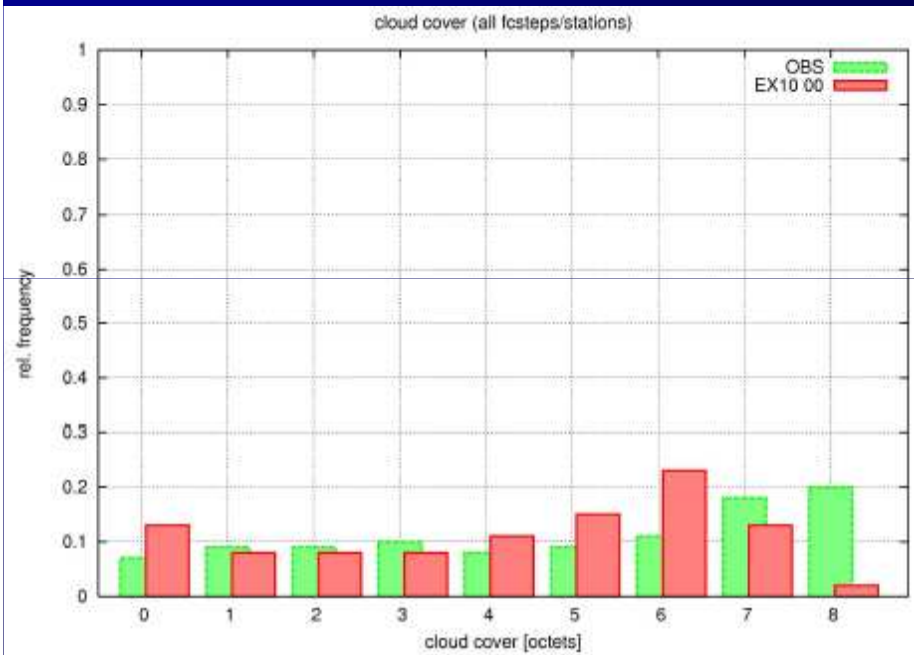
3 Cloudiness

- **Diagnostic for cloud cover**
 - ↗ **a near maximum overlap method**
 - ↗ **without any impact on other model fields and processes**

$$PFPLC[X] = 1 - \prod_{l=n[X]}^{m[X]} \frac{\min(1 - n^l, 1 - \epsilon n^{l-1})}{1 - \epsilon n^{l-1}}$$

Cloud cover octets

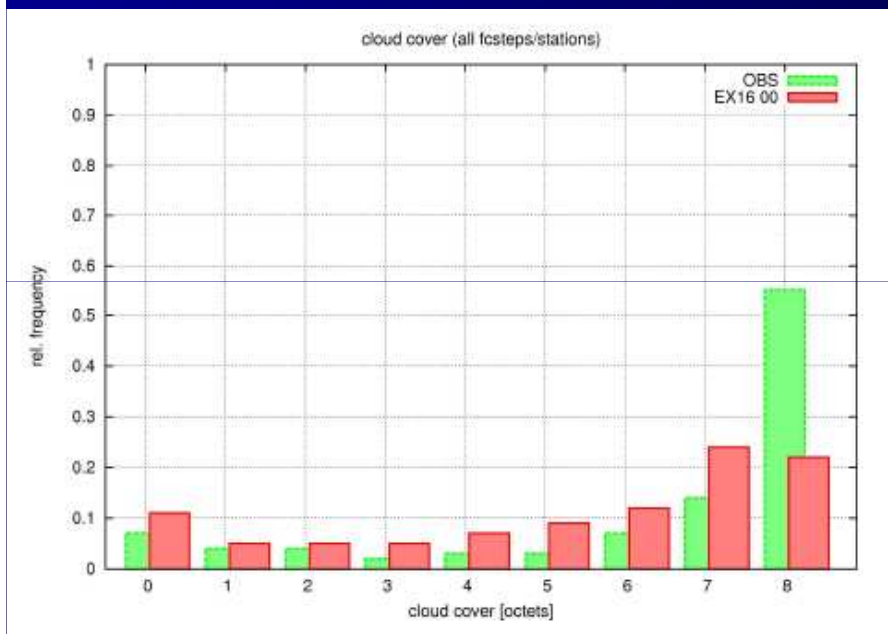
June 2008, 9 stations in Austria



new diagnostics

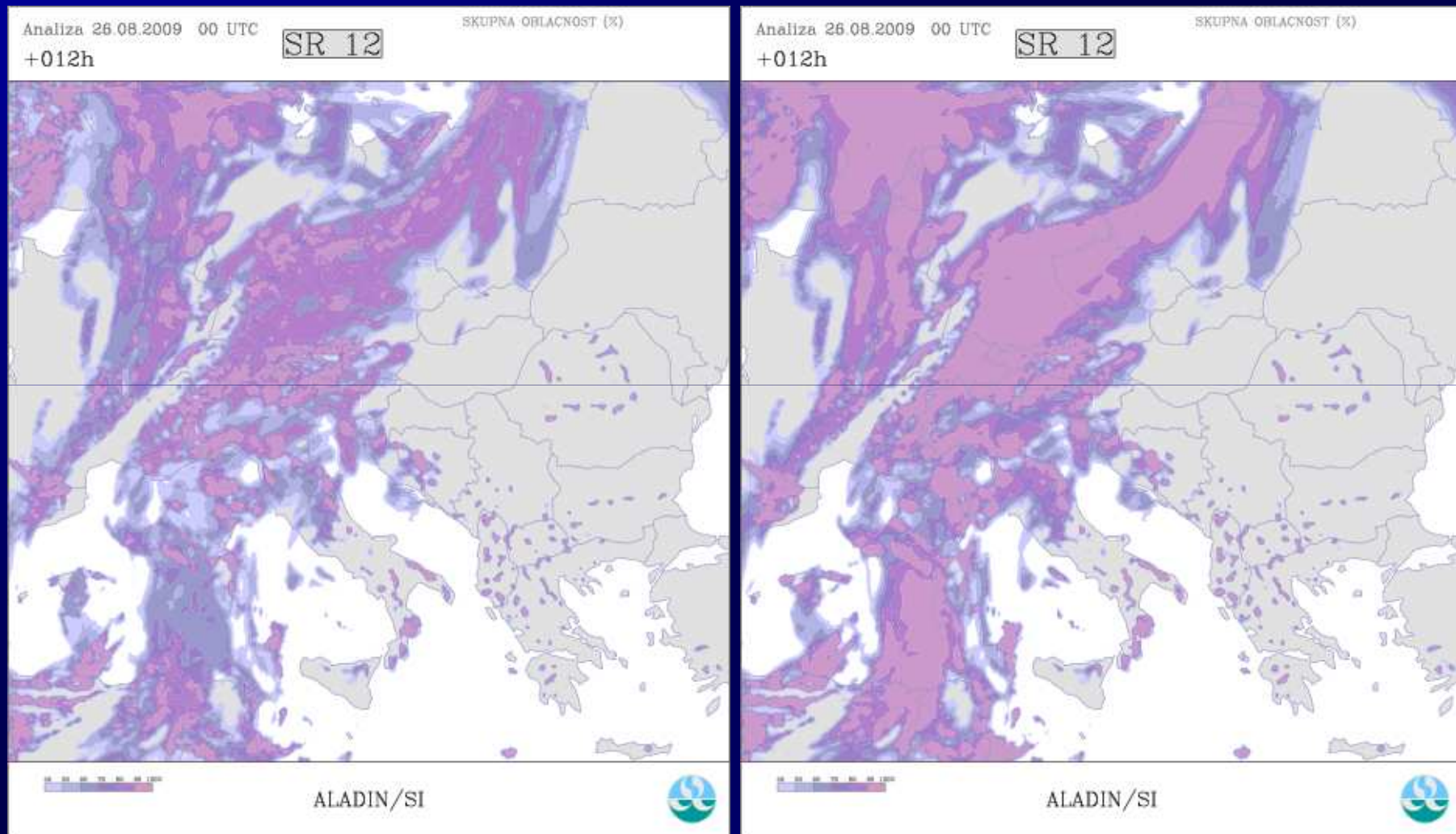
Cloud cover octets

January 2009, 9 stations in Austria



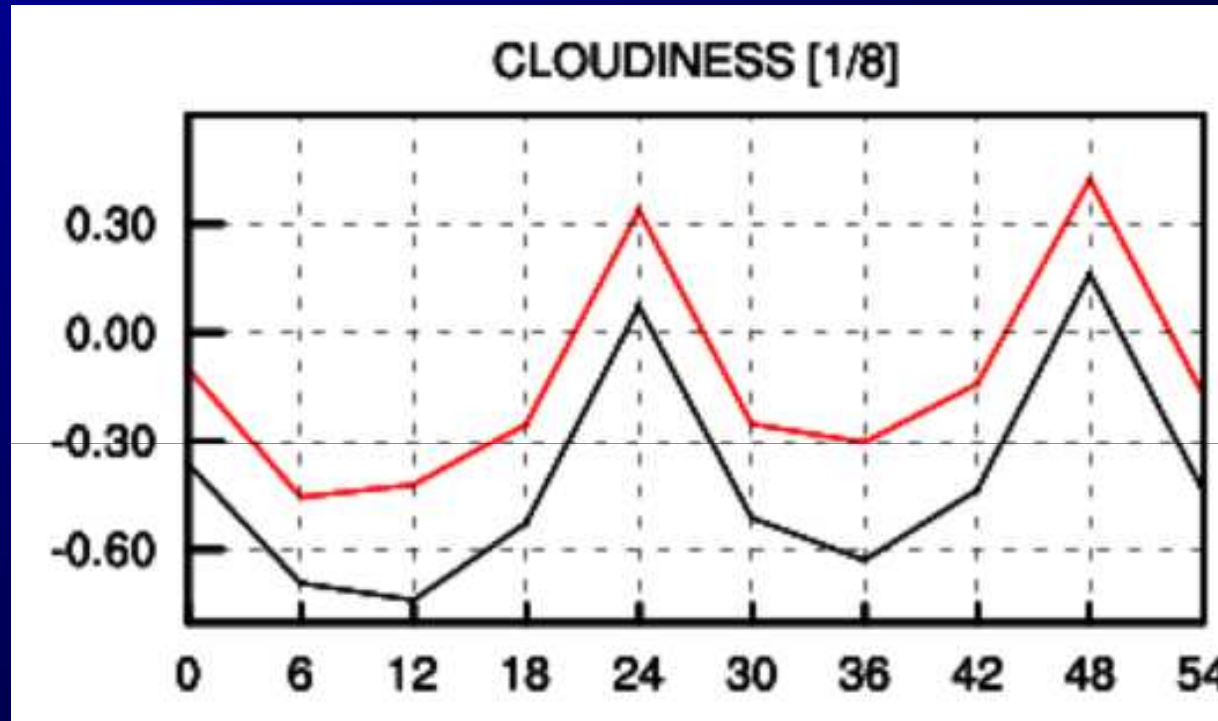
new diagnostics

Total cloud cover – an example



new diagnostics

Total cloud cover – cz parallel suite



BIAS total cloud cover
red - new diagnostics
black - operational

3 Cloudiness

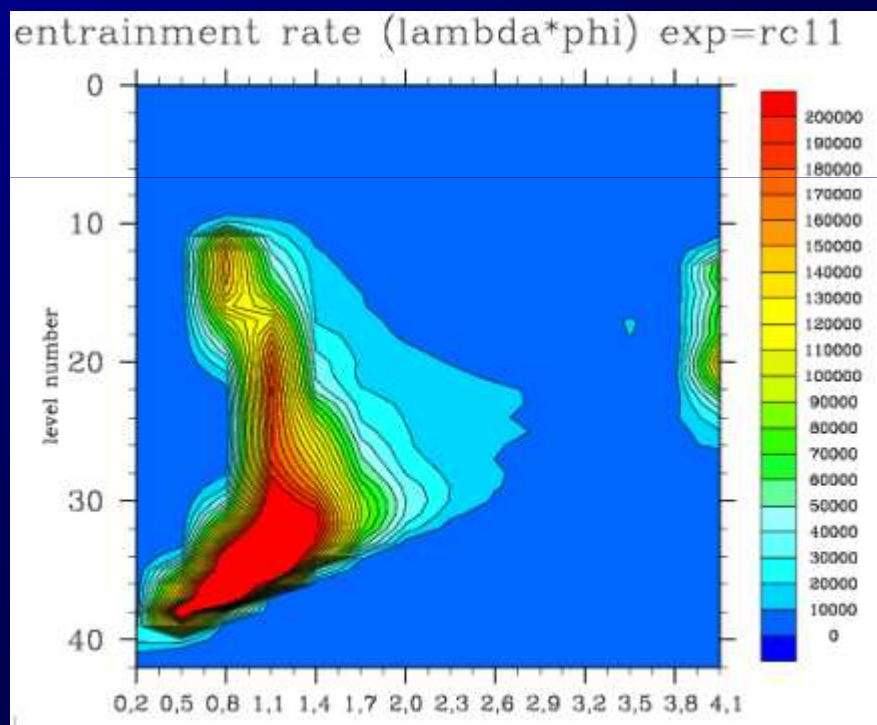
- **diagnostic for cloud cover**
- **a unique description of cloudiness (in all schemes radiation, turbulence, 3MT) is still big aim**

4 Convection

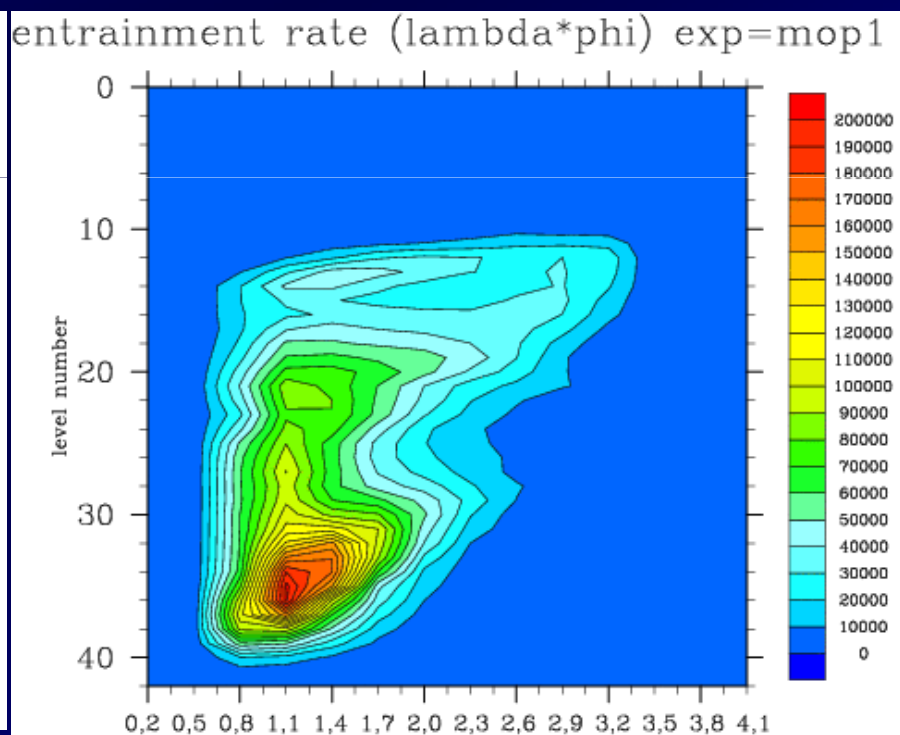
- **Developments are around a more complete approach of the transient (growing/decaying) cloud, together with additional effort in closure and mesh fraction expression.**
- **Validation of the prognostic entrainment**
 - ↪ **still problems (mid-troposphere is too warm)**
 - ↪ **a way to improve diurnal cycle of convective precipitation**
 - **retuning the free parameters**

Distribution of scaled entrainment rate

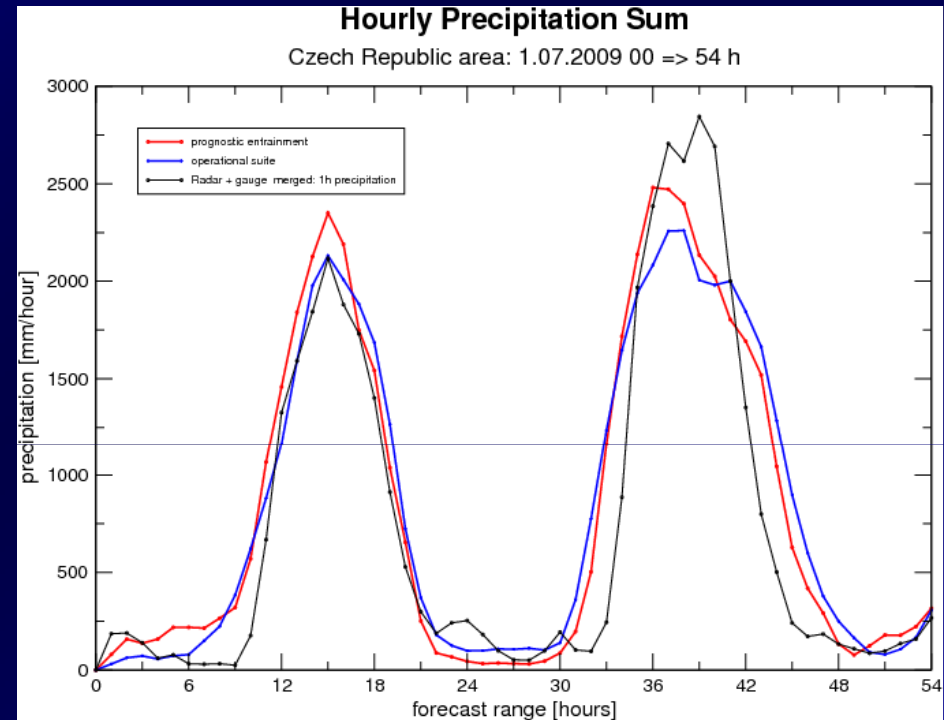
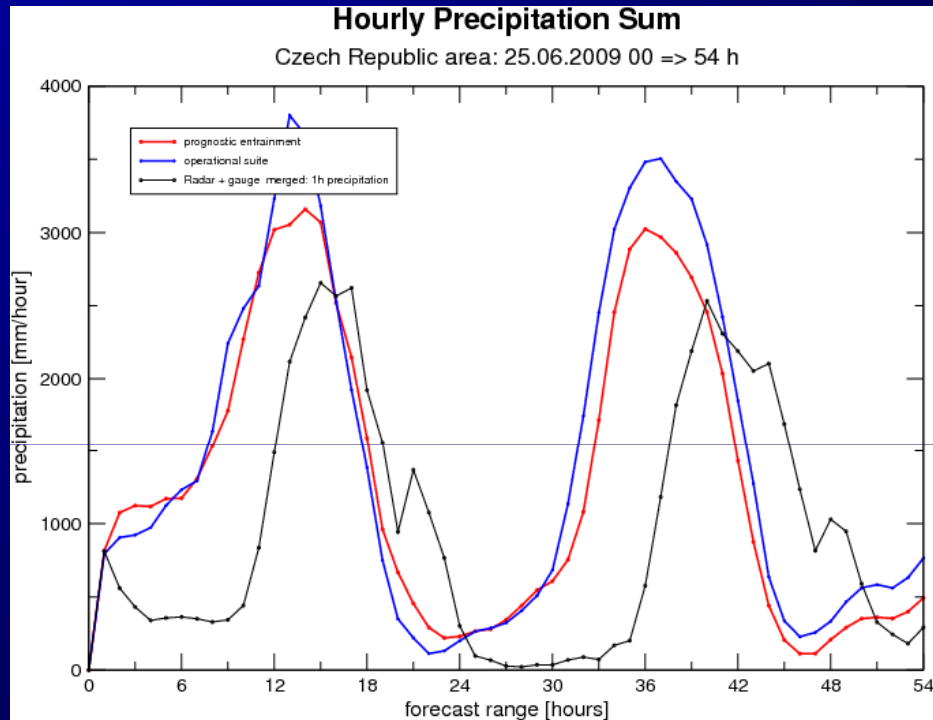
3MT diag. entrainment



3MT prog. entrainment
(with reinitialization)



Diurnal cycle - 1h precipitation



red – prognostic entrainment

blue – diagnostic entrainment (operational setup)

black – approximation on the basis of radar data

2009

- **Article:**

- ↳ Gerard, L., J.-M. Piriou, R. Brožkova, J.-F. Geleyn, D. Banciu, 2009: Cloud and precipitation parameterization in a meso-gamma scale operational weather prediction model , Monthly Weather Review: In Press
<http://ams.allenpress.com/perlserv/?request=get-abstract&doi=10.1175/2009MWR2750.1>

- **PhD thesis:**

- ↳ Ivan Bastak, 2009: “Turbulent scheme eTKE”

Outlook for 2009/2010

ALARO-1

- **TKE scheme (moist effect and TOM terms)**
- **Microphysics – include the option of ICE3 equations**
- **Convection**
 - ↙ **improving convergence of 3MT to CRM**
 - ↙ **continuing work on prognostic entrainment**
- **Adjustment**
- **Shallow convection**

LACE project

Name: Operational ALARO configuration at scales around 5km mesh-size (ALARO 5km)

Responsible person: Neva Pristov

Responsible center: CHMI

Project duration: 2008-2010

50 person months

10 LACE scientists