

# ON THE USE OF OBSERVATION DATA SETS FOR THE VALIDATION OF SRNWP SURFACE SCHEMES

Jean-François Mahfouf (Météo-France/CNRM)  
and the SRNWP ET on surface processes



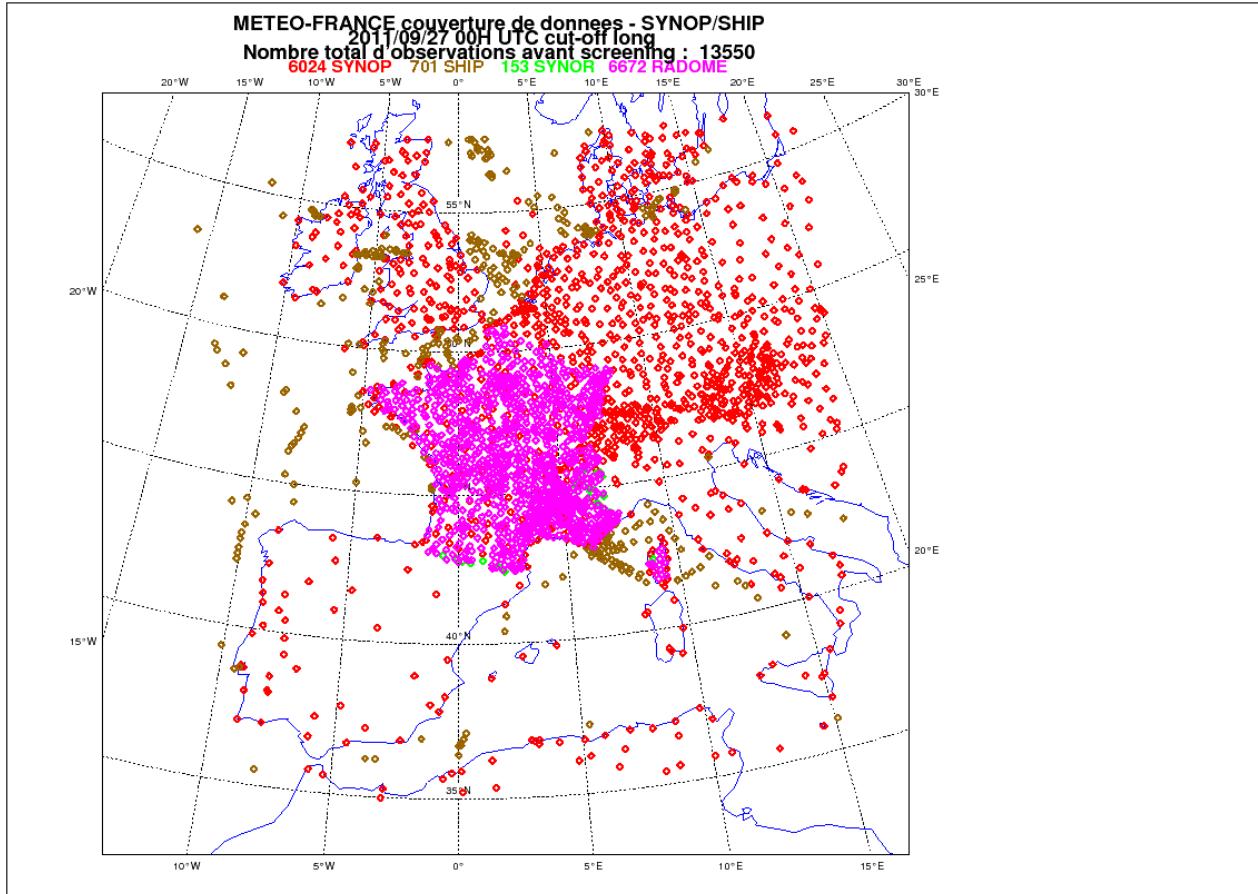
# Outline

- Current operational practice for the evaluation of surface schemes in NWP models
- Interest for local validation datasets
- The SRNWP initiative : the COSMO/COLOBOC data pool
- Examples of evaluations
- Conclusions and perspectives

# Current operational practice

- Surface schemes describe (turbulent) exchanges of momentum, energy, and water at the interface => impact on PBL development, initiation of convection, and also cloud cover (including fog)
- Meteorological parameters affected by low level processes and measured in routine are (from SYNOP reports) :
  - Screen-level temperature and humidity
  - 10 m wind speed and direction
  - Cloudiness (cloud cover, visibility)
  - Surface precipitation

# Surface network over Europe



# Evaluation of surface boundary layer scheme CANOPY in ALADIN model

Winter period

01/12/2010 ->  
02/01/2011

Without  
CANOPY

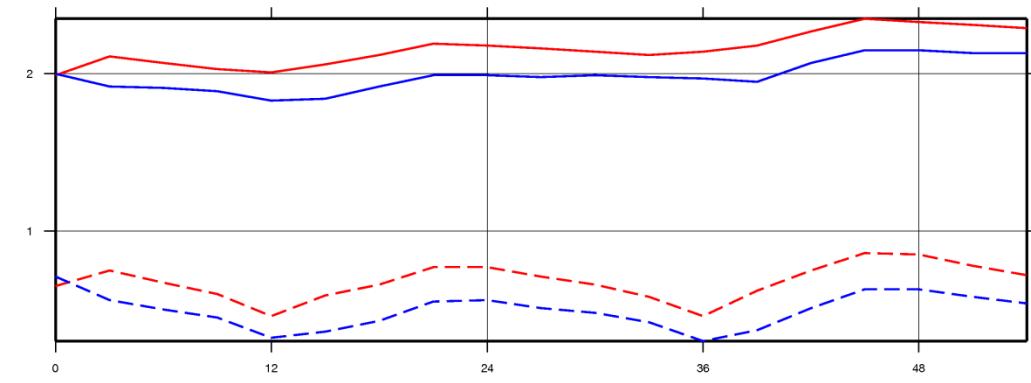
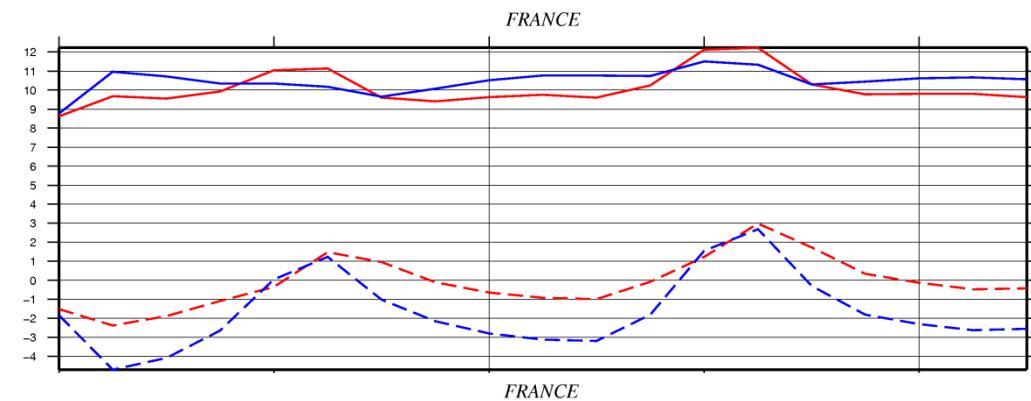
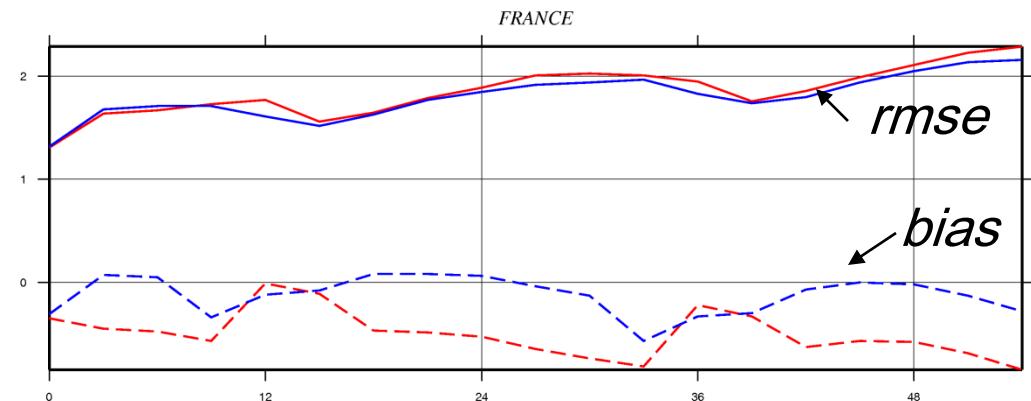
With  
CANOPY

Surface observations  
(RADOME+SYNOP)  
over France

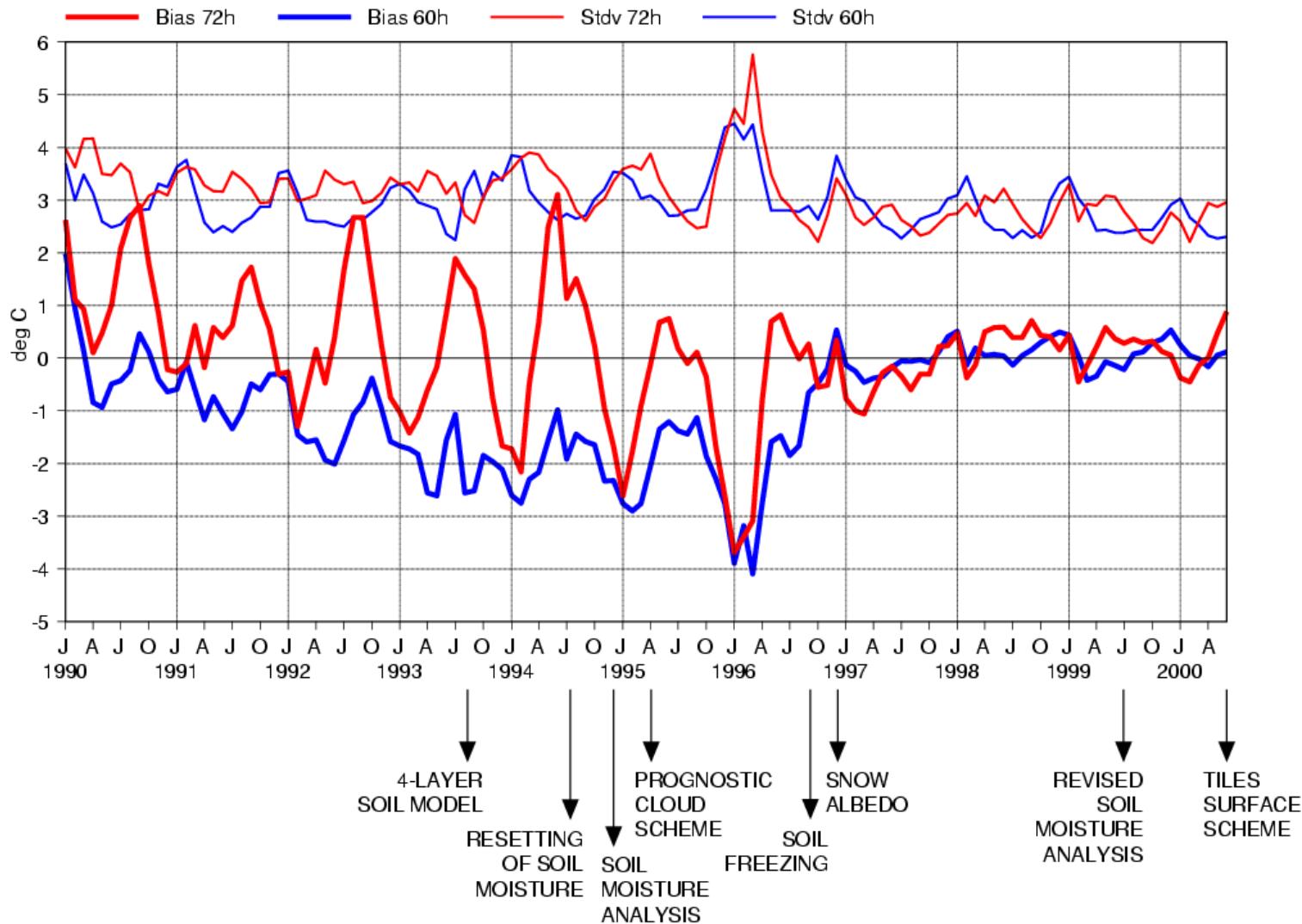
T2m

RH2m

Wind speed



# T2m forecast scores at ECMWF over Europe

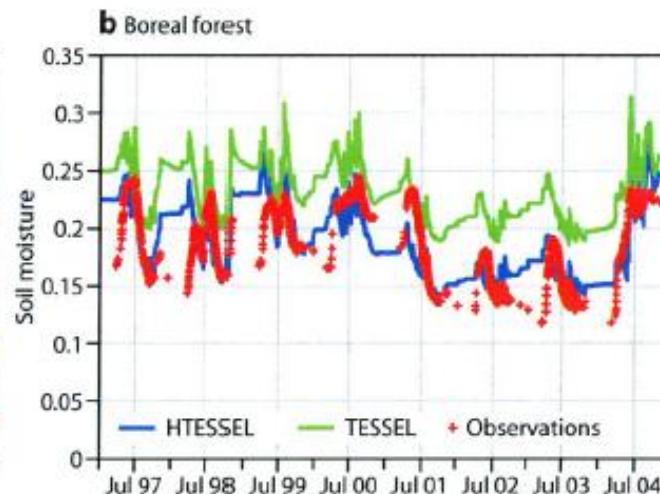
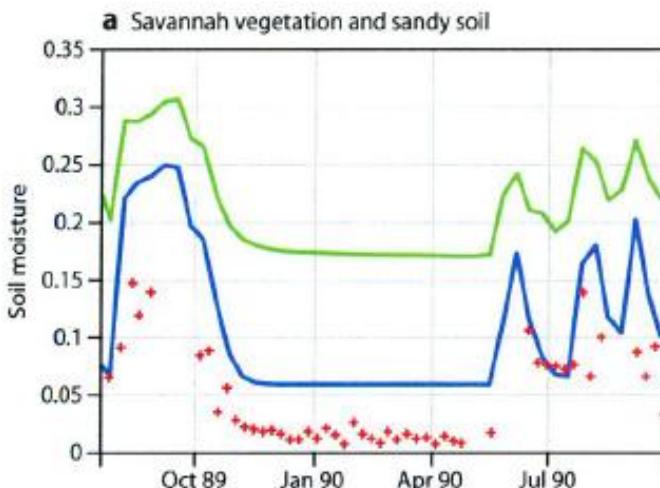


# Importance of additional parameters

- Turbulent fluxes : sensible and latent heat fluxes
- Radiative fluxes : net surface radiation, downward longwave and shortwave fluxes (satellite)
- Ground heat flux (to close the energy budget)
- Surface temperature (satellite)
- Soil moisture contents (at various levels in the root zone)
- Soil temperatures (at various levels) (climatological networks)

# Validation of soil hydrology at ECMWF

- Hydrology-**TESSEL**

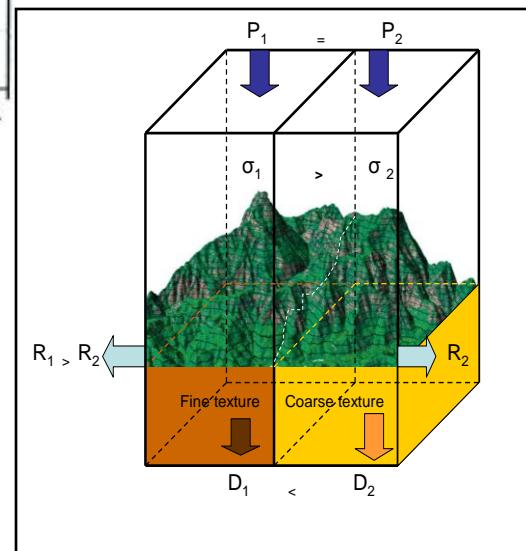


Balsamo et al. (2009)  
van den Hurk and  
Viterbo (2003)

Global Soil Texture (FAO)

Van Genuchten  
hydraulic properties

Variable Infiltration capacity &  
surface runoff revision



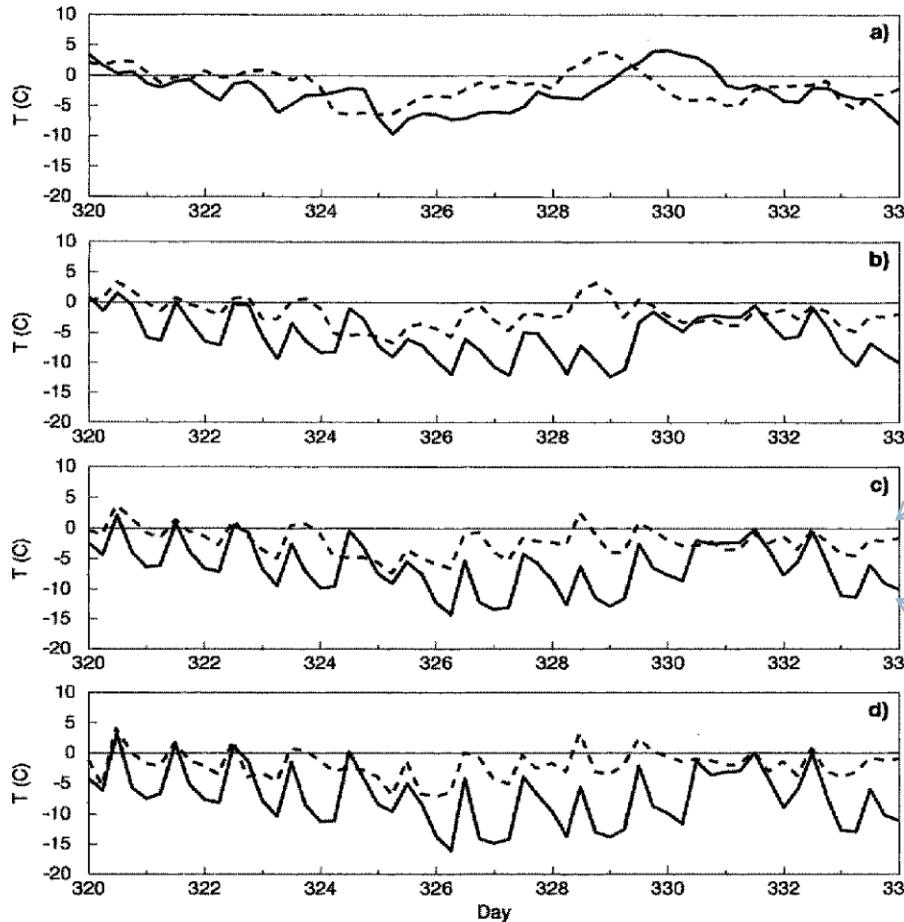
# Developments on soil moisture freezing (1)

140 m

40 m

2 m

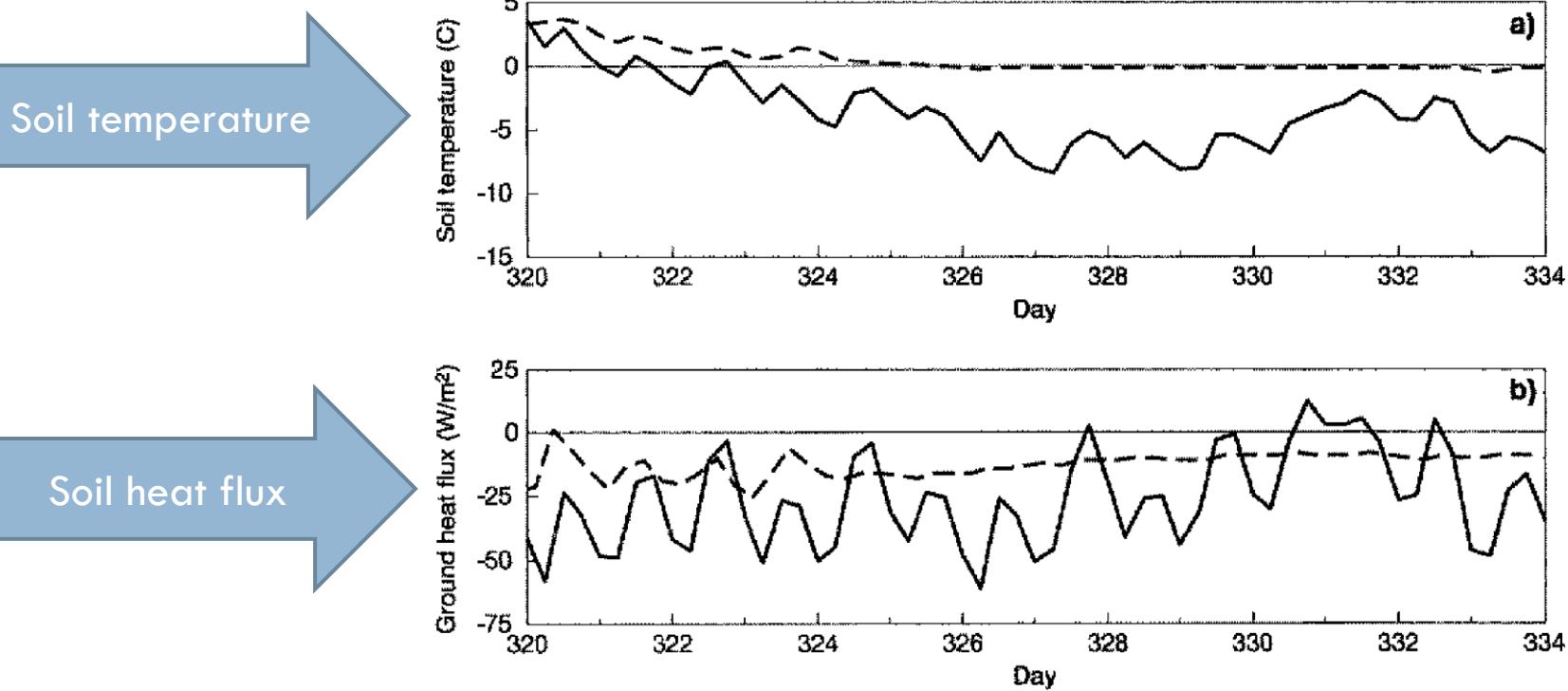
0 m



Observations

ECMWF model

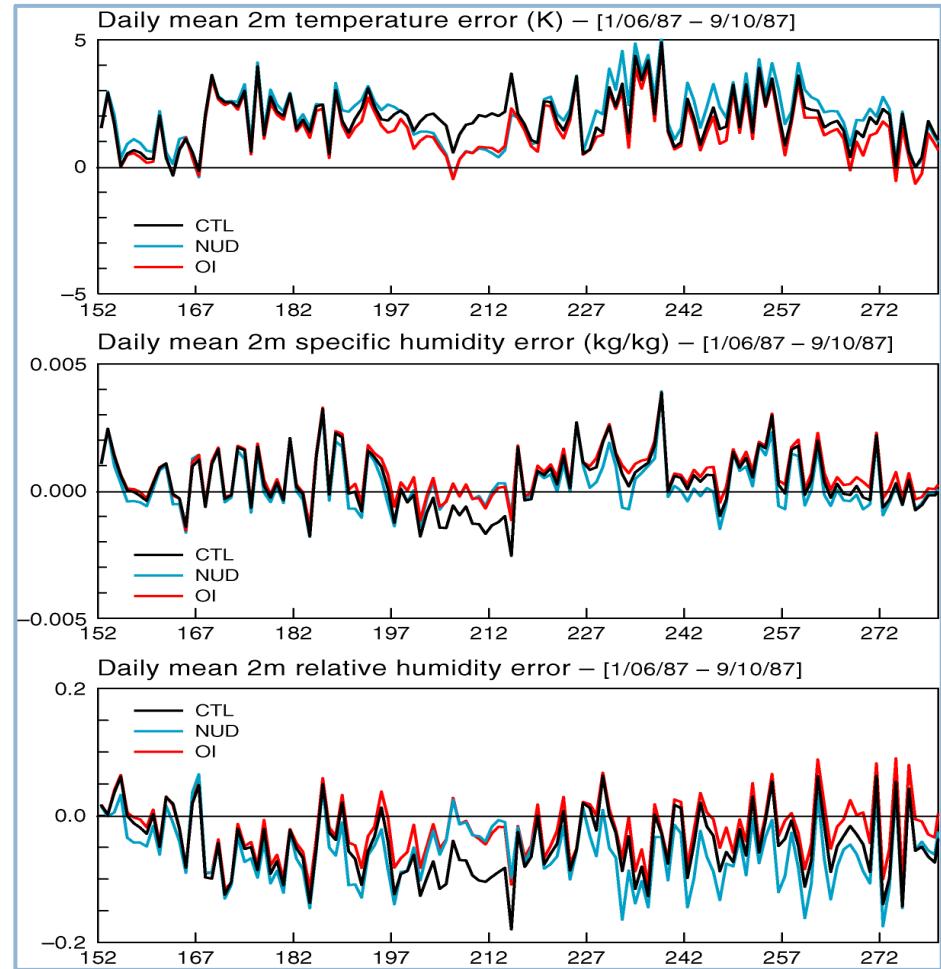
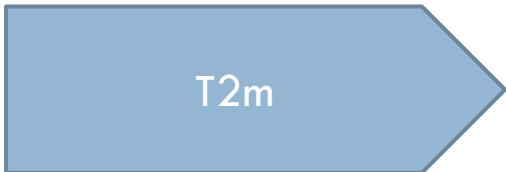
# Developments on soil moisture freezing (2)



Viterbo et al. (1999)

# Soil analysis from 2m parameters (1)

FIFE 1987  
(Douville  
et al.,  
2000)

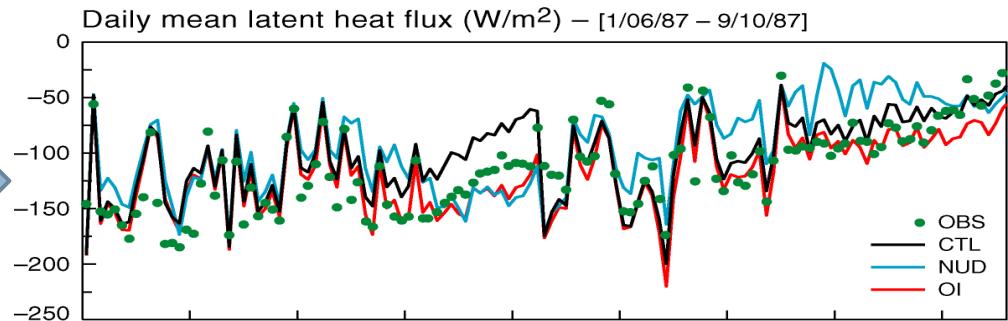


OPEN LOOP NUDGING ( $\Delta w = D \Delta q$ ) OPTIMUM INTERPOLATION ( $\Delta w = a \Delta T + b \Delta RH$ )

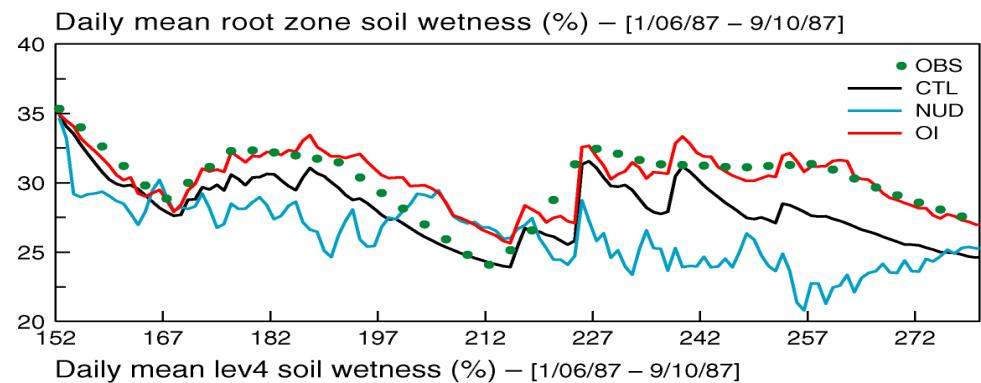
# Soil analysis from 2m parameters (2)

FIFE 1987  
(Douville et al., 2000)

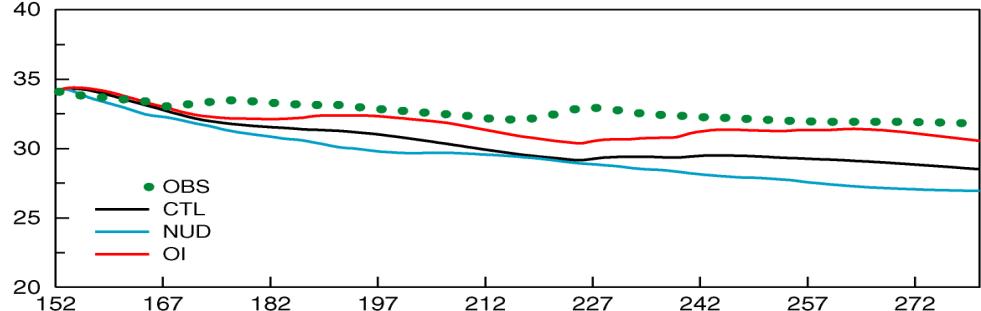
Latent heat flux



Root zone soil moisture



Deep soil moisture



# Consistency in forecast improvements

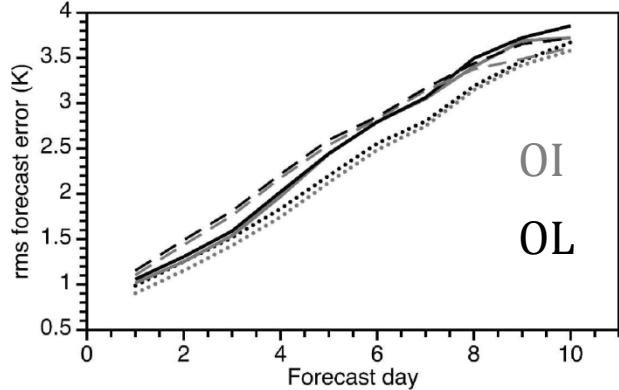


FIG. 6. Rms forecast errors for temperature at 1000 hPa as computed from the CTRL OI experiment (gray lines) and the open loop run (black lines). Results for Europe, North America, and East Asia are presented in dotted, solid, and dashed lines, respectively.

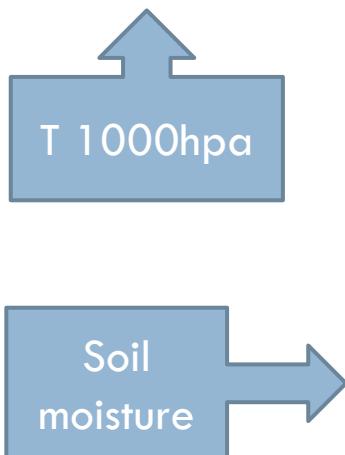
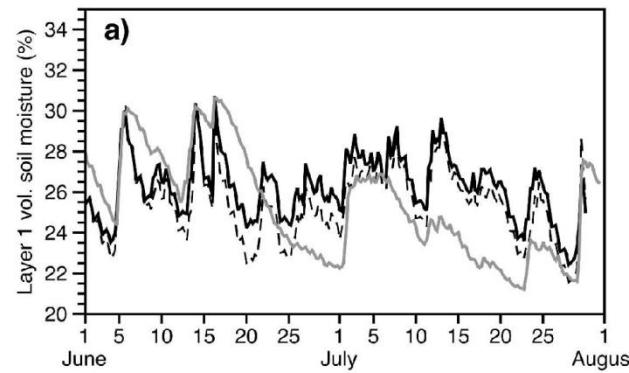


TABLE 2. Significance levels for the *t* test (first value) and sign test (second value). CTRL and OL experiment are compared based on rms forecast errors of temperature. The numbers represent cases where the CTRL experiment is better than the OL experiment. Dashes indicate cases for which no significant difference has been found.

Area	Height (hPa)	Forecast time (h)				
		24	72	120	168	216
Northern Hemisphere	1000	0.1/0.1%	0.1/0.1%	0.1/0.5%	2.0/10.0%	-/1.0%
	850	0.1/0.1%	0.1/0.1%	0.1/5.0%	-/-%	-/5.0%
	700	-5.0%	2.0/1.0%	-/-%	-/-%	-/10.0%
Europe	1000	0.1/0.1%	0.1/0.1%	0.2/0.1%	-/-%	-/-%
	850	0.1/0.1%	0.1/0.1%	5.0/5.0%	-/-%	-/-%
	700	-/-%	-10.0%	-/-%	-/-%	-/-%
East Asia	1000	0.1/0.1%	0.1/0.1%	5.0/0.1%	-/5.0%	0.5/0.5%
	850	0.1/0.1%	5.0/0.1%	2.0/5.0%	-/-%	0.1/0.2%
	700	2.0/-%	-/-%	-/-%	-/-%	-/5.0%
Northern America	1000	0.1/0.1%	1.0/0.1%	-/-%	-/-%	-/-%
	850	0.1/0.1%	0.2/0.1%	-/-%	-/-%	-/-%
	700	-5.0%	-/-%	-/-%	-/-%	-/-%

0-5cm soil moisture



0-1 m soil moisture

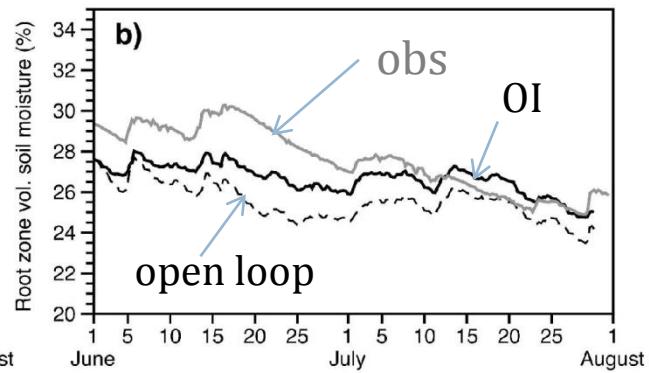
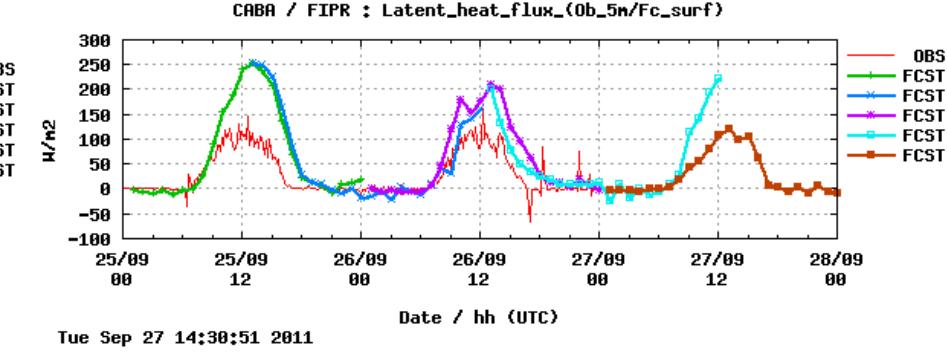
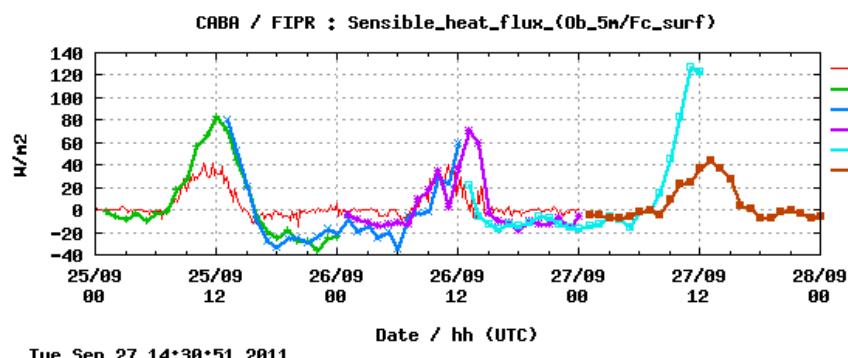
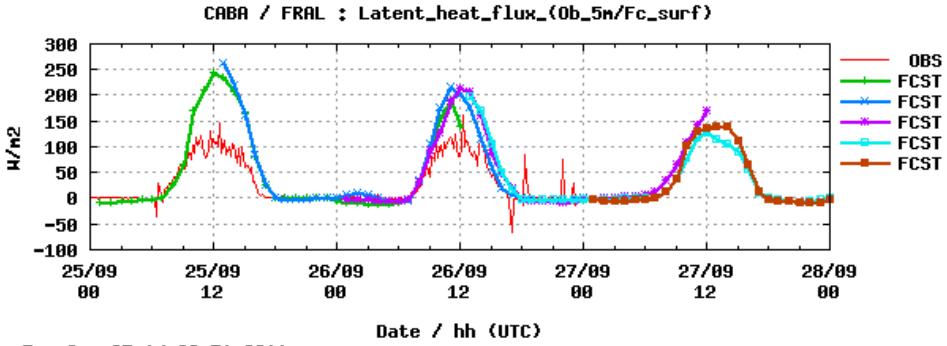
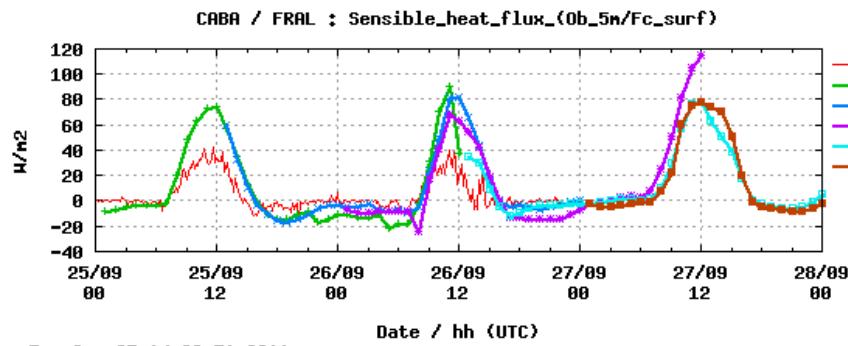


FIG. 8. Analyzed and observed (dash-dotted gray line) soil moisture (a) for the top soil layer and at 5 cm depth, respectively, and (b) for the root zone (1 m depth) for the Oklahoma area. Results from the CTRL OI and OL experiments are shown as solid and dash-dotted lines, respectively, at 6-hourly resolution.

# Real-time evaluations from FMI

<http://fminwp.fmi.fi/mastverif/mastverif.html>



Validation sites : Cabauw, Sodankyla,  
Lindenberg, Kuopio, Kivenlahti, Valladolid, Rovaniemi

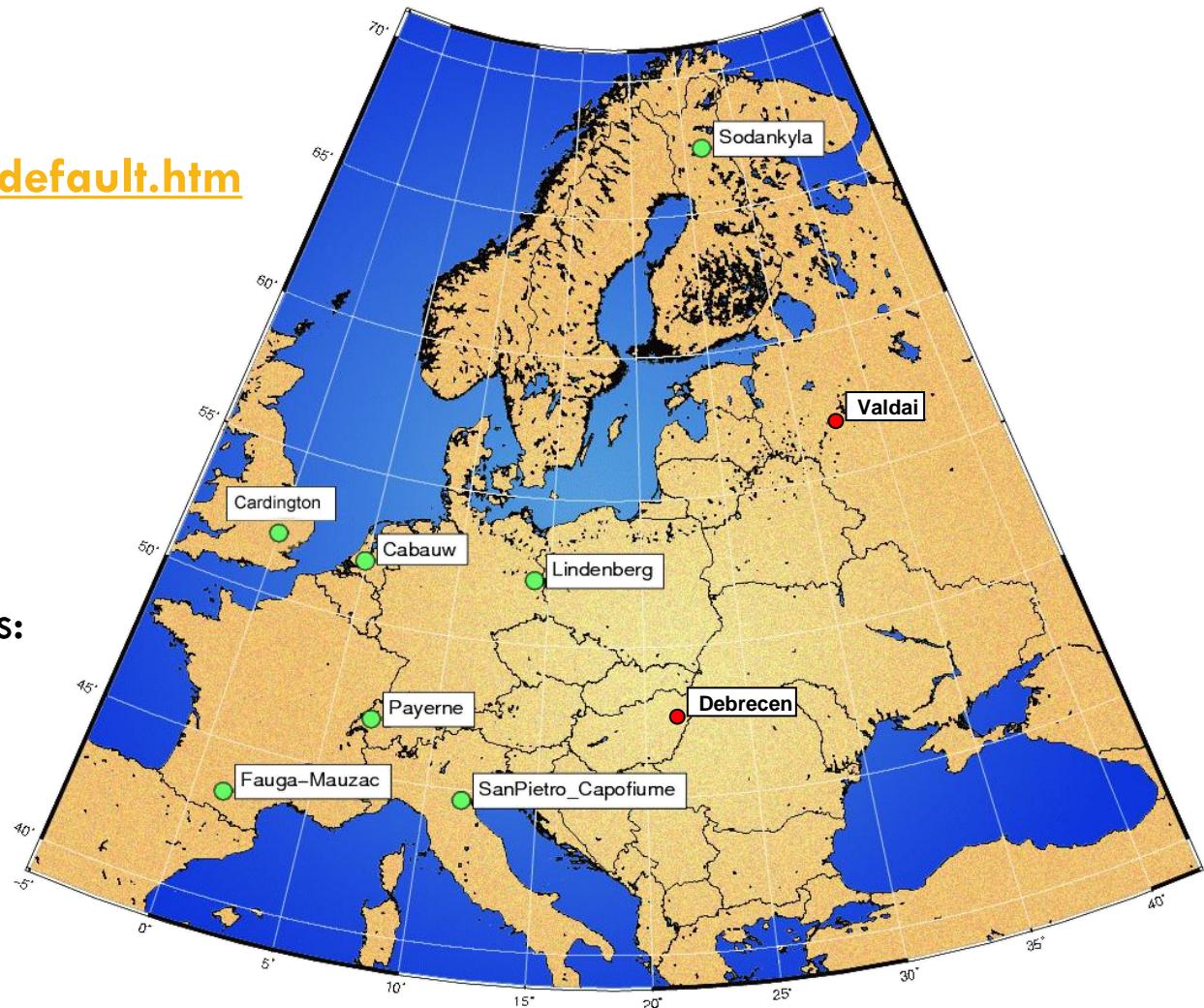
Models :ARPEGE, ALADIN, AROME,  
HIRLAM, HARMONIE, IFS

# The SRNWP data pool

- **Goal:** convenient access to **recent operational high quality** observations, representative of **different climate and soil/vegetation properties**
- **Action** started in October 2009 with an official letter sent to a selection of NMS directors.
- **Agreement** within the C-SRNWP Programme of EUMETNET :  
*"I would like to emphasise that the data would be provided ONLY for the C-SRNWP members (particularly to the Expert Team members) with a significant **time-lag** after the observational time and for **research purposes only**."*
- **Resources** from DWD (C.Heret, F. Beyrich), HNMS (T. Andreadis) and MCH (J.-M.Bettems) as contribution to the COLOBOC project.
- **Support** from C-SRNWP coordinator (András Horányi) and from chair of SRNWP ET Soil and Surface (J.-F. Mahfouf)

# Data sets

- Access from COSMO web,  
password protected  
<http://www.cosmo-model.org/srnwp/content/default.htm>
- Currently **7 sites**,  
data from **2006-2010**,  
in a **common ASCII format**
- **Soil, surface** and  
**BL** observations
- Agreement for two new sites:  
**Debrecen** (Hu),  
**Valdai** (Ru)



# Example of data sets

Monthly CSV tables, for each site, with all parameters, incl. qc when available  
Missing values are flagged with -9999.00

**CAB\_200705.txt.gz**

```
#SRNWP data exchange action
#Cabauw 51.971° N 4.927° E    20070501 00:10 - 20070601 00:00 UTC
DATE;P0;Q_P0;RAIN;Q_RAIN;TAIR002;Q_TAIR002;TD002;Q_TD002;TAIR010;Q_TAIR010;TD010;Q_TD010;WSPEED010;Q_WSPEE
D010;WDIR010;Q_WDIR010;TAIR020;Q_TAIR020;TD020;Q_TD020;WSPEED020;Q_WSPEED020;WDIR020;Q_WDIR020;TAIR040;Q_
TAIR040;TD040;Q_TD040;WSPEED040;Q_WSPEED040;WDIR040;Q_WDIR040;TAIR080;Q_TAIR080;TD080;Q_TD080;WSPEED080;Q_
_WSPEED080;WDIR080;Q_WDIR080;TAIR140;Q_TAIR140;TD140;Q_TD140;WSPEED140;Q_WSPEED140;WDIR140;Q_WDIR140;TAI
R200;Q_TAIR200;TD200;Q_TD200;WSPEED200;Q_WSPEED200;WDIR200;Q_WDIR200;RSWD;Q_RSWD;RSWU;Q_RSWU;RLWD;Q_
RLWD;RLWU;Q_RLWU;CLC;Q_CLC;USTAR;Q_USTAR;MOM;Q_MOM;HS;Q_HS;LE;Q_LE;TSOIL000;Q_TSOIL000;TSOIL002;Q_TS
OIL002;TSOIL004;Q_TSOIL004;TSOIL006;Q_TSOIL006;TSOIL008;Q_TSOIL008;TSOIL012;Q_TSOIL012;TSOIL020;Q_TSOIL020;TSO
IL030;Q_TSOIL030;TSOIL050;Q_TSOIL050;MSOIL008;Q_MSOL008;G00;Q_G00;G005;Q_G005;G010;Q_G010
yyyyMMddhhmm;hPa;-;mm;-;° C;-;° C;-;° C;-;ms-1;-;degree;-;° C;-;° C;-;ms-1;-;degree;-;° C;-;° C;-;ms-1;-;degree;-;° C;-;
;ms-1;-;degree;-;° C;-;° C;-;ms-1;-;degree;-;° C;-;° C;-;ms-1;-;degree;-;Wm-2;-;Wm-2;-;Wm-2;-;%;-;ms-1;-;Nm-2;-;Wm-2;-;Wm-
2;-;° C;-;° C;-;Wm-2;-;Wm-2;-;Wm-2;-;
200705010010;1017.30;g;0.00;g;11.00;g;4.70;g;11.60;g;4.70;g;4.62;g;61.50;g;11.70;g;4.50;g;5.17;g;63.40;g;11.80;g;4.50;g;7.17;g;66.04;g;11.
90;g;4.00;g;9.65;g;70.25;g;11.90;g;3.90;g;12.17;g;73.79;g;12.50;g;2.60;g;14.21;g;82.79;g;0.00;g;0.00;g;295.30;g;359.90;g;-
9999.00;m;0.32;g;0.13;g;-65.04;g;17.79;g;12.59;g;12.70;g;13.41;g;-9999.00;m;13.53;g;13.78;g;13.74;g;13.51;g;12.37;g;0.26;g;-8.43;g;-
8.38;g;-45.50;g
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80;g;4.10;g;9.45;g;70.34;g;11.80;g;4.00;g;11.97;g;74.18;g;12.50;g;2.60;g;14.04;g;84.06;g;0.00;g;0.00;g;290.45;g;356.64;g;-
9999.00;m;0.25;g;0.08;g;-46.81;g;12.29;g;12.55;g;12.66;g;13.35;g;-9999.00;m;13.50;g;13.74;g;13.72;g;13.51;g;12.37;g;0.26;g;-8.43;g;-
8.36;g;-45.58;g
```

## Data sets

### Availability: nbr. available tables, status 08.2011

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
<b>Sodankyla</b>	0	2	12	12	12
<b>SP Capofiume</b>	12	12	12	12	12
<b>Payerne</b>	12	12	12	12	12
<b>Lindenberg</b>	12	12	12	12	12
<b>Toulouse</b>	12	12	12	12	12
<b>Cardington</b>	8	11	7	6	0
<b>Cabauw</b>	12	12	12	12	12

# Data sets

## Parameters availability, Lindenberg, status 08.2011

### Availability [%]

= 100
>= 90 && < 100
>= 60 && < 90
>= 30 && < 60
>= 10 && < 30
>= 0 && < 10
= 0

different time resolution  
 \*1 30 min  
 \*2 60 min  
 \*4 24 h if snow exists

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
P0	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0
RAIN	100.0	99.6	99.6	98.5	100.0
TAIR002	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0
RH002	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0
TD002	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0
TAIR010	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0
RH010	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0
TD010	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0
WSPEED010	98.4	99.8	99.9	99.1	97.6
WDIR010	99.2	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0
TAIR020	99.9	99.7	100.0	99.9	100.0
RH020	99.4	99.7	100.0	97.5	100.0
TD020	99.4	99.7	100.0	97.5	100.0
TAIR040	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0
RH040	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0
TD040	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0
WSPEED040	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0
WDIR040	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0
TAIR060	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0
RH060	95.4	99.9	100.0	99.9	100.0
TD060	95.4	99.9	100.0	99.9	100.0
TAIR080	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0
RH080	99.9	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0
TD080	99.9	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0
TAIR098	99.9	99.2	97.9	100.0	99.9
RH098	99.9	99.2	97.9	100.0	99.9
TD098	99.9	99.2	97.9	100.0	99.9
WSPEED098	99.9	99.9	99.8	100.0	99.9
WDIR098	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0
RSWD	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0
RSWU	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0
RLWD	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0
RLWU	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0
CLC*2	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
USTAR*1	90.5	93.1	89.5	92.6	89.6
MOM*1	90.5	93.1	89.5	92.6	89.5
HS*1	96.9	98.5	94.9	98.4	95.3
LE*1	75.8	80.6	71.7	78.8	74.7
TSOIL005	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0	99.8
TSOIL010	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0	99.8
TSOIL015	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0	99.8
TSOIL020	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0	99.8
TSOIL030	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0	99.8
TSOIL045	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0	99.6
TSOIL050	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0	99.8
TSOIL060	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0	99.8
TSOIL090	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0	99.8
TSOIL100	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0	99.8
TSOIL120	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0	99.8
TSOIL150	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0	99.8
MSOIL008	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0
MSOIL015	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0	99.5
MSOIL030	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0	71.1
MSOIL045	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0	97.2
MSOIL060	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0	98.1
MSOIL090	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0	68.7
G005	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0	99.2
G010	99.9	99.9	100.0	100.0	99.2
SNOW*4	21.5	4.6	3.5	14.3	25.8
SNOWN*4	6.2	3.9	0.0	0.0	0.0

LIN

# Data sets

## Parameters availability, SP Capofiume, status 08.2011

### Availability [%]

	= 100
>= 90 && < 100	
>= 60 && < 90	
>= 30 && < 60	
>= 10 && < 30	
>= 0 && < 10	
= 0	

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
P0	38.6	60.8	99.1	99.8	99.9
RAIN	38.6	39.2	83.5	99.8	98.5
TAIR002	38.6	56.8	99.1	99.8	99.9
RH002	38.6	56.8	99.1	99.8	99.9
TD002	38.6	56.8	99.1	99.8	99.9
WSPEED010	38.6	56.4	99.1	99.8	98.8
WDIR010	38.6	56.4	99.1	99.8	99.9
RSWD	0.0	56.4	99.1	84.5	99.9
RSWU	0.0	56.4	99.1	99.8	99.8
RLWD	0.0	56.4	66.7	99.8	99.9
RLWU	0.0	56.4	99.1	99.8	99.9
CLC	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
USTAR	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
MOM	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HS	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
LE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TSOIL010	50.2	48.1	88.5	61.3	100.0
TSOIL025	50.3	48.3	88.5	61.3	100.0
TSOIL045	50.3	48.3	88.5	61.3	100.0
TSOIL070	50.2	48.3	88.5	61.3	100.0
TSOIL100	50.2	48.3	88.5	61.3	100.0
TSOIL135	50.3	48.3	88.5	9.9	0.0
TSOIL180	50.3	48.3	88.5	61.3	100.0
MSOIL010	0.0	23.1	44.0	49.0	95.8
MSOIL025	0.0	23.2	44.0	50.0	94.8
MSOIL045	0.0	23.2	46.3	50.0	96.7
MSOIL070	0.0	23.2	39.4	49.8	94.7
MSOIL100	0.0	0.0	0.0	31.2	48.0
MSOIL135	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.9	66.6
MSOIL180	0.0	0.0	0.0	41.8	79.1

SPC

# Data set documentation

## Parameter names

unified parameter names and units for all sites

standard time resolution 10 min

quality flags for all parameters

Q\_

if provided with the data

g good quality

i interpolated or simulated value or replaced by other systems

d dubious value

u unchecked value

b bad

m missing

9 quality flag not available

	parameter	unit
profiles between 10 m and 200 m <i>&lt;height in m&gt;</i>	TAIR<hhh>	°C
	TD<hhh>	°C
	WSPEED<hhh>	ms-1
	WDIR<hhh>	degree
(near-)surface	TAIR002	temperature 2 m
	TD002	relative humidity 2 m
	WSPEED010	wind speed 10 m
	WDIR010	wind direction 10 m
	P0	surface pressure
	RR	hourly precipitation sum
	SNOW	accumulated snow height
	SNOWN	new snow height
	CLC	%
	RSWD	Wm-2
	RSWU	Wm-2
radiation and energy	RLWD	Wm-2
	RLWU	Wm-2
	RN	Wm-2
	HS	Wm-2
	LE	Wm-2
	MOM	Nm-2
	USTAR	ms-1
	T0	°C
	TSOIL<hhh>	°C
	MSOIL<hhh>	-
soil quantities <i>&lt;depth in cm&gt;</i>	G0<hhh>	Wm-2

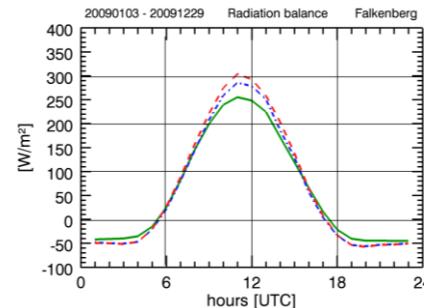
# Site documentation

	site		description of instruments	mNN	soil type	local land use	land use (10 km)
LIN	Lindenberg Meteorological Observatory - Richard Aßmann Observatory (MOL-RAO)	<a href="http://www.dwd.de/mol">http://www.dwd.de/mol</a>	V	73	loamy sand Eutric Podzoluvisol	grass	60 % grassland/cropland, 30 % pine forest, 5% settlement, 5 % water
CAB	Cabauw Experimental Site for Atmospheric Research (CESAR)	<a href="http://www.cesar-observatory.nl/">http://www.cesar-observatory.nl/</a>	V	-0.7	clay	open pasture for at least 400 m	
PAY	MeteoSwiss aerological station Payerne	<a href="http://www.meteoswiss.admin.ch/">http://www.meteoswiss.admin.ch/</a>		490			82 % grassland/cropland, 10 % forest, 5 % settlement, 3 % water
CFM	Office National d'Etudes et des Recherches Aérospatiales (ONERA)	<a href="http://www.onera.fr/fauga-mauzac/index.php">http://www.onera.fr/fauga-mauzac/index.php</a>		186	loamy sand	grassland	grassland
SPC	Meteorological Site of San Pietro Capofiume		V	11	loamy sand CalcareFluvicCambisol	grassland, surrounded by crop	
SOD	Finnish Meteorological Institute Arctic Research Centre (FMI-ARC)	<a href="http://fmiarc.fmi.fi/">http://fmiarc.fmi.fi/</a>		179			28.2 % coniferous, 23.6 % transitional woodland/shrub, 17.2 % mixed forest, 12.9 % bog, 8.1 % broadleaved forest, 4.8 % water, 5.2 % other
CAR	UK Met Office Cardington	<a href="http://badc.nerc.ac.uk/data/cardington/instr_v7/index.html">http://badc.nerc.ac.uk/data/cardington/instr_v7/index.html</a>	available at BADC web site	29		grassland	

# Energy budget evaluation in COSMO

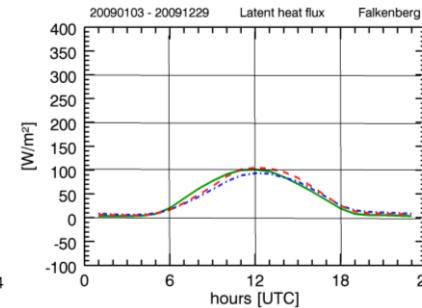
LGS  
2009

## Radiation balance



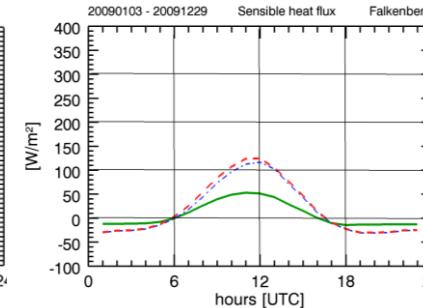
TOU  
2009

## Latent heat flux

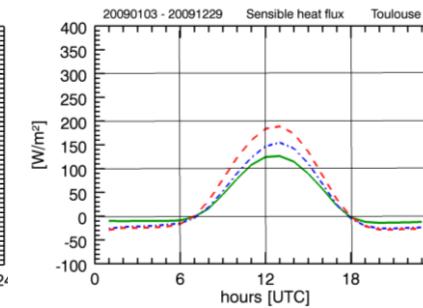
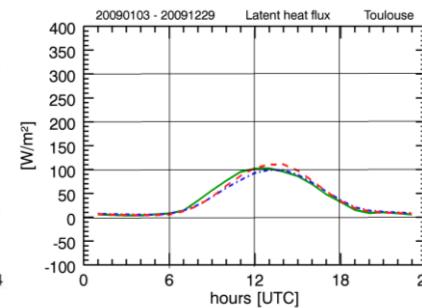
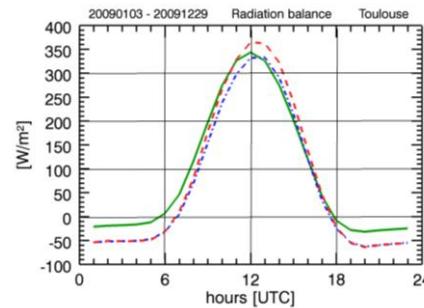


CAB  
2009

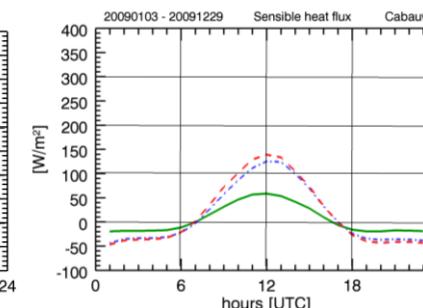
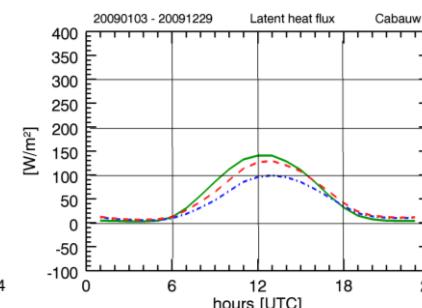
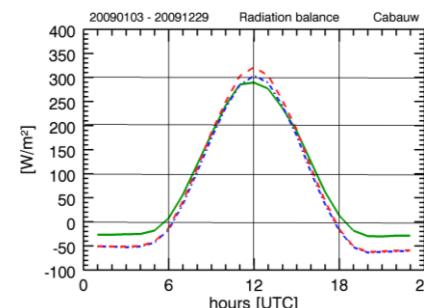
## Sensible heat flux



Bowen ratio  
0.45 1.08 1.04



Bowen ratio  
1.12 1.46 1.69



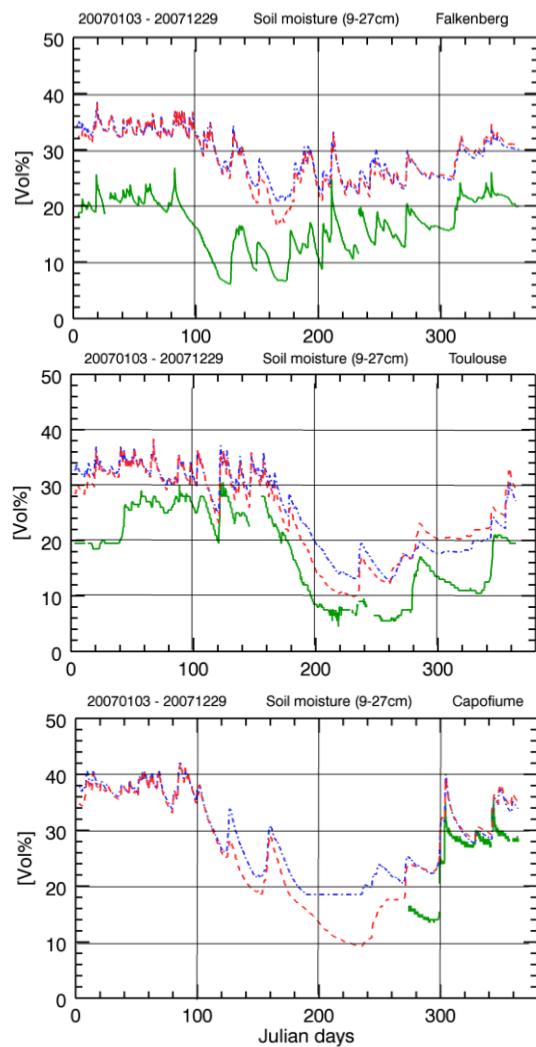
measurement reference run experimental run

Bowen ratio  
0.37 1.17 1.01

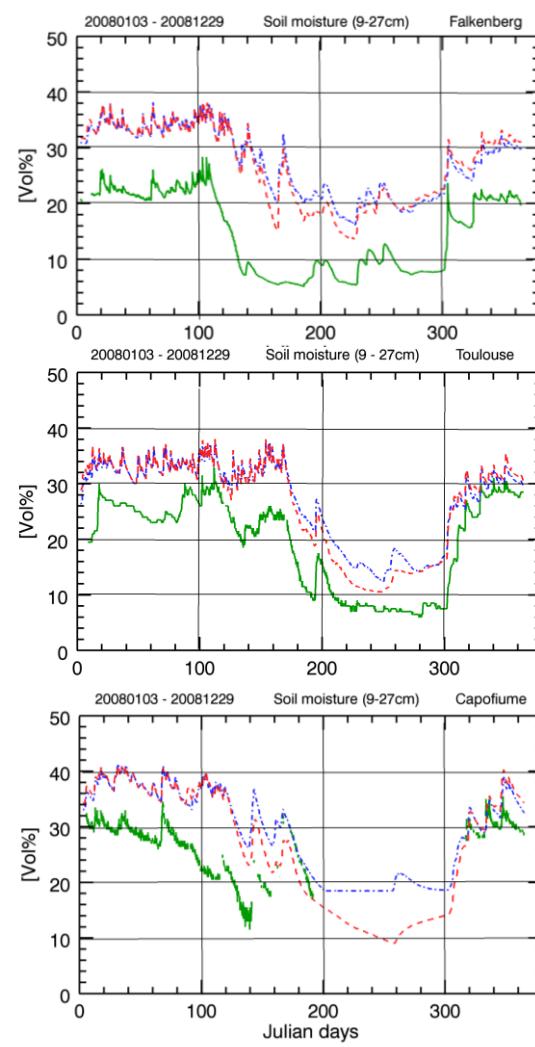
G. Voegel (2011)

# Soil moisture evaluation in COSMO

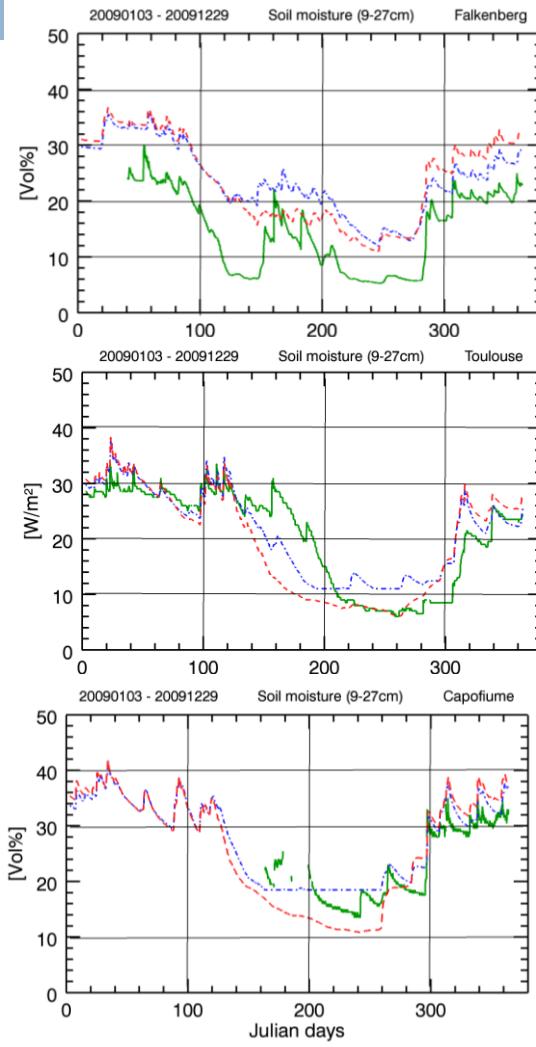
LGS



TOU



SPC



Soil layer 9cm – 27cm

— measurement  
- - - reference run  
- - - experimental run

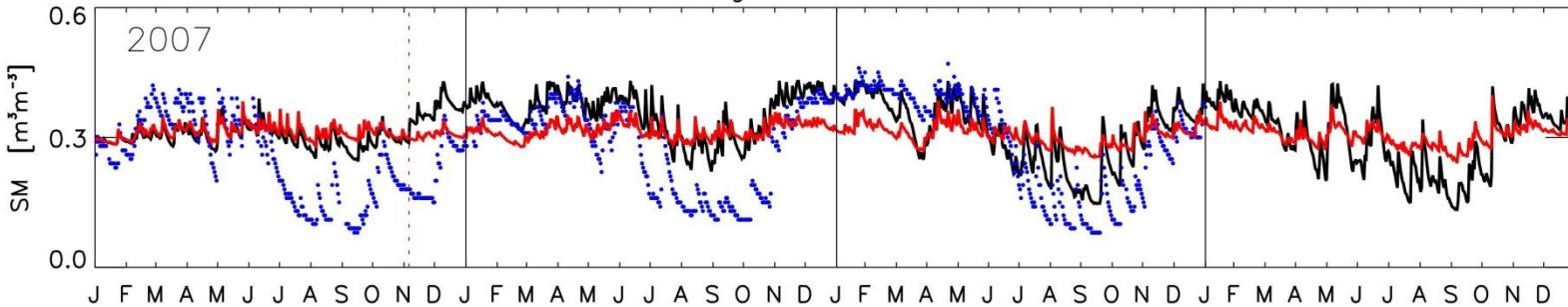
G. Voegel (2011)

# Soil moisture time series evaluation at ECMWF

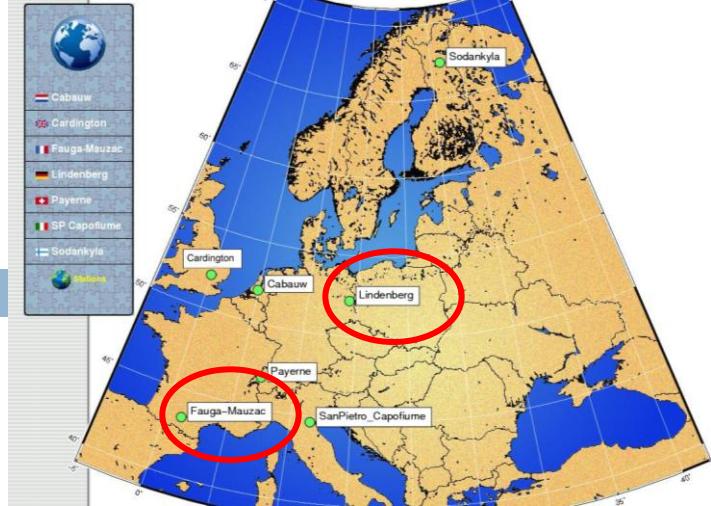
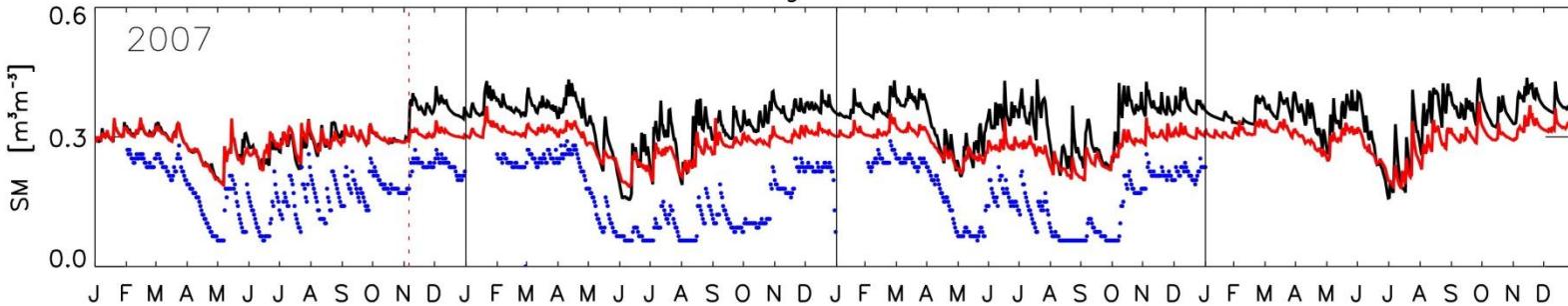
Operational product **ERA-INTERIM**

IN SITU

Faug 2007 to 2010



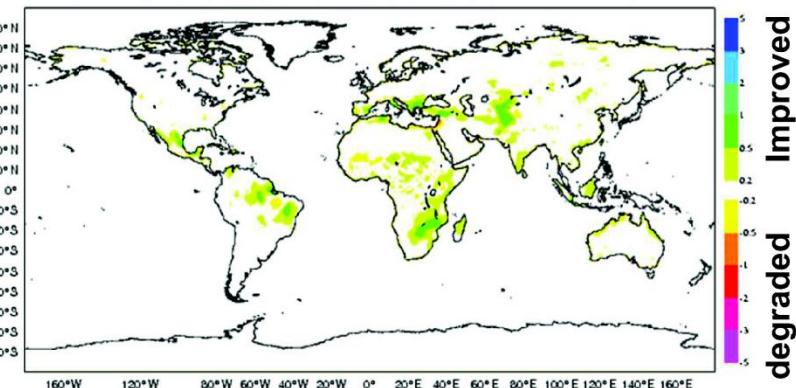
Lindenberg 2007 to 2010



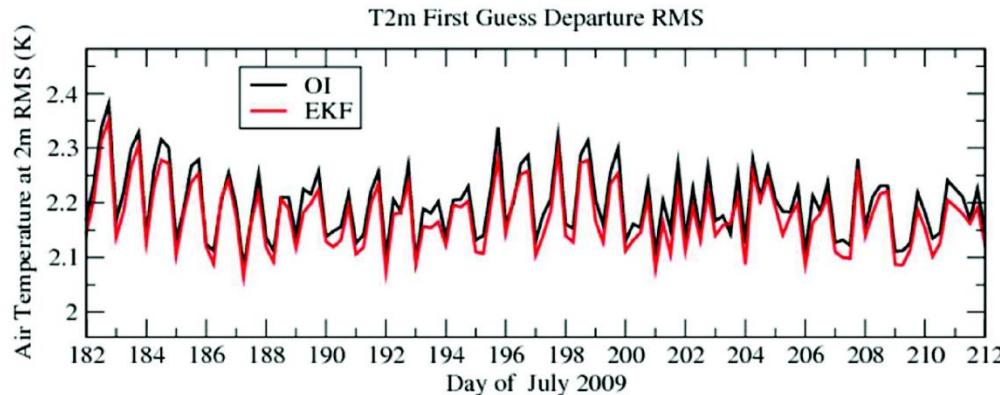
# Impact of EKF vs OI soil analysis (1)

Compared to the OI, the SEKF consistently improves T2m

T2m error (OI-SEKF) 48h fc  
→ EKF improves T2m

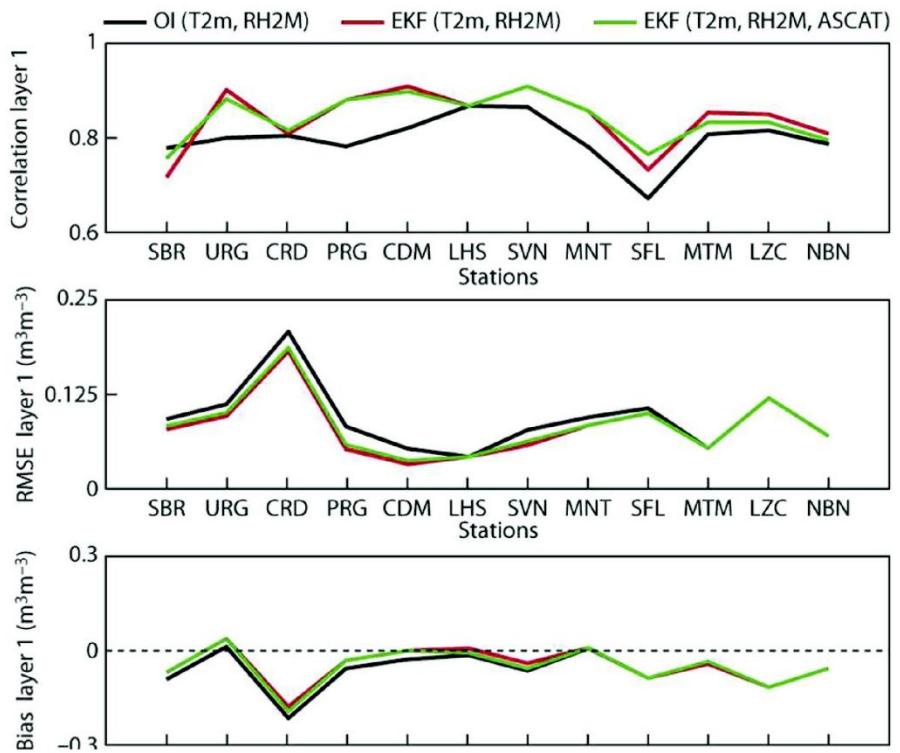
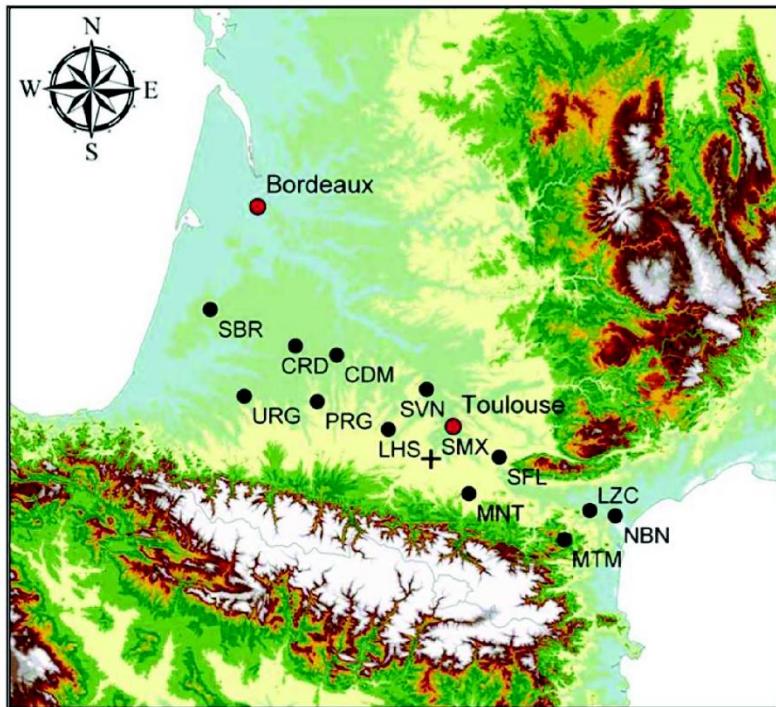


Global mean RMS (against SYNOP)



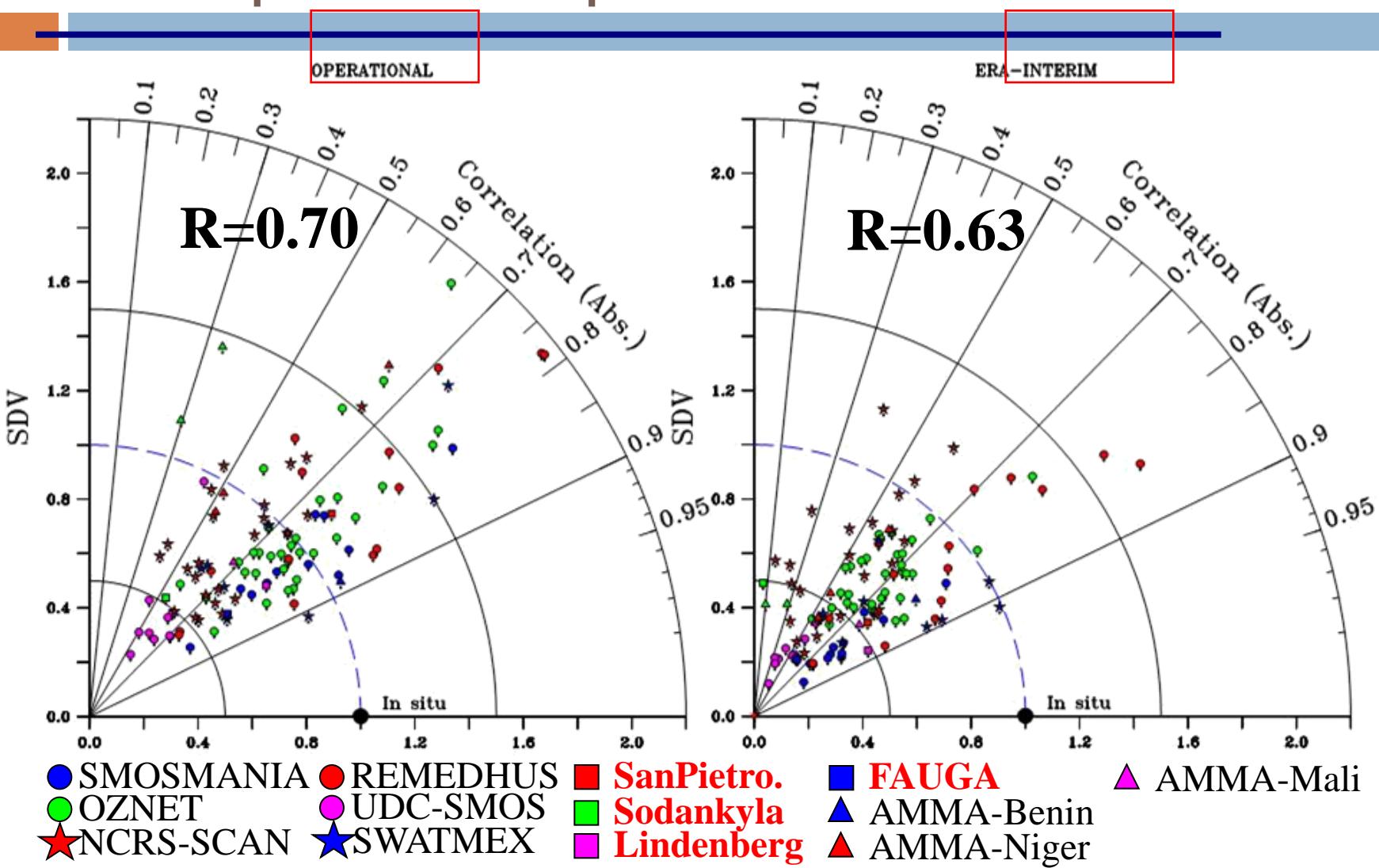
# Impact of EKF vs OI soil analysis (2)

## Verification of ECMWF SM over the SMOSMANIA Network



# In situ SSM vs ECMWF (0-7cm) :

## operational product + ERA-Interim



# Users : Status 07.2011

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[clement.albergel@ecmwf.int](mailto:clement.albergel@ecmwf.int)

Test data pool / Development of TERRA.

For testing of TERRA standalone and also to verify the COSMO model (incl. the snow)

Verification of the performance and component testing of the COSMO-model  
(soil module, sub-grid turbulence scheme)

Research on land surface parameterizations

The data are needed for model validation of COSMO\_7 and COSMO-EU.

To check if San Pietro Capofiume uploaded data are ok  
COSMO (I7,I2 operational or high res. runs) diagnostic

Validation of the land surface scheme ISBA used in the Météo-France NWP models

Check the Fauga-Mauzac data format.  
Use other sites for model verification.

Use the observational data to validate the Unified Model.

Weather model verification

Model verification

Model verification

# Ongoing activities (1)

- Consolidate **sites documentation**  
(climate, soil type and horizon, vegetation, instruments)
- Consolidate data set **Cardington**  
(list of errors in received data has been communicated,  
waiting for corrected data)
- Collect data from **Debrecen** observatory  
(agreement has been reached,  
contact persons have been named,  
waiting for first data)
- Collect data from **Valdai** observatory  
(agreement has been reached,  
contact persons have been named)

# Ongoing activities (2)

- **Make this effort sustainable in the COSMO consortium**
  - transfer responsibility for this actions from the COLOBOC project to the new COSMO Working Group 3b (soil and surface aspects)
  - F.Beyrich / DWD has agreed *"... continuation of the management of the data streams for the data pool as well as long as this is possible with reasonable efforts."*
- **Promote usage within the SRNWP Community**
  - expert team soil&surface
- **Open this initiative to academic institutions ?**
  - this would drastically extend the set of potential users
  - ... but a re-formulation of the agreement is necessary, and NMS directors have to be convinced ...

# Conclusions

- Routine surface observations are useful to assess the quality of NWP surface schemes
- Without additionnal information such evaluations can be difficult to interpret and misleading
- Importance of comprehensive in-situ observational data sets (soil, surface, boundary layer)
- Existence of already many initiatives (e.g. FLUXNET)
- Interest for the SRNWP initiative (common validation dataset among european consortia, common database format, temporal continuity)
- Data pool already used by a number of SRNWP users and found useful