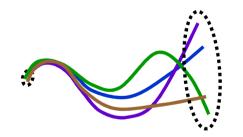


Evaluation of the operational convection-permitting COSMO-DE-EPS for the summer of 2012



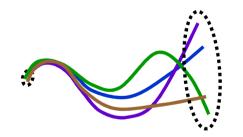
Detlev Majewski, Susanne Theis, Christoph Gebhardt Zied Ben Bouallègue, Michael Buchhold, Carlos Peralta

Deutscher Wetterdienst, DWD





Evaluation of the operational convection-permitting COSMO-DE-EPS for the summer of 2012



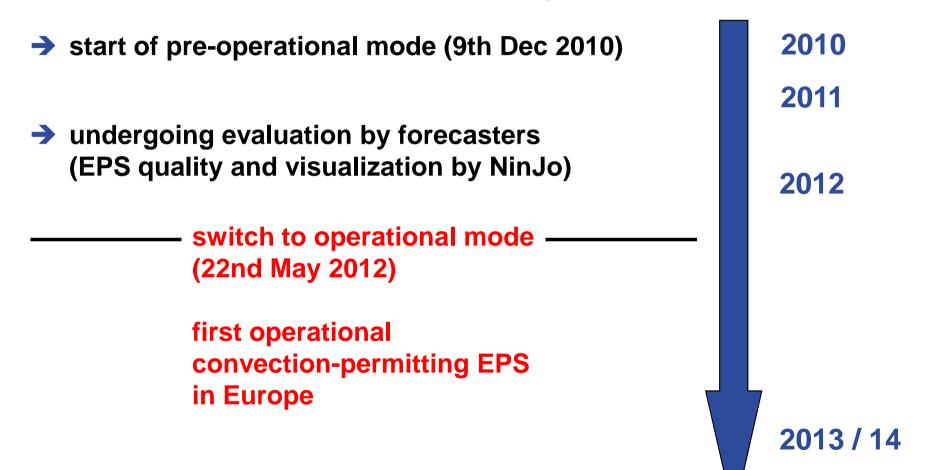
Detlev Majewski, Susanne Theis, Christoph Gebhardt Zied Ben Bouallègue, Michael Buchhold, Carlos Peralta

Deutscher Wetterdienst, DWD





COSMO-DE-EPS status and plans



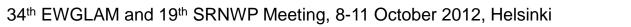


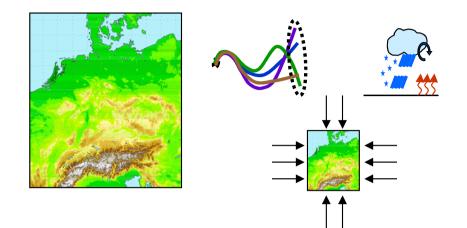
operational set-up:

- →20 members
- →grid size: 2.8 km
 - convection-permitting
- →lead time: 0-21 hours,
 - 8 starts per day (00, 03, 06,... UTC)



- resolution
- assimilation of radar data
- complex microphyscis
- •









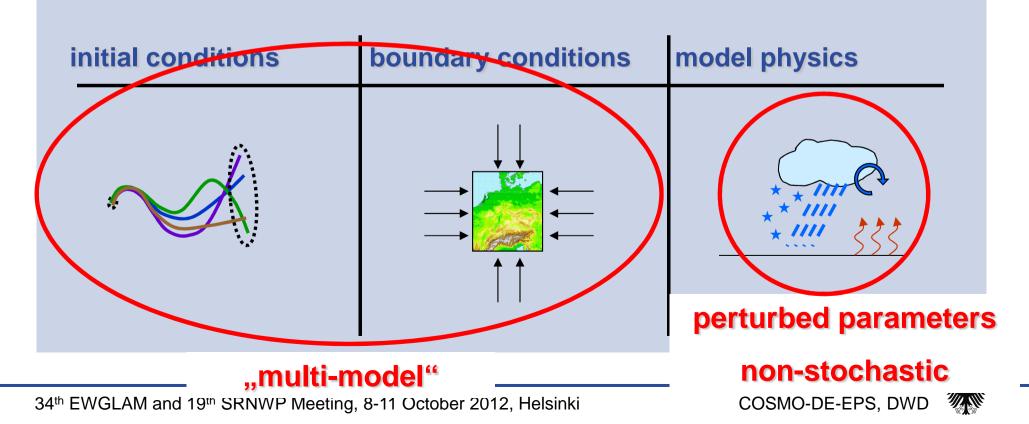
representing uncertainty in

initial conditions	boundary conditions	model physics

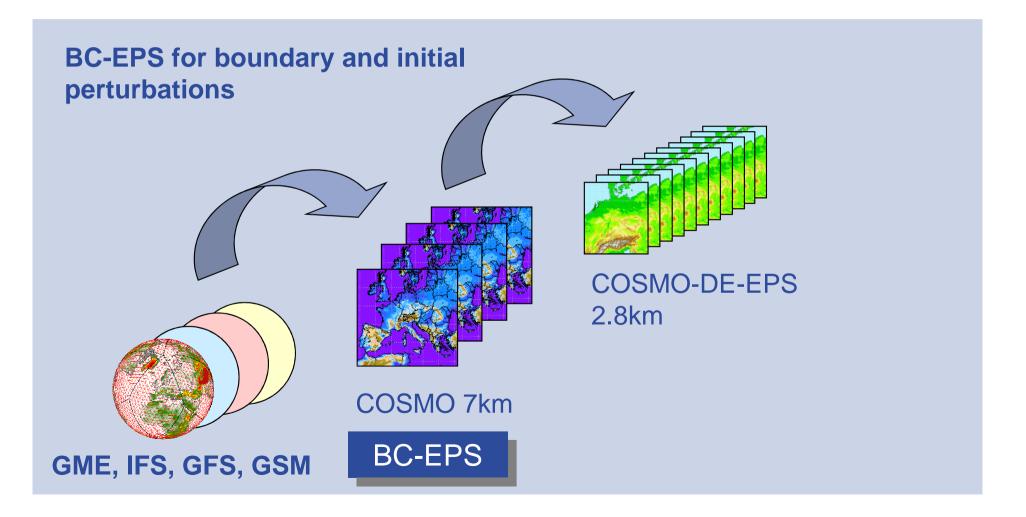




representing uncertainty in

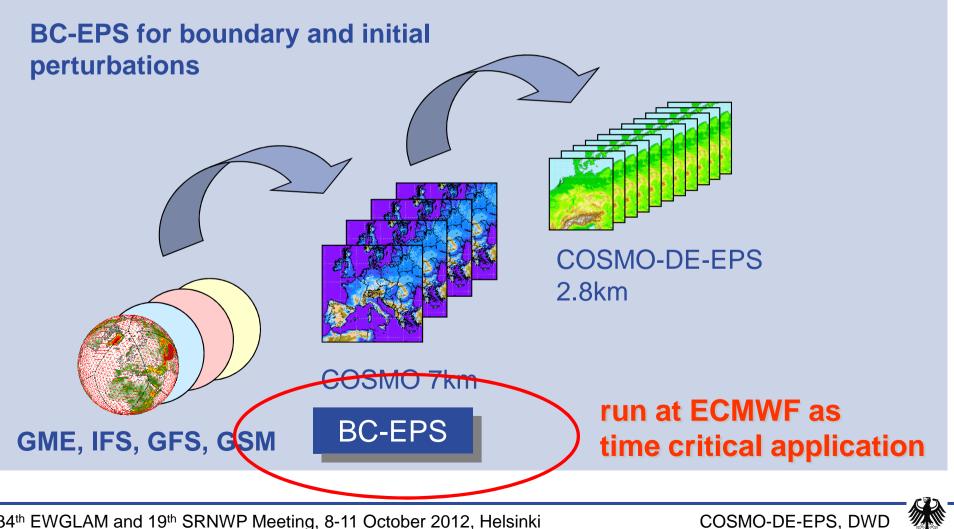






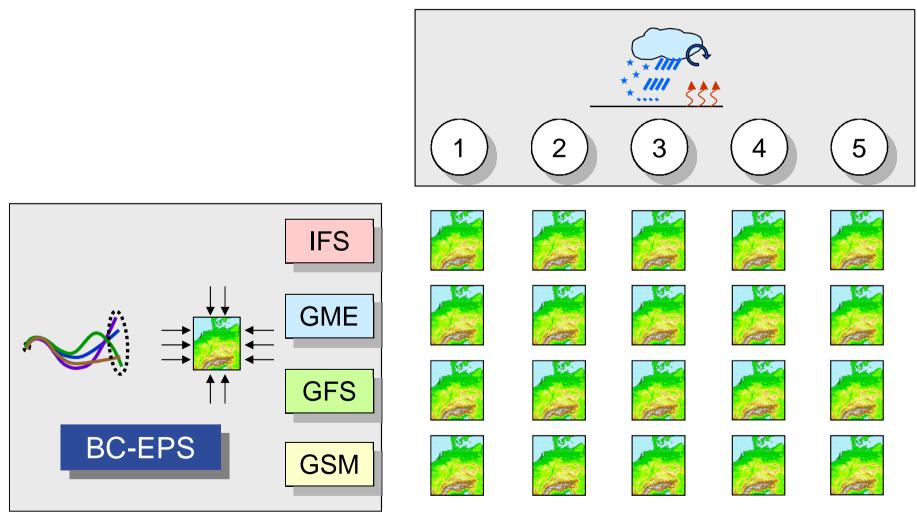
34th EWGLAM and 19th SRNWP Meeting, 8-11 October 2012, Helsinki







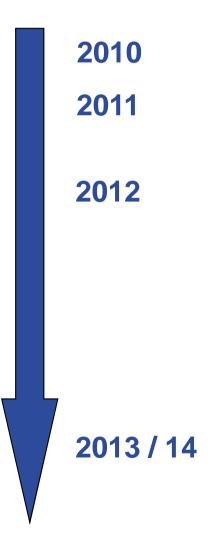
The 20 members of COSMO-DE-EPS





COSMO-DE-EPS status and plans

- start of pre-operational mode (9th Dec 2010)
- undergoing evaluation by forecasters (EPS quality and visualization by NinJo)
 - switch to operational mode (22nd May 2012)

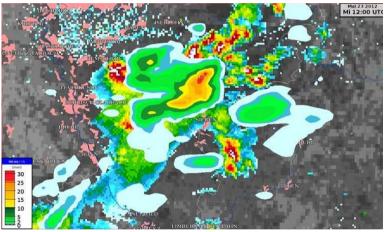




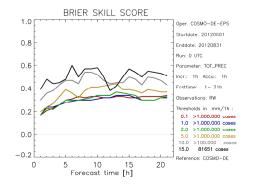


Main results from pre-operational phase (20 members)

→ evaluation by forecasters (case studies):



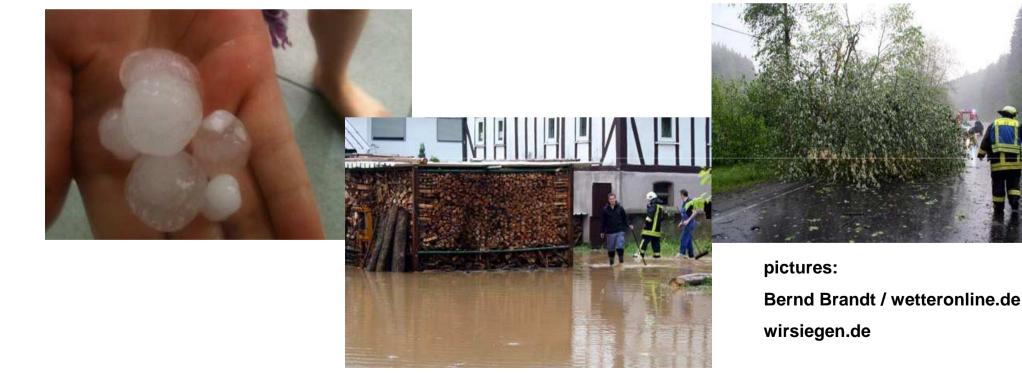
probabilistic verification (for periods of several months)





Case study of 23rd May 2012, 12UTC (just to welcome the COSMO-DE-EPS ©)

- severe precipitation event in Germany (North Rhine-Westphalia & Hesse)
- → hourly precipitation up to 40 mm/h
- → hail, thunderstorm, minor flooding and landslides



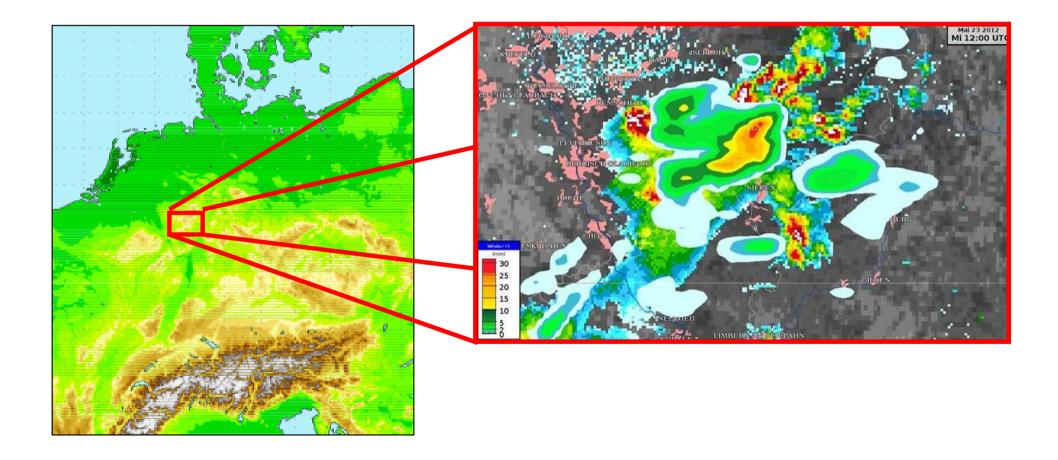
34th EWGLAM and 19th SRNWP Meeting, 8-11 October 2012, Helsinki

COSMO-DE-EPS, DWD



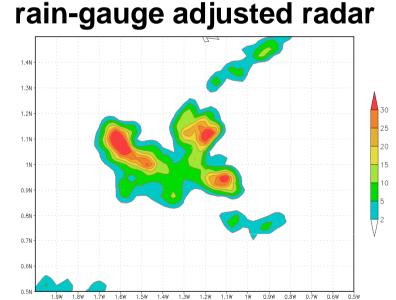


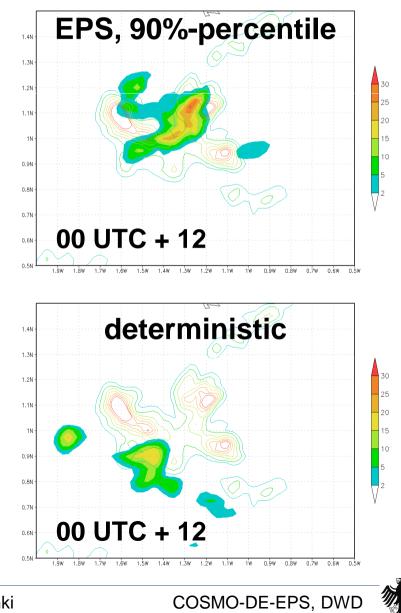
Case study of 23rd May 2012, 12 UTC



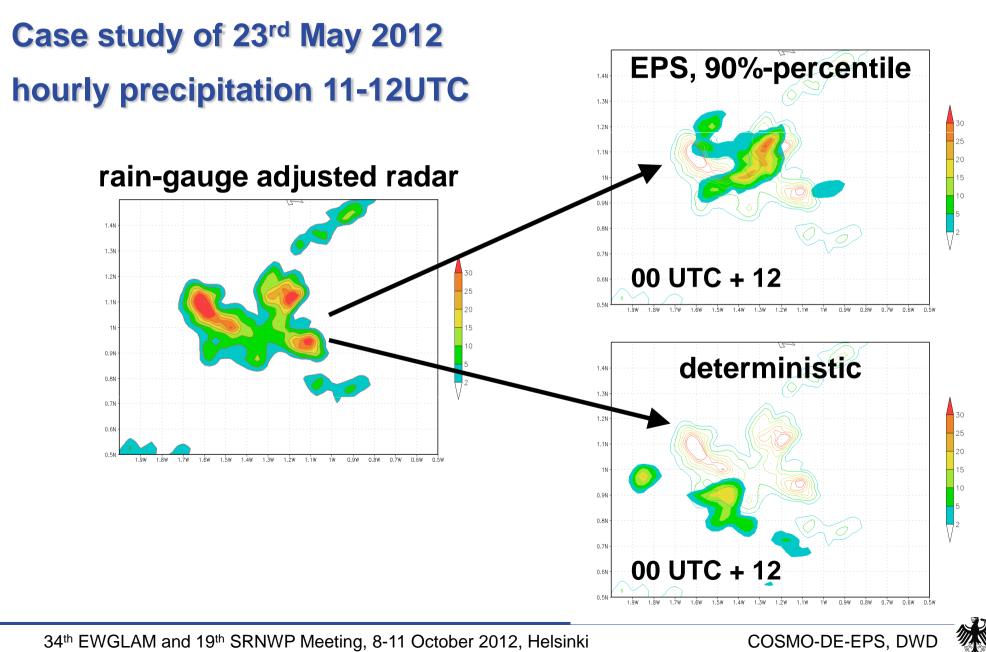




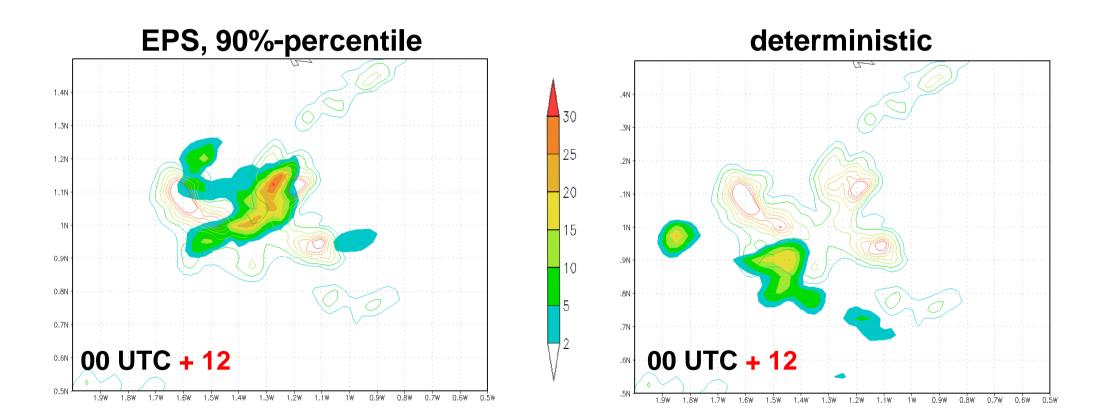




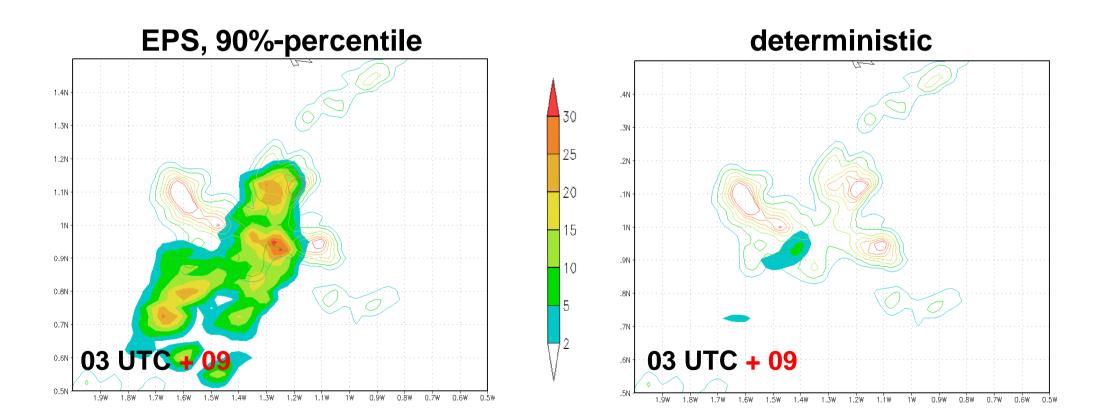




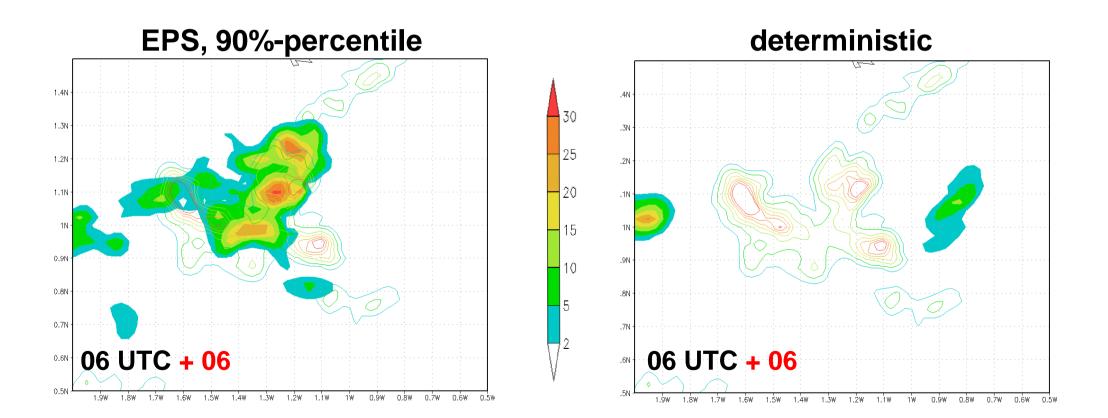




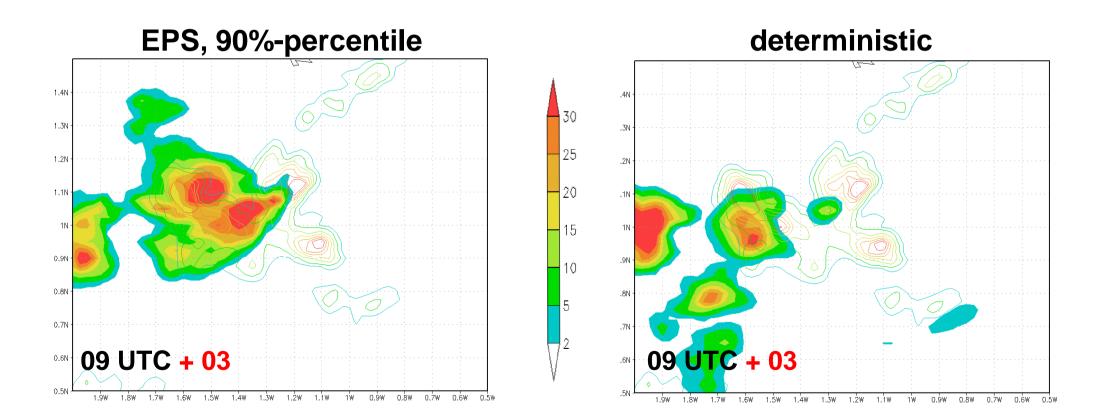








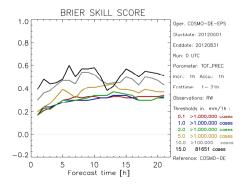






Main results from pre-operational phase (20 members)

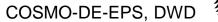
- → evaluation by forecasters (case studies):
 - additional benefit for precipitation forecasts
 - provides early signals for severe weather
 - most beneficial for convective precipitation in summer
 - reduced jumpiness between consecutive runs
- probabilistic verification (for periods of several months)



COSMO-DE-EPS, DWD

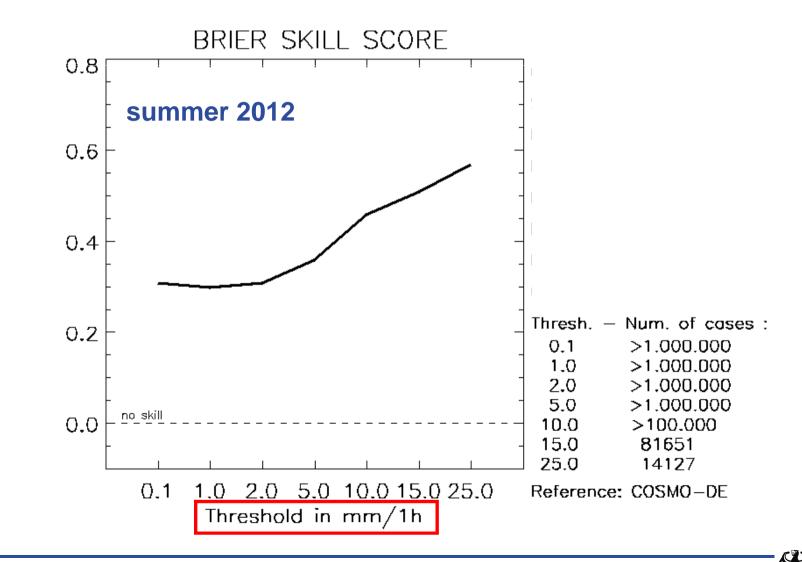


VERIFICATION OF COSMO-DE-EPS all results for hourly precipitation summer 2012 winter 2011/12 00 UTC run EPS not calibrated or post-processed observations: rain-gauge adjusted radar (upscaled to COSMO-DE grid)



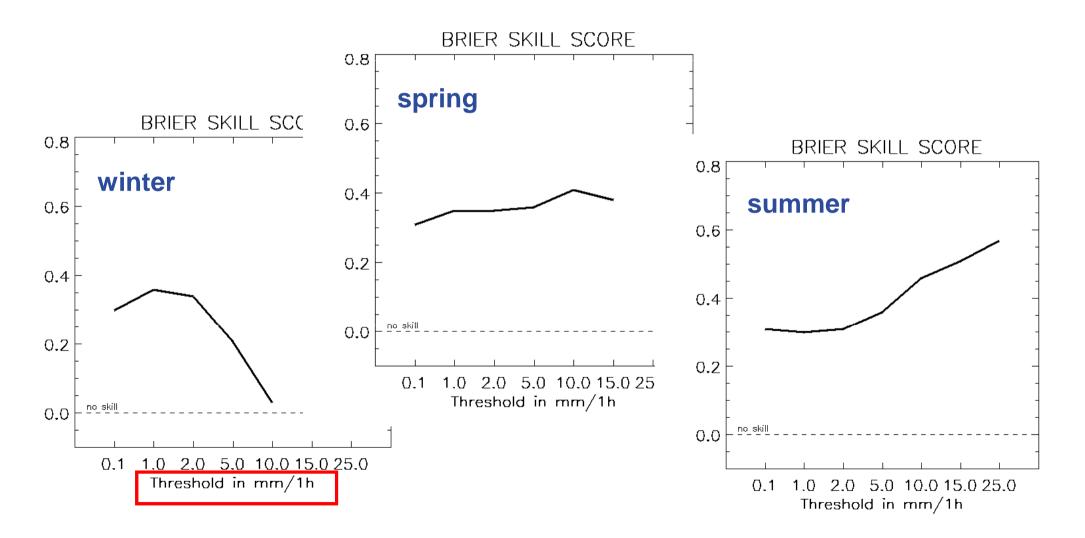


Brier Skill Score (reference: deterministic run of COSMO-DE)



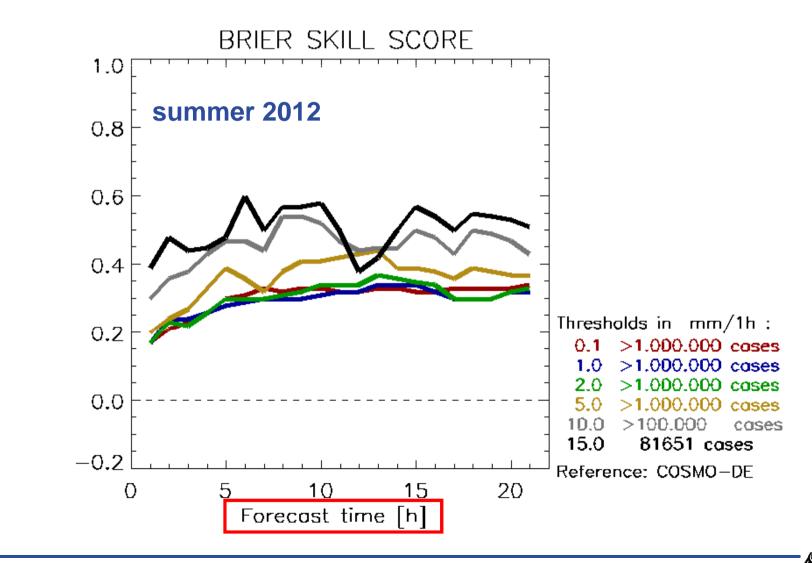


Brier Skill Score (reference: deterministic run of COSMO-DE)



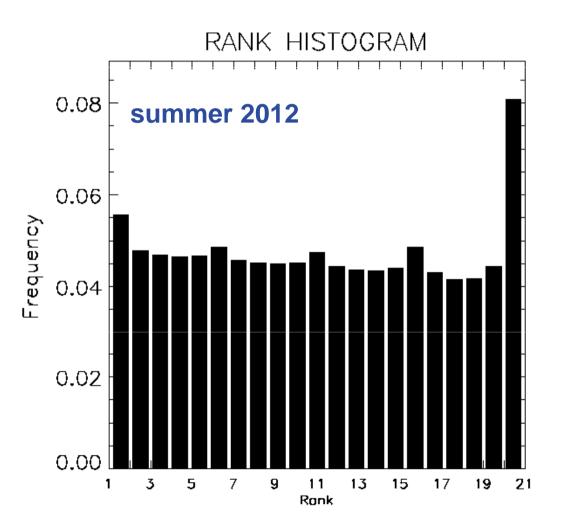


Brier Skill Score (reference: deterministic run of COSMO-DE)





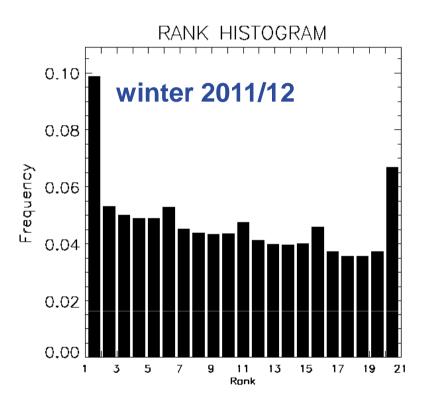
Rank histogram

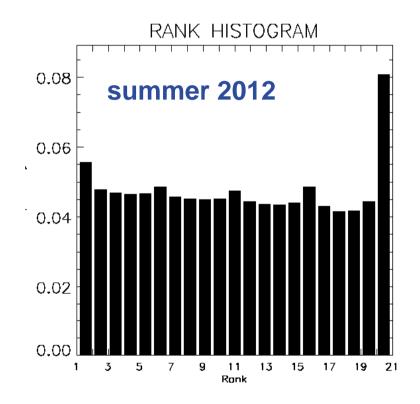






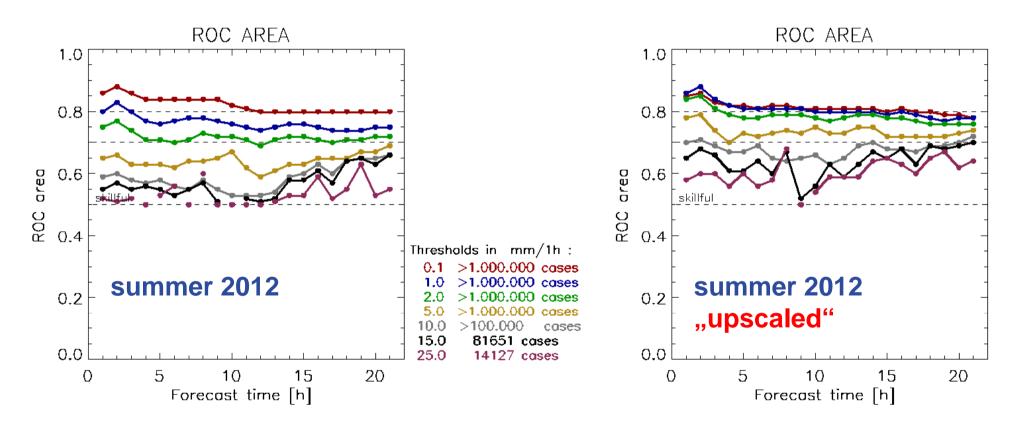
Rank histogram







ROC area



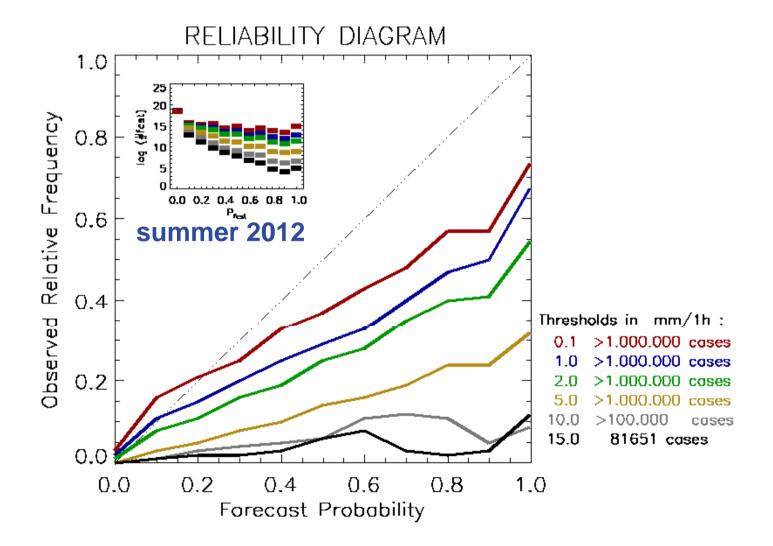
spatially "upscaled" means:

event somewhere within a 10x10 grid points environment





reliability diagram



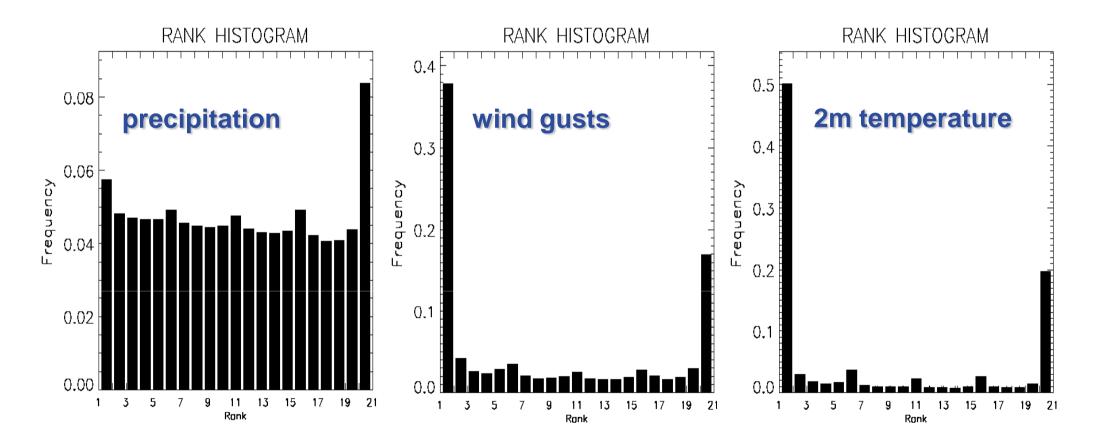


VERIFICATION OF COSMO-DE-EPS other variables summer 2012 observations: SYNOP



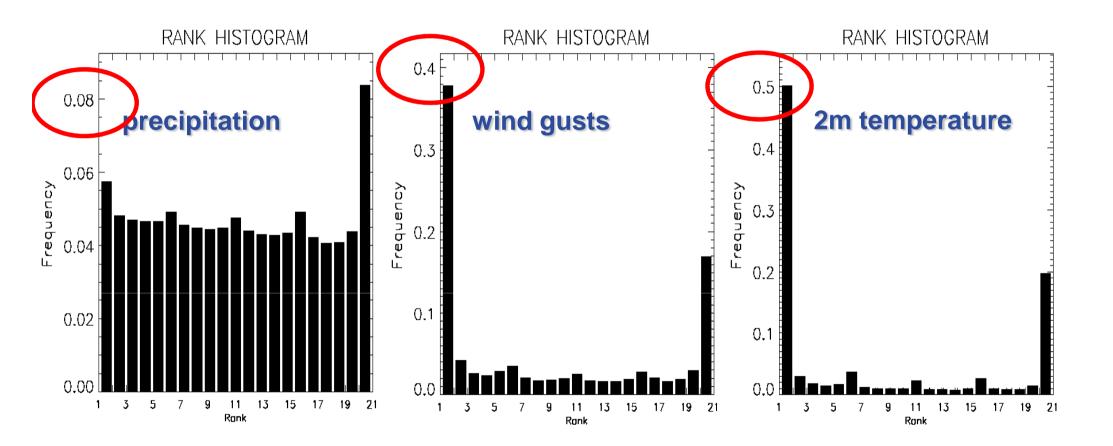


Rank histogram





Rank histogram



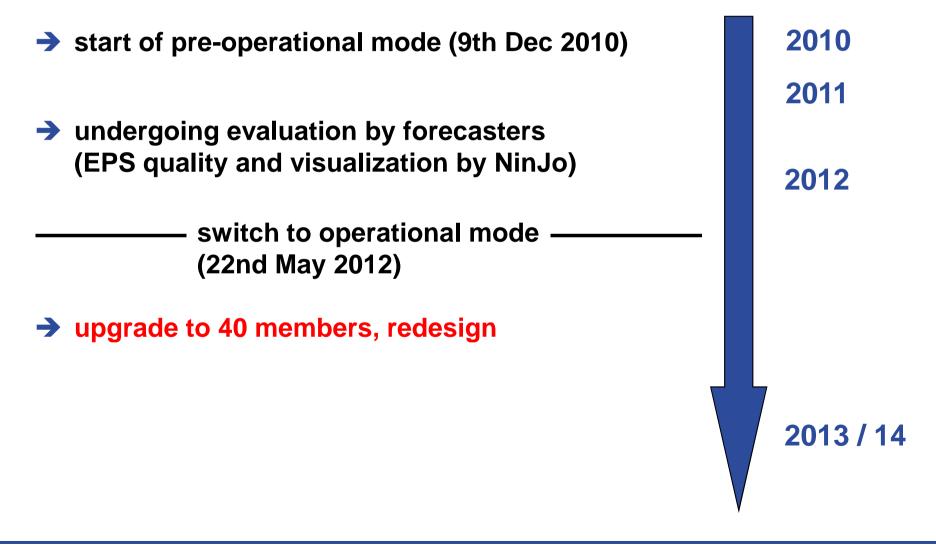


Main results from pre-operational phase (20 members)

- evaluation by forecasters (case studies):
 - additional benefit for precipitation forecasts
 - provides early signals for severe weather
 - most beneficial for convective precipitation in summer
 - reduced jumpiness between consecutive runs
- probabilistic verification (for periods of several months)
 - probabilities perform better than deterministic "yes/no"
 - particularly for high precipitation thresholds
 - particularly for longer lead times
 - Irawback: underdispersiveness (esp. for wind gusts and T_2M)



COSMO-DE-EPS status and plans





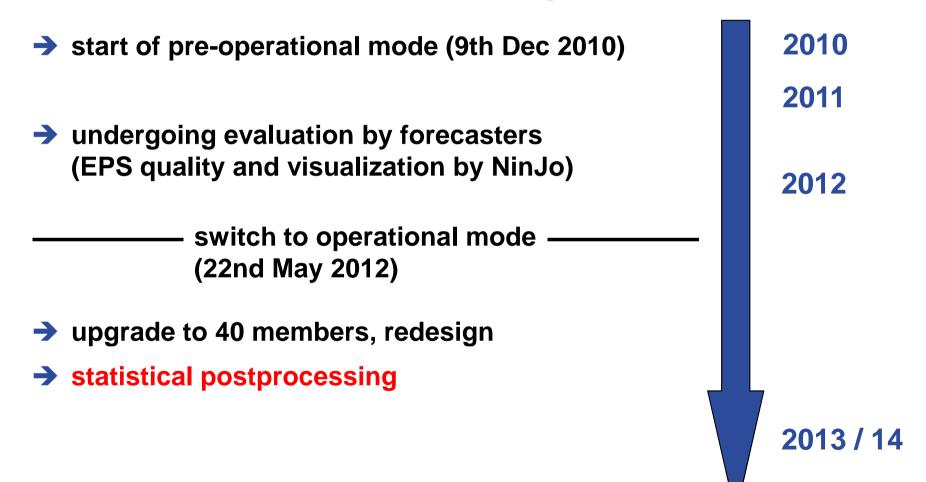
upgrade to 40 members

- → quantify more sources of forecast uncertainty
- → use of COSMO-LEPS members as boundary conditions (COSMO-LEPS is driven by IFS EPS of ECMWF)
- → additional physics perturbations (diffusion, roughness length)
- → perturbation of soil moisture

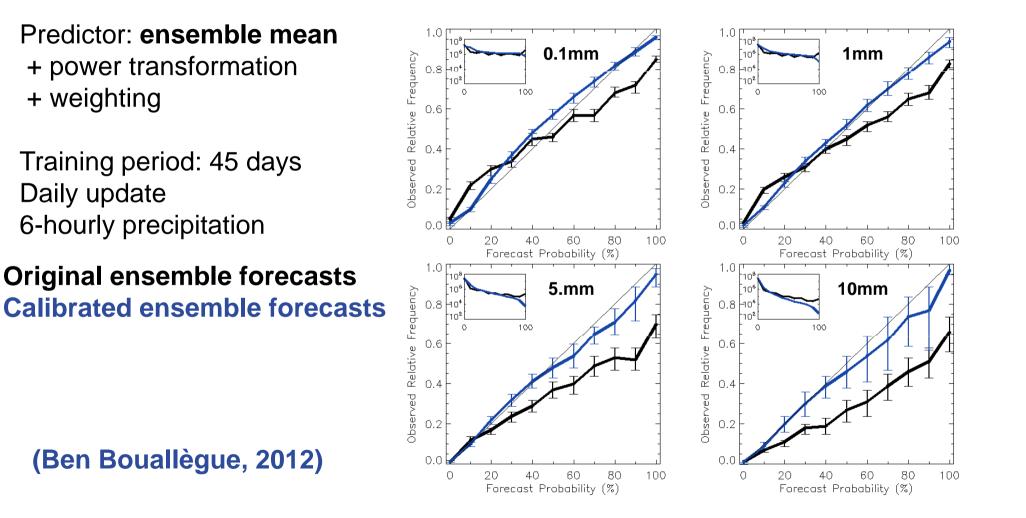




COSMO-DE-EPS status and plans



Extended Logistic regression with interaction terms





Wetter und Klima aus einer Hand

COSMO-DE-EPS, DWD



COSMO-DE-EPS status and plans

2010 → start of pre-operational mode (9th Dec 2010) 2011 undergoing evaluation by forecasters (EPS quality and visualization by NinJo) 2012 switch to operational mode (22nd May 2012) → upgrade to 40 members, redesign statistical postprocessing → lagged average forecast 2013/14 initial conditions by LETKF ("KENDA") Iateral boundary conditions by ICON EPS



REFERENCES

Gebhardt, C., Theis, S. E., Paulat, M., Ben Bouallegue, Z., 2011: Uncertainties in COSMO-DE precipitation forecasts introduced by model perturbations and variation of lateral boundaries, Atmos. Res.

Peralta, C., Ben Bouallegue, Z., Theis, S. E., Gebhardt, C. 2012: *Accounting for initial condition uncertainties in COSMO-DE-EPS*, Journal of Geophysical Res.

Wilks, D. S., 2009: *Extending logistic regression to provide full-probability-distribution MOS forecasts*, Meteo. Appl.

Ben Bouallègue, Z., 2012: Calibrated short-range ensemble precipitation forecasts using extended logistic regression with interaction terms, submitted to Wea. Forecasting

Theis, S. E., Hense, A., Damrath, U., 2005: *Probabilistic precipitation forecasts from a deterministic model: a pragmatic approach.* Meteorol. Appl.





extra slides

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Generation of Ensemble Members

Perturbation Methods

Peralta, C., Ben Bouallègue, Z., Theis, S.E., Gebhardt, C. and M. Buchhold, 2012: Accounting for initial condition uncertainties in COSMO-DE-EPS. Journal of Geophysical Research, VOL. 117, D07108, doi:10.1029/2011JD016581, 2012

Gebhardt, C., Theis, S.E., Paulat, M. and Z. Ben Bouallègue, 2011: Uncertainties in COSMO-DE precipitation forecasts introduced by **model perturbations and variation of lateral boundaries**. Atmospheric Research 100, 168-177. *(contains status of 2009)*





representing uncertainty in

initial conditions	boundary conditions	model physics

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representing uncertainty in

initial conditions	boundary conditions	model physics
	"multi-model" driven by different global models	

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representing uncertainty in

initial conditions	boundary conditions	model physics
"multi-model" the different global models are used to modify the initial conditions of COSMO-DE	"multi-model" driven by different global models	

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representing uncertainty in

initial conditions	boundary conditions	model physics
"multi-model"	"multi-model"	"multi-configurations"
the different global models are used to modify the initial conditions of COSMO-DE	driven by different global models	variation of parameters in model physics (non-stochastic, one fixed perturbation per member)





LOGISTIC REGRESSION

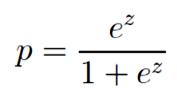




Benefits from past error statistics

Logistic regression approach :

 $z = \beta_0(T) + \beta_1(T)x$



Choice of predictors \boldsymbol{x} . Estimation of the $\boldsymbol{\beta}$ over a training period. Calibrated probabilities \boldsymbol{p} for a threshold \boldsymbol{T} directly addressed

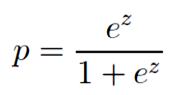




Benefits from past error statistics

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Choice of predictors \boldsymbol{X} . Estimation of the $\boldsymbol{\beta}$ over a training period. Calibrated probabilities \boldsymbol{p} for a threshold \boldsymbol{T} directly addressed

Extended Logistic regression including the predictand threshold as predictor provides the **full probability distribution**

$$z = eta_0 + eta_1 x + eta_2 T$$
 (Wilks 2009)

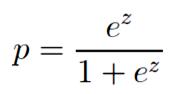




Benefits from past error statistics

Logistic regression approach :

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Choice of predictors \boldsymbol{X} . Estimation of the $\boldsymbol{\beta}$ over a training period. Calibrated probabilities \boldsymbol{p} for a threshold \boldsymbol{T} directly addressed

Extended Logistic regression including the predictand threshold as predictor provides the **full probability distribution**

 $z = eta_0 + eta_1 x + eta_2 T$ (Wilks 2009)

Extended Logistic regression with **interaction terms** fully describes the influence of T on all the original β

$$z = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x + \beta_2 T + \beta_3 T x$$



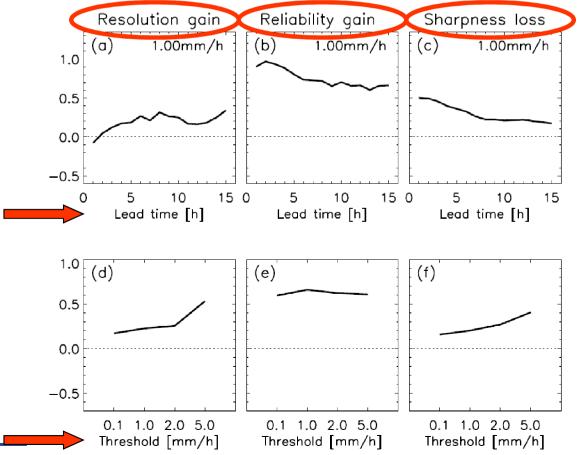
COSMO-DE-EPS, DWD

(Ben Bouallègue, 2012)



Lagged average forecast LAF

combination of members from consecutive COSMO-DE-EPS runs
to improve the representation of forecast uncertainty



LAF (20+20+20 members) compared to COSMO-DE-EPS

hourly precipitation

COSMO-DE-EPS, DWD

June 2011