

**ALADIN**

***Piet Termonia***

**EWGLAM**

**Rome, 3/10/2016**

<http://www.cnrm-game-meteo.fr/aladin/>



# Happy birthday ALADIN!

MINISTRE DE L'EQUIPEMENT, DU  
LOGEMENT,  
DES TRANSPORTS ET DE LA MER

COPIE

DIRECTION DE LA METEOROLOGIE  
NATIONALE

27 NOV. 1990

ETABLISSEMENT D'ETUDES ET DE RECHERCHES METEOROLOGIQUES	
908542	27 NOV. 90
ARRIVEE	

ALADIN 908542 REF : J.F. 0408 42

0. Inconnue

REFERENCE A EXPEDIER : MN/R1y

045466

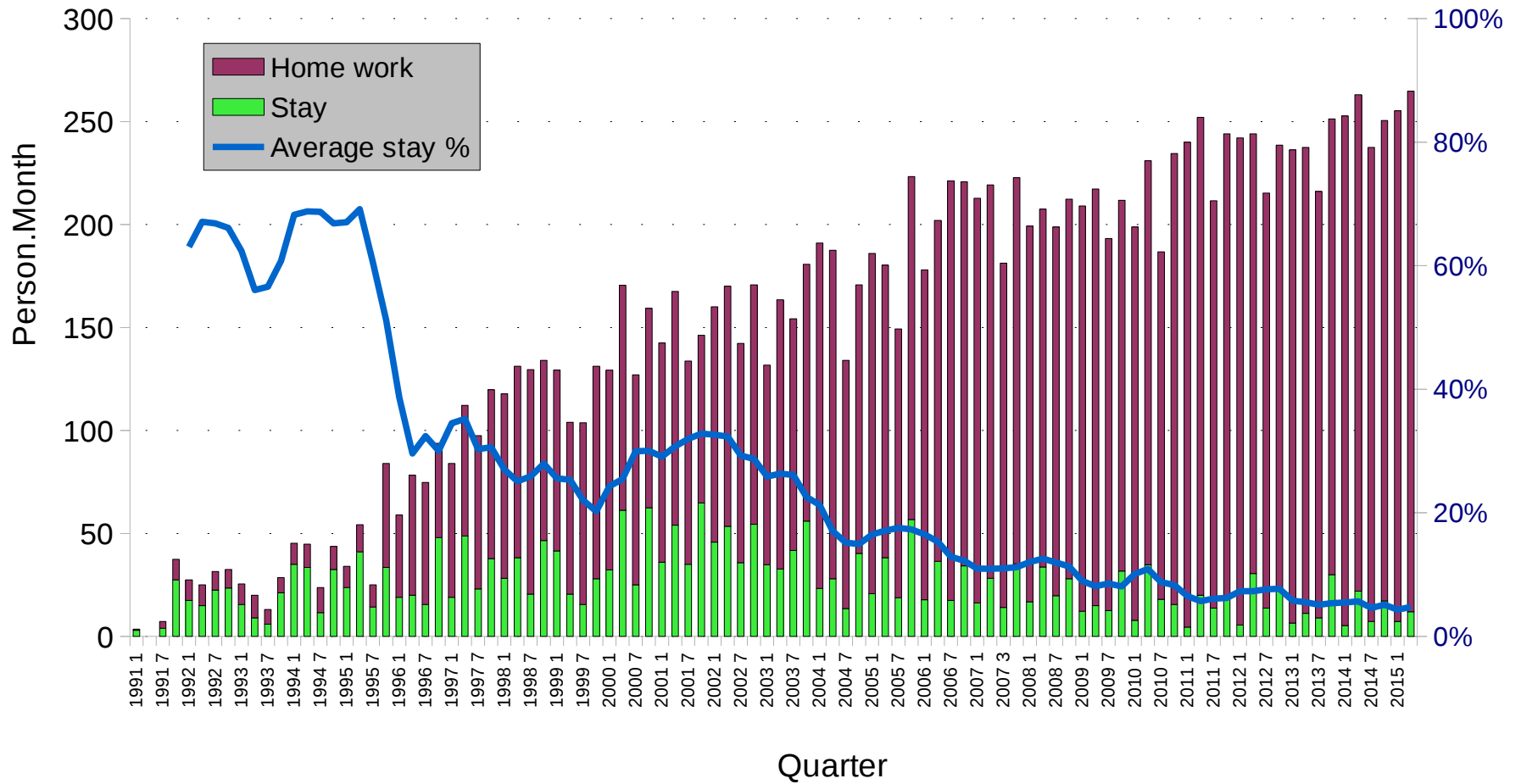
Monsieur le Directeur et cher Collègue,

Par cette lettre, la Direction de la Météorologie Nationale souhaite proposer aux services météorologiques des Pays d'Europe Centrale une collaboration dans le domaine de la Prévision Numérique du temps (P.N.). Cette proposition s'inscrit dans une perspective à moyen terme et vise à valoriser et à accroître l'expertise déjà existante dans votre Service ou votre Pays, tout en générant des retombées positives pour nos propres actions. Elle est complémentaire de la distribution RETIM des produits du système français de P.N. EMERAUDE/PERIDOT (bientôt remplacé par le système ARPEGE).



# Total participation in the ALADIN project

## Evolution of the quarterly manpower

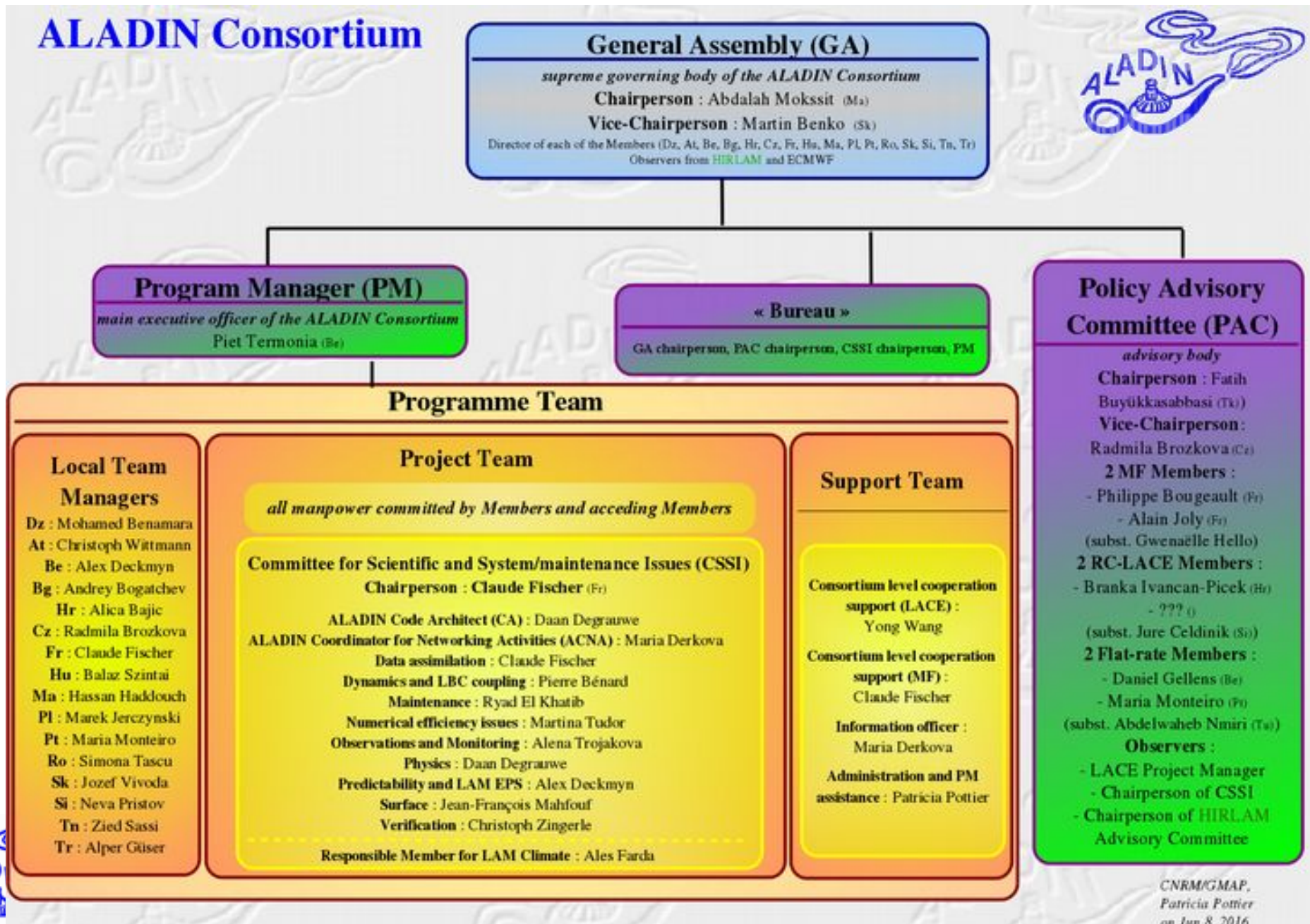


# The past year, a few highlights

- **The New ALADIN MoU was signed!**
- ACNA activities:
  - Release of the cy40t1 export version.
  - Work on
    - improving the mechanism for bugfixes and repositories. Good discussions with the HIRLAM colleagues in the Bratislava meeting.
    - Implementation of the use of SURFEX (Arpege)
    - Thanks to Mariska for organizing it!
- Two Newsletters, thanks to the efforts of Patricia!
- The second ALADIN Forecasters meeting was organized by ipma (see my talk this week). Thanks to Maria and colleague
- The annual ALADIN workshop/ HIRLAM All Staff Meeting



# Governance



# The applications

Operational configurations in ALADIN consortium



- Algeria: ALADIN-ALGI
- Austria: ALAROS
- Austria: AROME-Au
- Belgium: ALARO-7km
- Belgium: ALARO-4km
- Bulgaria: ALADIN-Bg
- Croatia: ALARO-88
- Croatia: ALARO-22
- Czech Rep: ALARO-CZ
- France: AROME-France
- Germany: ALARO-100 (intermittent)
- Germany: AROME-100
- Morocco: ALADIN-Mo1
- Morocco: ALADIN-Mo2
- Morocco: AROME-Maroc
- Poland: ALARO-E040
- Poland: AROME-P025
- Portugal: ALADIN-ATP
- Portugal: AROME-PT2
- Portugal: AROME-Madeira
- Portugal: AROME-Azores
- Romania: ALARO-Ro
- Slovakia: ALARO-SK
- Slovenia: ALARO-SI
- Turkey: ALARO-TK
- Turkey: AROME-TK
- France: ALADIN-Ant-Guyana
- France: ALADIN-Caledonia
- France: ALADIN-Polynesia
- France: ALADIN-Reunion
- France: AROME-Antilles
- France: AROME-Caledonia
- France: AROME-Indian
- France: AROME-Guyana
- France: AROME-Polynesia

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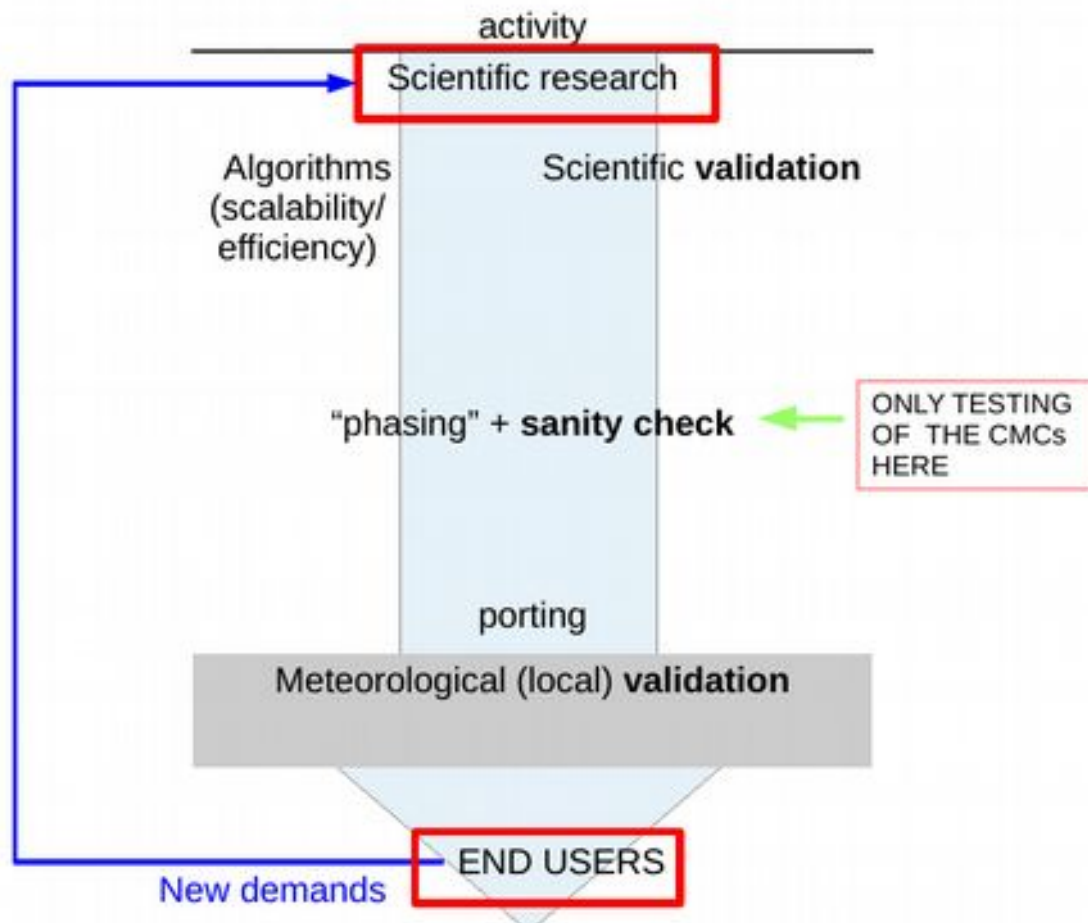
*Courtesy Patricia Pottier*



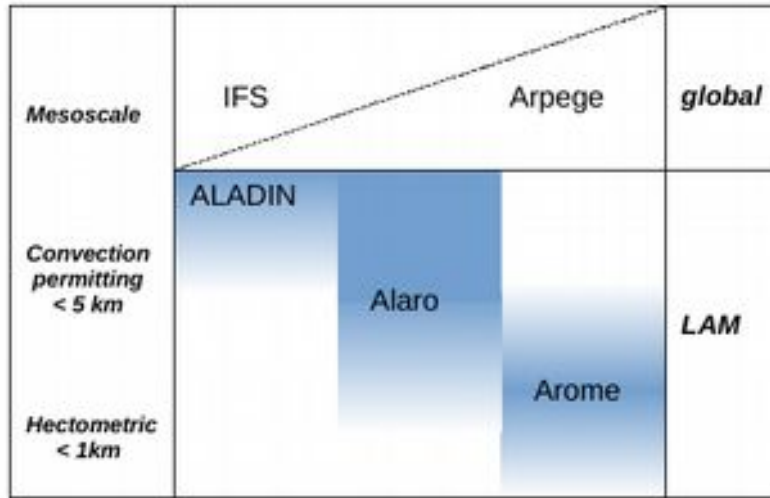
# Main innovations in the ALADIN MoU5

- Better articulation of the steps in the “From science to operations” diagram.
- Filling a lack of dedicated and recognised expertise corresponding to the Algorithms part in the process and to promote focused code design work (see slide 5) by a new position of a Code Architect (CA).
- The Introduction of “privileged” model configurations: the so-called Canonical Model Configurations (CMCs)

## *From science to operations*



# The scientific articulation of the ALADIN System w.r.t. to the global models (IFS/Arpege)



- Differentiation in three Code Architecture aspects:

- Bi-FFT instead of FFT/Legendre
- The LBC mechanism
- Adapted physics packages for the convection-permitting scales with 2 CMCS: AROME, ALARO

numerical task	declination options LAM/global
1. computation of the horizontal derivative (vorticity, divergence)	
2. inverse spectral transform: spectral to gridpoint	{ bi-FFT <sup>-1</sup> Legendre, FFT
3. compute physics contributions (in the arrival points)	{ AROME physics ALARO physics
4. update the tendencies	INTFLEX
5. semi-Lagrangian computations	SLHD
6. compute the explicit part of the dynamics	{ IFS/ARPEGE/ALADIN hydrostatic ALADIN-NH
7. add all tendencies	
8. lateral boundary coupling	bi-periodic LBC conditions
9. direct spectral transforms	{ bi-FFT Legendre, FFT
10. solve the Helmholtz equation	{ IFS/ARPEGE/ALADIN Hydrostatic ALADIN NH

*The ALADIN System is basically the system that allows to make LAM configurations in the above “code universe”. Only a few canonical configurations are, the so-called CMCS.*





# Example: the cy40t1 ALARO CMC

**Table 2.** The CMC-ALARO configuration

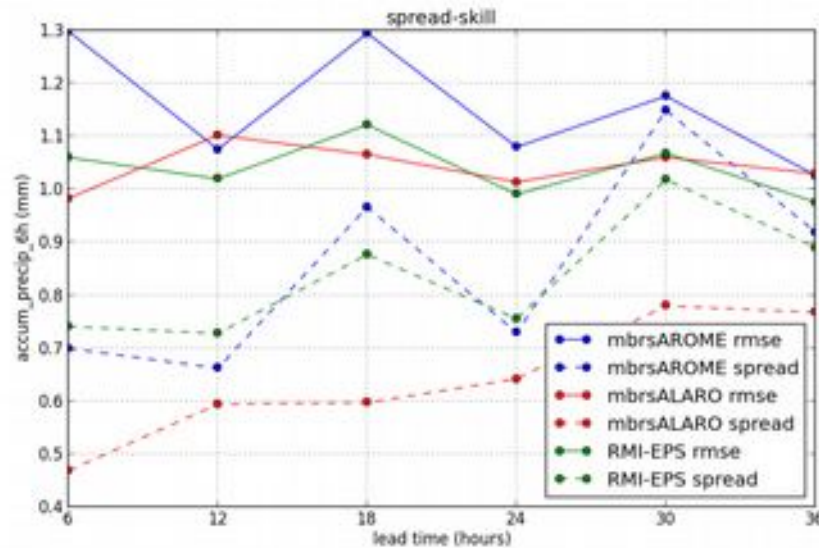
Physics parameterization	scheme	references
Dynamics for dx > 4km	hydrostatic ARPEGE/ALADIN	Temperton et al. (2001), Radnóti et al. (1995)
Dynamics for dx < 4km	non-hydrostatic ALADIN	Bénard et al. (2010)
radiation	ACRANEB2	Mašek et al. (2015), Geleyn et al. (1996)
turbulence	TOUCANS	Đurán et al. (2014), Marquet and Geleyn (2013)
deep convection	3MT	Gerard et al. (2009)
sedimentation scheme		Geleyn et al. (2008)
physics-dynamics coupling	INTFLEX	Catry et al. (2007), Degrauwe et al. (2016)
LBC scheme	SAST	Davies (1976), Radnóti (1995)
		Termonia et al. (2012), Degrauwe et al. (2012)



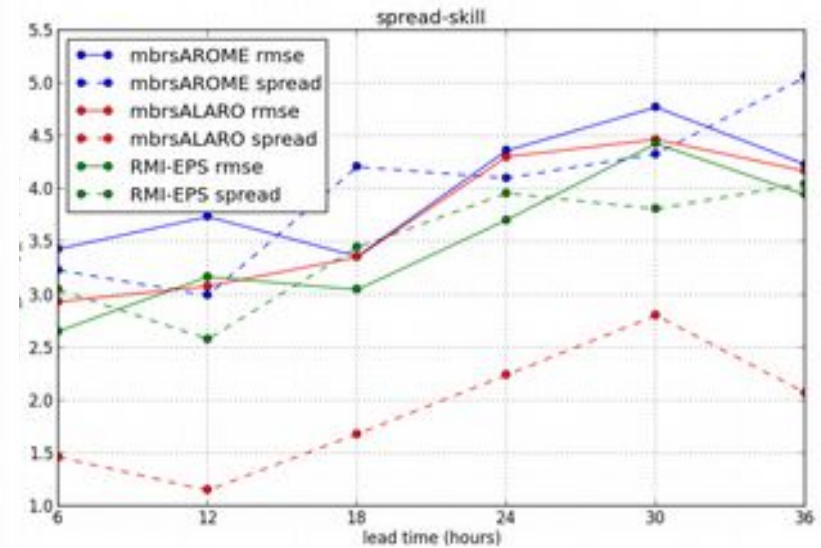
*You are free to run your own configuration at home,  
but if you want to get support choose the CMC*

# RMI-EPS: 2.5-km Convection-permitting multi-physics approach (AROME and ALARO) is beneficial

February-march 2016



August 2016



- *ALARO has better rmse*
- *AROME adds spread*
- *The negative features of the subensembles do not “deteriorate” the total ensemble.*



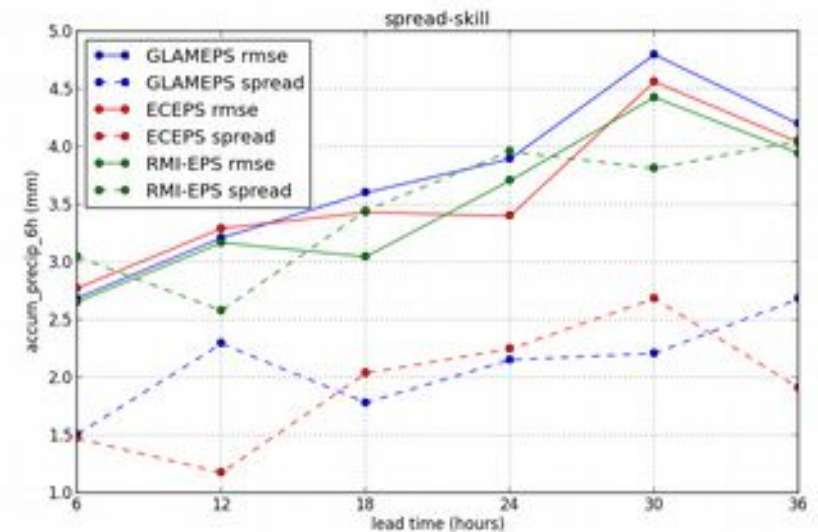
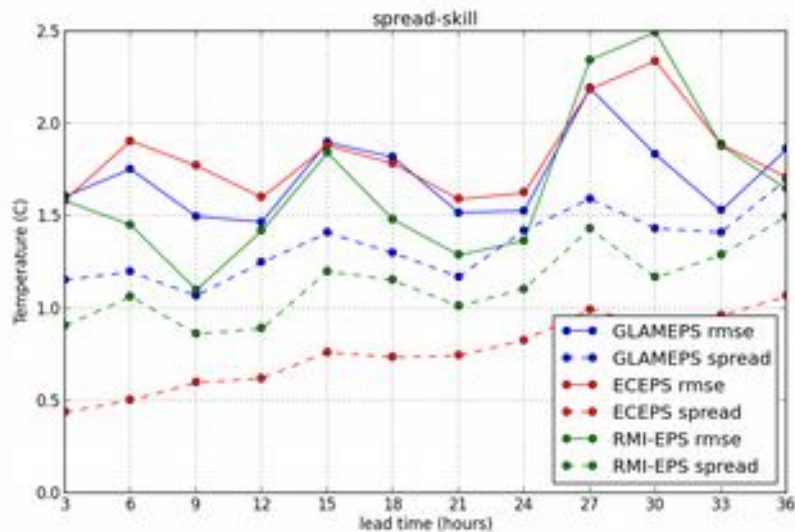
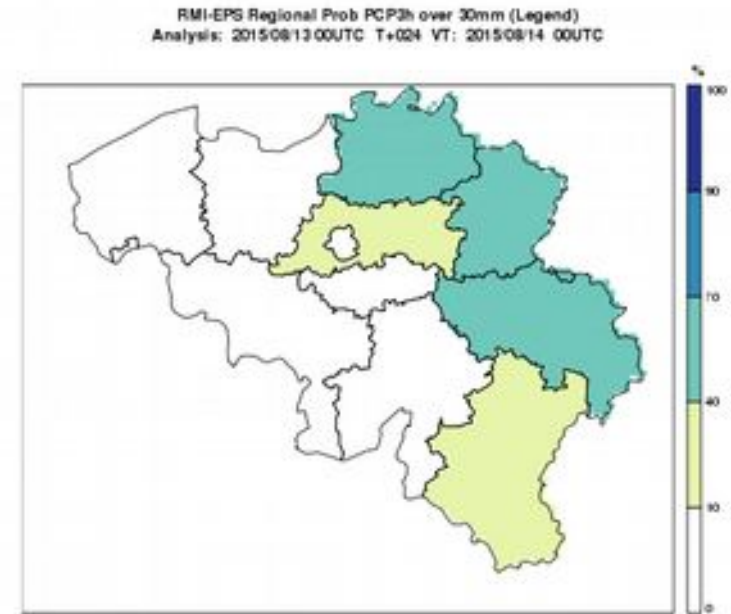
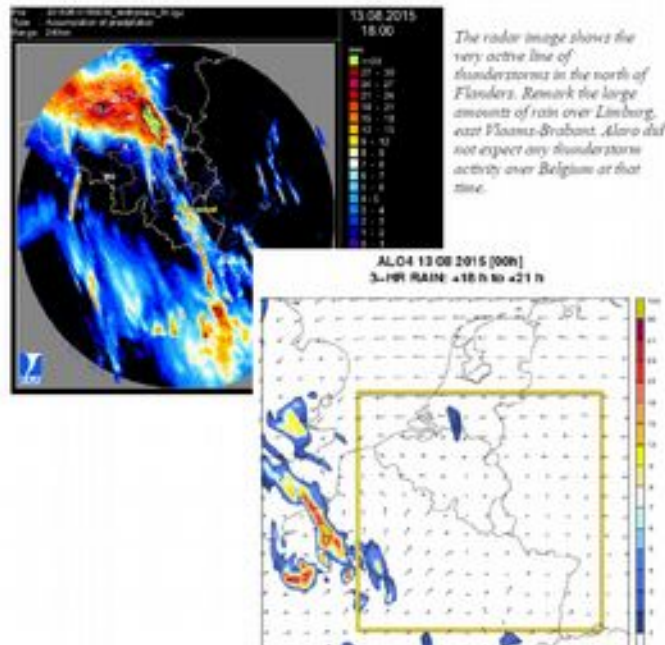
# Forecasters meeting Lisbon 21-23/9/2015

- 20 participants
- Same format but we included an exercise on the use of probabilistic model output
- Conclusion: forecasters have a traditional top-down way of thinking, starting from the global model output. This thinking is based on classical synoptic-scale parameters: Mslp, wind shear,  $\theta_E$ , geopotential at standard level, even quasi-geostrophic Q vector analysis, mean omega, lapse rates, humidity, ...
- Also, forecasters have difficulties to smoothen out probabilities on maps, particularly at the high resolutions



*What do we add w.r.t to the global models?*

# Convection-permitting EPS (see also Belgian poster)



**Convection-permitting EPS a vehicle to make EPS more reliable for precipitation?**

Courtesy Geert Smet

## Validation of the ALARO-0 model within the EURO-CORDEX framework

Olivier Giot<sup>1,2</sup>, Piet Termonia<sup>1,3</sup>, Daan Degrauwe<sup>1</sup>, Rozemien De Troch<sup>1,3</sup>, Steven Caluwaerts<sup>3</sup>, Geert Smet<sup>1</sup>, Julie Berckmans<sup>1,2</sup>, Alex Deckmyn<sup>1</sup>, Lesley De Cruz<sup>3</sup>, Pieter De Meutter<sup>1,3</sup>, Annelies Duerinckx<sup>1,3</sup>, Luc Gerard<sup>1</sup>, Rafiq Hamdi<sup>1</sup>, Joris Van den Bergh<sup>1</sup>, Michiel Van Ginderachter<sup>1,3</sup>, and Bert Van Schaeybroeck<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Royal Meteorological Institute, Brussels, Belgium

<sup>2</sup>Centre of Excellence PLBEO (Plant and Vegetation Ecology), Department of Biology, University of Antwerp, Wilrijk, Belgium

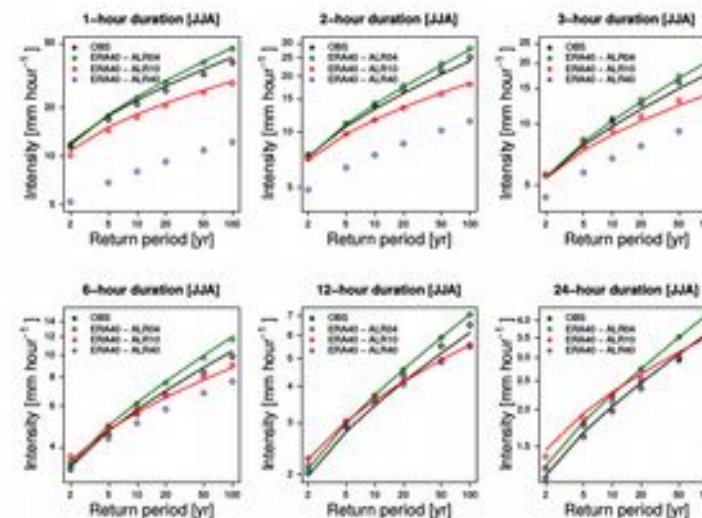
<sup>3</sup>Department of Physics and Astronomy, Ghent University, Ghent, Belgium

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Received: 29 July 2015 – Published in Geosci. Model Dev. Discuss.: 1 October 2015

Revised: 3 March 2016 – Accepted: 4 March 2016 – Published: 30 March 2016

## IDF relationship based upon power law



Courtesy R. De Troch

## Precipitation

optimal score jackknife 95% confidence interval  
 K14 models RMB-UGent (top=11; bottom=-44)  
 white background: RMB-UGent is in K14  
 green background: RMB-UGent is not in K14, but better or not the worst  
 yellow background: RMB-UGent is not in K14 and the worst



Figure 5. Scores for precipitation for all domains (first column), seasons (second column) and metrics.

**Conclusion: ALARO has been validated for CORDEX runs compared to “established models, but**

- **Is doing better for (extreme) precipitation than the CORDEX ensemble**
- **and adds value in the subdaily temporal scale (1h)**

**In fact you can see this as NWP “long-run” validation, but it takes time**

# Summary

A New ALADIN MoU5 for the next 5 years.

- Better articulation of model configurations in relation to (growing) maintenance load: the canonical model configurations.
- Discussion about our “vision” or identity as LAM community: we target convection-permitting scales. Work has to be done to
  - develop convection-permitting EPS
  - to help forecasters to think probabilistically
- Position our NWP models w.r.t. climate. Proven validation and added value in the convection-permitting scales.

