



# Towards the use of EUMETNET observations in AROME-France

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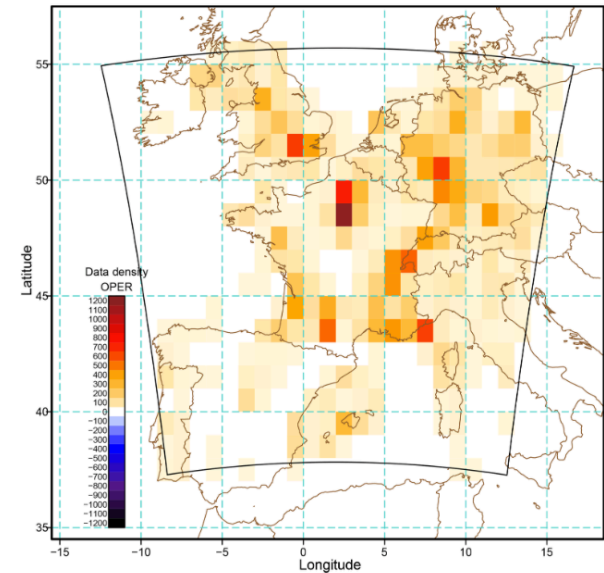
# Outline

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- The AROME-France model
- Assimilation of OPERA radar data
- Assimilation of MODE-S/ADS-B aircraft data
- Ongoing and future activities

# AROME-France : main features (CY43T2)

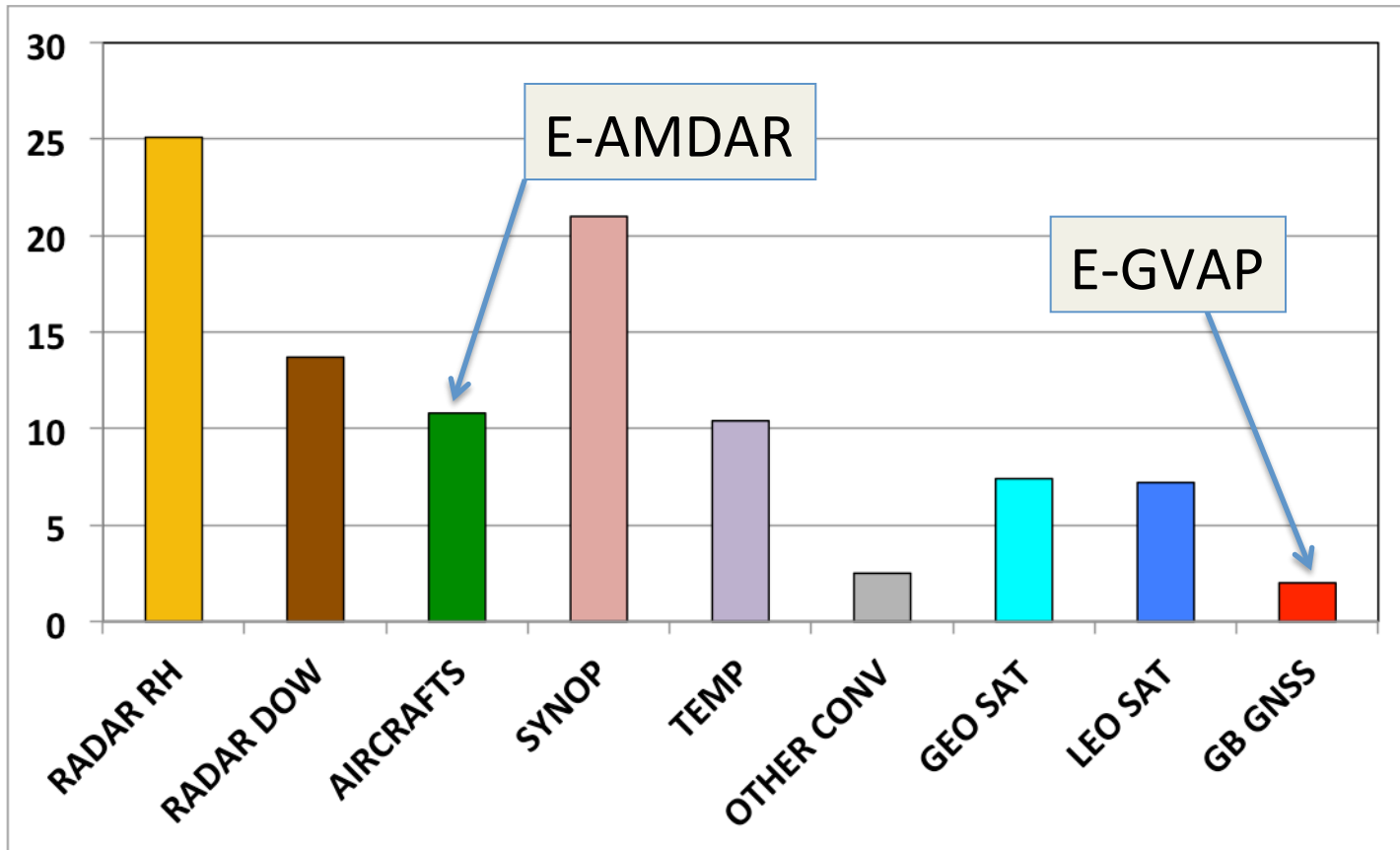
- Spectral non-hydrostatic model
- SI-SL dynamical core
- Explicit deep moist convection (single moment cloud scheme)
- Horizontal resolution  $\Delta x=1.3$  km
- Vertical grid : 90 levels (up to 10 hPa)



**Density of E-AMDAR in May 2017**  
*Doerenbecher & Mahfouf (2019) in ASR*

- Incremental 3D-Var system @ 1.3 km
- Rapid Update Cycle : 1 h (since 2015)
- Forecast ranges from 42 to 48 h (00, 03, 06, 12, 18 UTC)
- Cuf-off times between 1 hour and 3 hours

# Observations in AROME



*About 900 000 observations assimilated each day*

# Assimilation of OPERA radar data

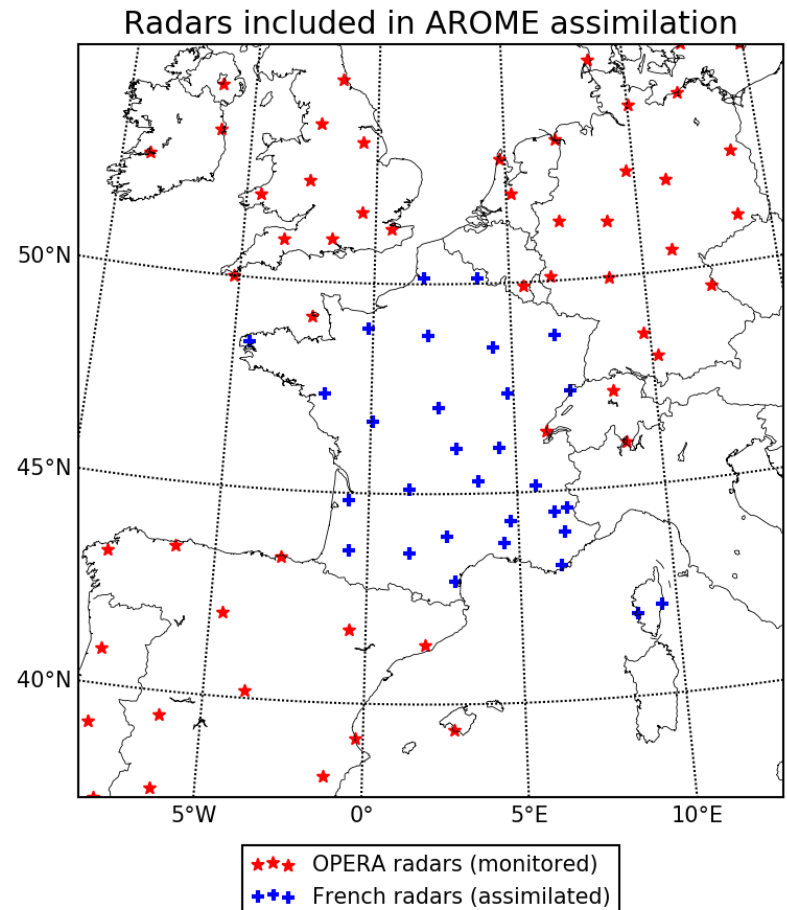
## Current operational status :

- Assimilation of **30 French radars** in terms of Doppler wind velocities & reflectivities (converted in RH profiles through Bayesian inversion)

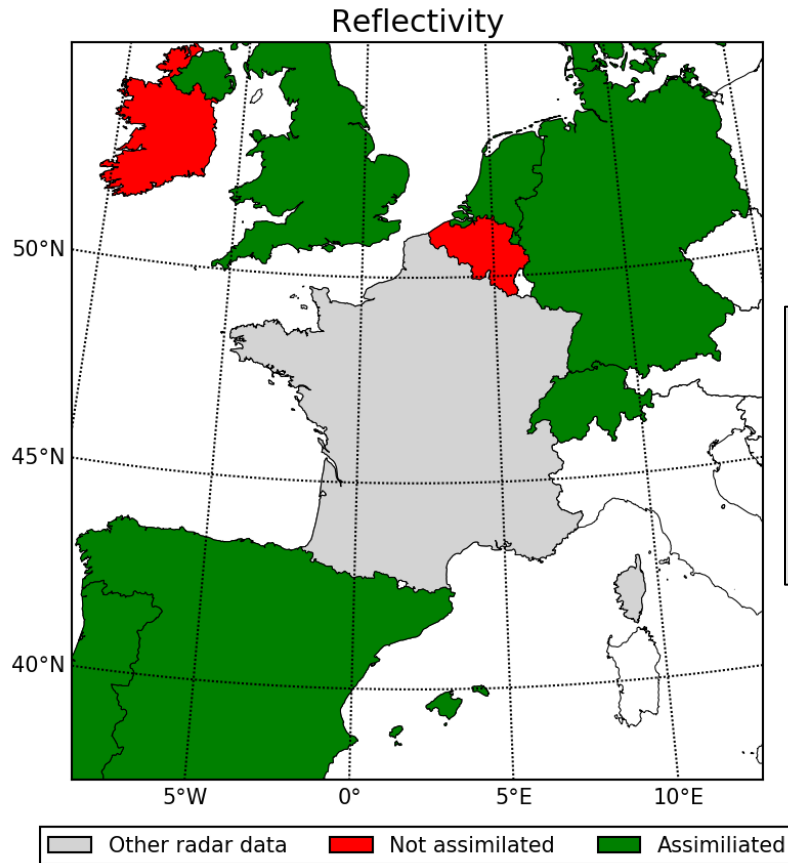
*Data provided by MF : BUFR format, cartesian grid,  $V_{ny}=60$  m/s, attenuation (masks and precipitation), echo types*

- Monitoring of **62 European radars** (since 2 July 2019)

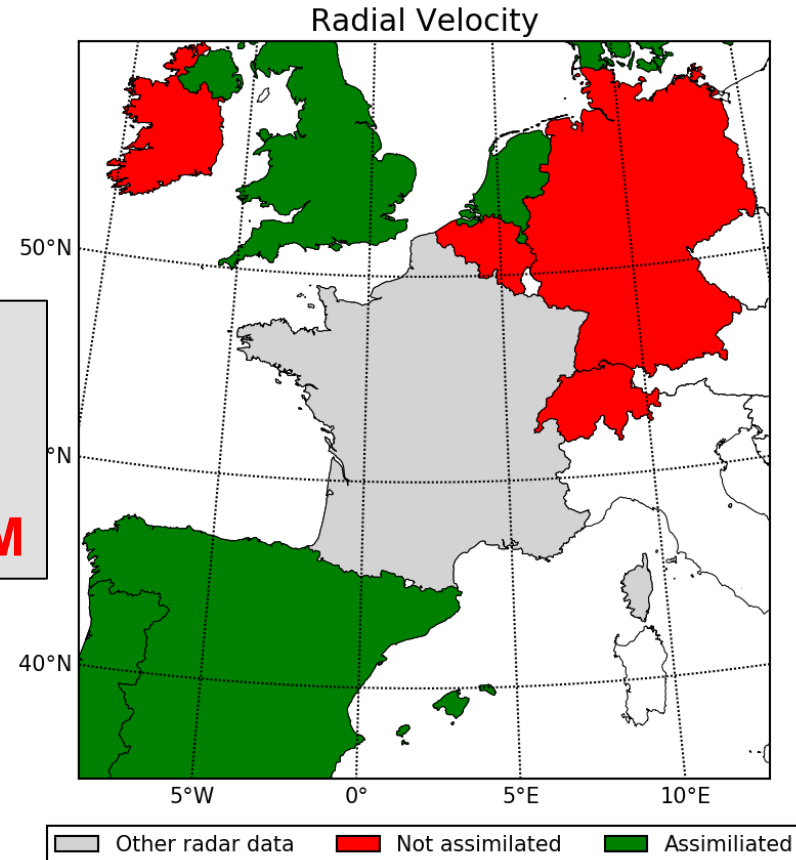
*Data provided by MF (similar to OIFS) : ODIM HDF5, polar grid, availability of metadata (different according to country), quality index*



# Assimilation of OPERA radar data



Data Usage  
ASSIM  
NO ASSIM

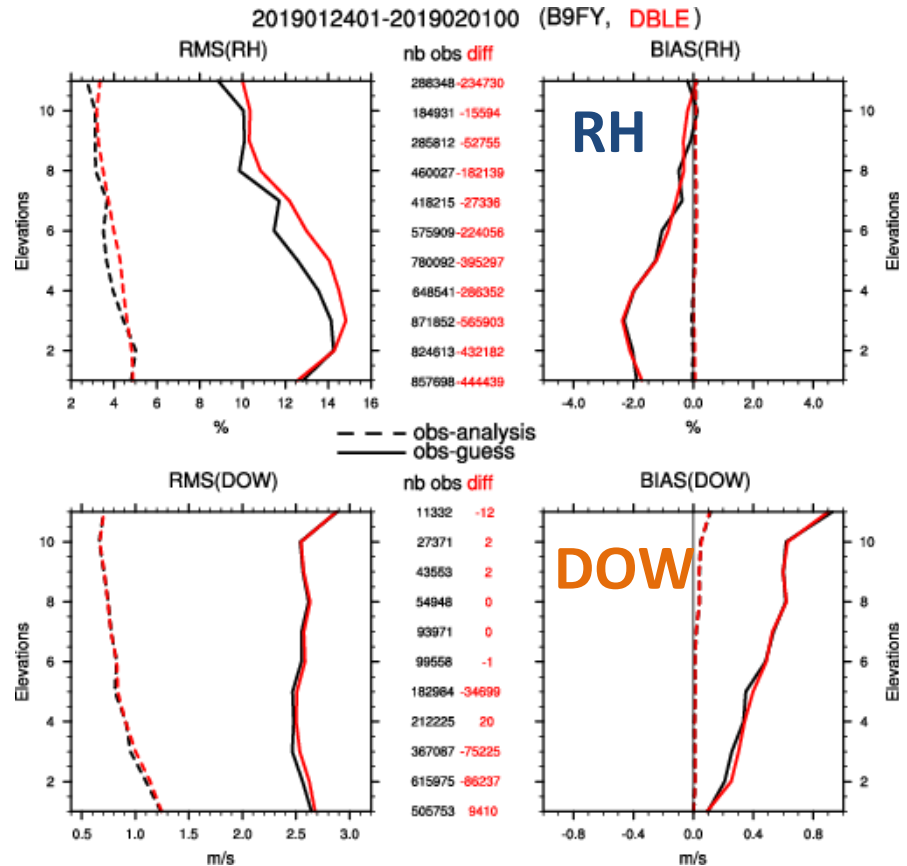


Reflectivities not used when clear air echoes cannot be distinguished from « no rain » (e.g. TH not provided)  
Doppler winds not used when Nyquist velocity is too low or not provided

# Assimilation of OPERA radar data

## Monitoring of background and analysis departures (of assimilated obs) for RH retrievals and DOW

- Better fit of analyses and subsequent backgrounds of RH retrievals against all radars
- Better fit of DOW background against all radars



Nb RH OPERA = Nb RH France  
 Nb DOW OPERA = 0.1 \* Nb DOW France

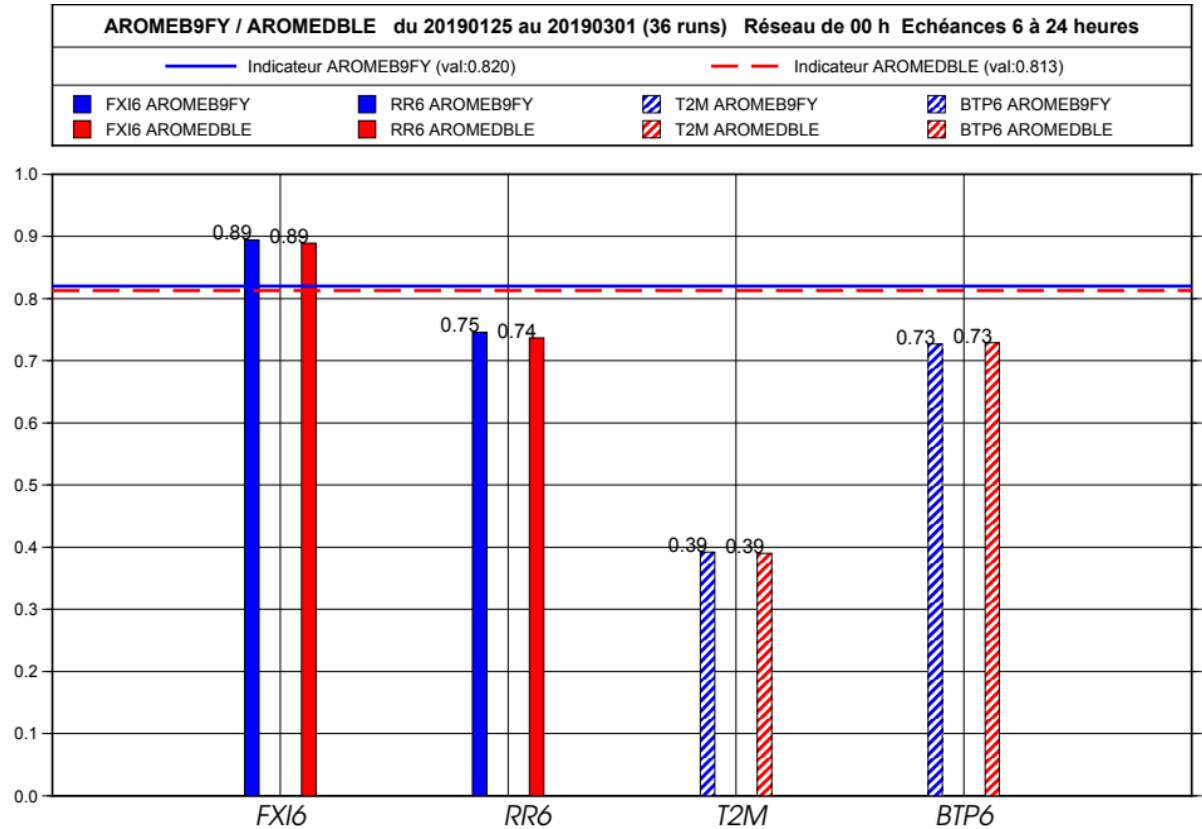
**Without OPERA radars**  
**With OPERA radars**

# Assimilation of OPERA radar data

**Score indicateur** = mean on thresholds and neighbourhoods of Brier Skill Scores against persistence

- Wind gust in 6 h (40, 60, 80 km/h) between 6 and 24 h forecast ranges – **FXI6**
- 6-h rainfall (0.5, 2 and 5 mm) – **RR6**
- **T2M** and SEVIRI Tbs (**BTP6**) also calculated

25/01/2019 – 01/03/2019  
(36 days)



Météo-France Dprévi/COMPAS  
Actualisé le 17/07/2019



Without OPERA



With OPERA

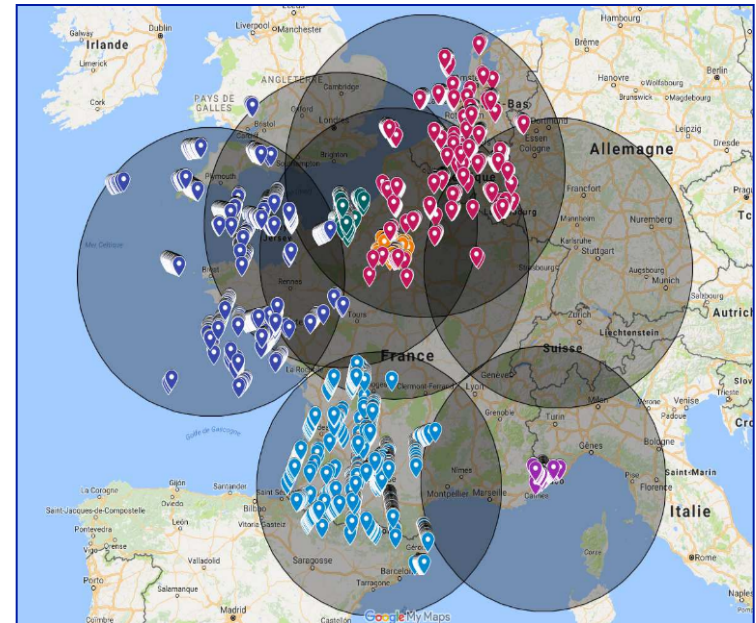




# On the use of MODE-S/ADS-B data

Since 2017, Météo-France has :

- Installed a set of 7 ADS-B antennas over France to receive signals from commercial aircrafts
- Started collaborations with the French Civil Aviation to set-up an operational link to transfer MODE-S EHS reports in our database from a set of 12 radars (planned by the end of 2020)



Feasibility studies have started to monitor and assimilate derived winds from ADS-B signals in AROME-France :

Main differences with AMDAR data :

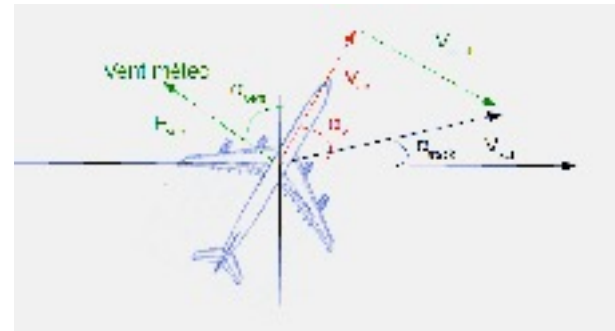
- They are biased (heading) => need for a bias correction
- They are more numerous => redundancy checks, specific thinnings

# MODE-S/ADS-B bias correction scheme

$$\mathbf{V} = \mathbf{V}_{\text{ground}} - \mathbf{V}_{\text{air}}$$

$$u = u_g - V_a \sin(D_a)$$

$$v = v_g - V_a \cos(D_a)$$



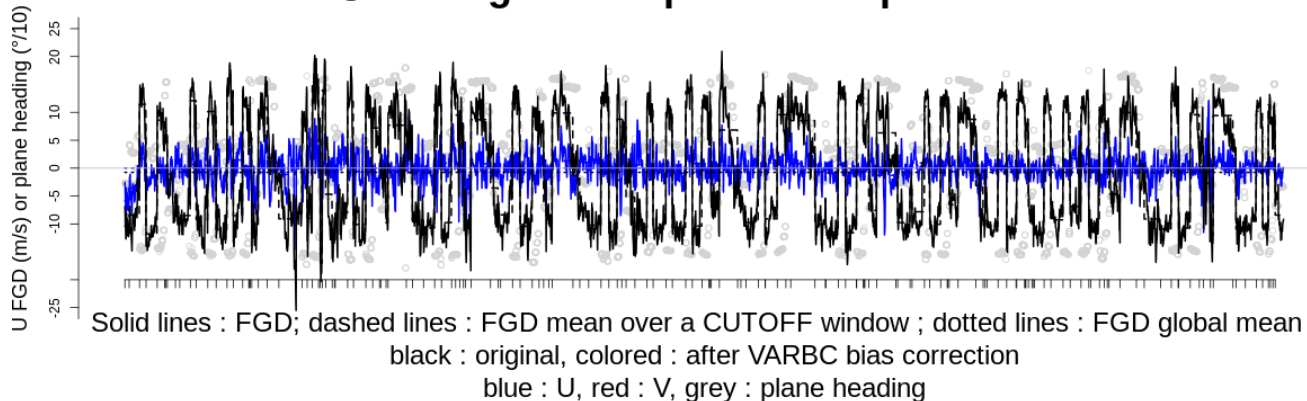
$$\delta u = -V_a \cos(D_a) \delta D_a - \sin(D_a) \delta V_a$$

$$\delta v = V_a \sin(D_a) \delta D_a - \cos(D_a) \delta V_a$$

Development of a VarBC scheme with 2 predictors for :

- Heading bias correction
- Airspeed bias correction

**U first guess departure for plane : 501D7D**



**Raw**  
**Bias corrected**

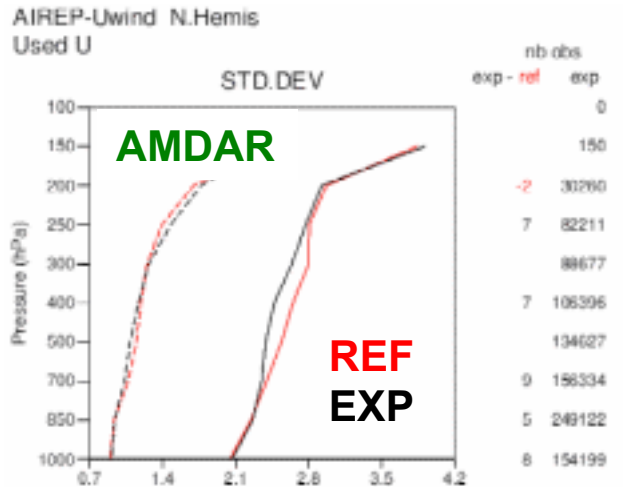
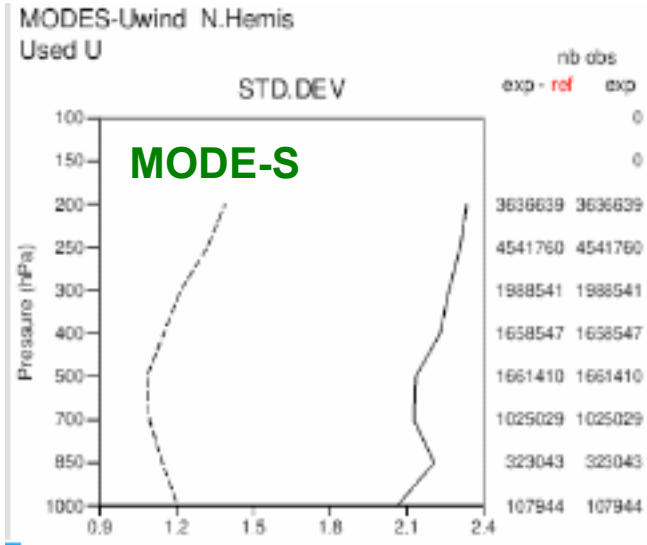
# Monitoring statistics

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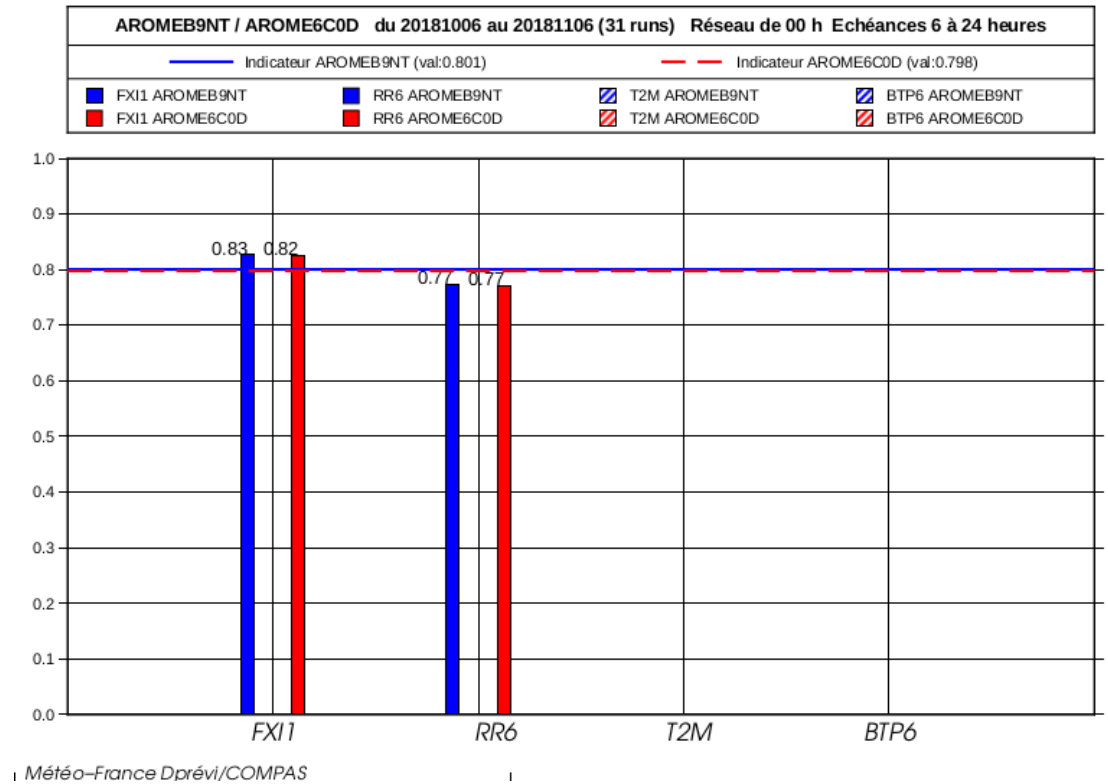
Mean (O-B)	RMS (O-B)	Number	Origin
0.18	<b>4.54</b>	5 300 000	MODE-S (ADS/B) raw
0.17	<b>2.68</b>	5 300 000	MODE-S (ADS/B) bias corrected
0.04	<b>2.39</b>	2 200 000	MODE-S (EHS) MUAC
-0.05	<b>2.40</b>	400 000	AMDAR

*Zonal wind component background departures  
(05/04/2018 -> 24/04/2018)*

# First assimilation results (1 month)



## Score indicateur



**Without MODE-S**

**With MODE-S**



# Ongoing and future activities

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- After important technical and scientific developments @ MF, the assimilation of OPERA radar data in AROME-France will become operational in November 2019
- Current usage of OPERA data remains sub-optimal => what can we expect from OPERA 5 ? Importance of continuity
- Assimilation results of MODE-S (ADS/B) in AROME-France are encouraging: robust bias correction (VarBC), neutral results in terms of forecasts scores with AMDAR-like set-up (thinning @ 25 km – observation errors)
- Future activities : improved thinning methodology – use of MODE-S/EHS from French ATC SSR radars
- Interest in sharing MODE-S with other countries : EUMETNET E-ABO programme



**Thank you for your attention !**

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