



# Recent observation usage in the AROME-France 3D-Var system

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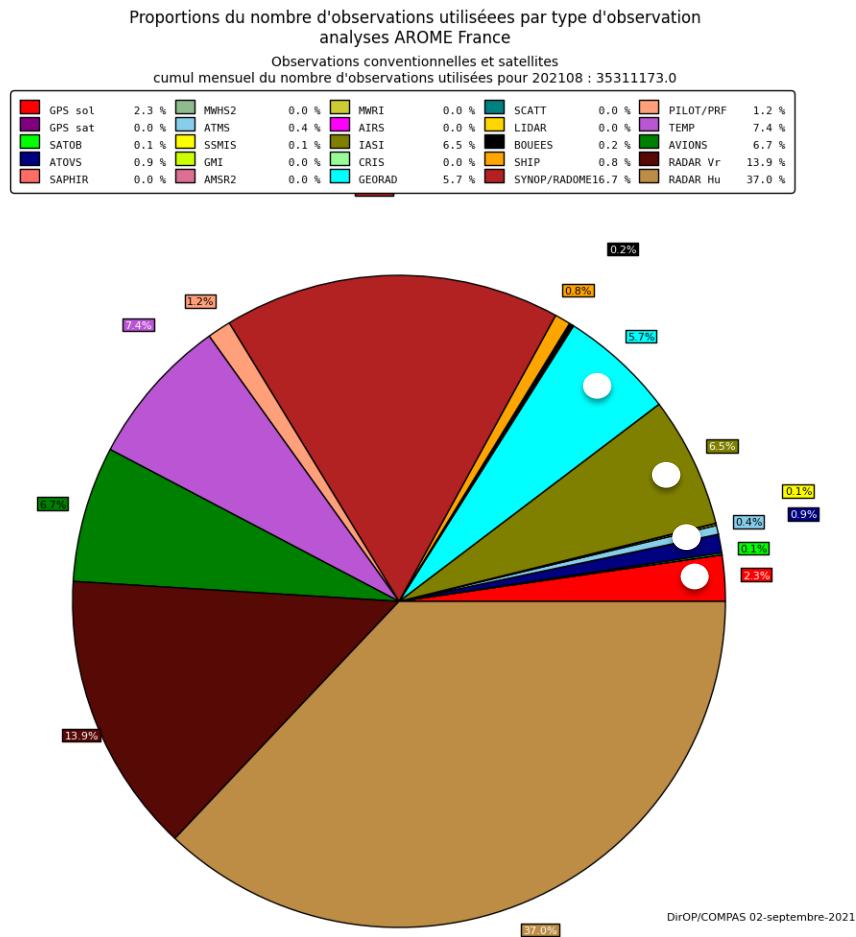


# Outline of the presentation

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- Current observation usage in AROME
- New satellite observations
  - Ocean surface winds from scatterometers
  - Bending angles from GNSS-RO receivers
- Conclusions

# Observations assimilated in AROME



Radars Hu  
Radars Vr  
**SYNOP**  
**Radiosondes**  
**Aircrafts**

**SEVIRI/MSG**  
**IASI/Metop**  
**AMSU-A/MHS**  
**GNSS-gb**

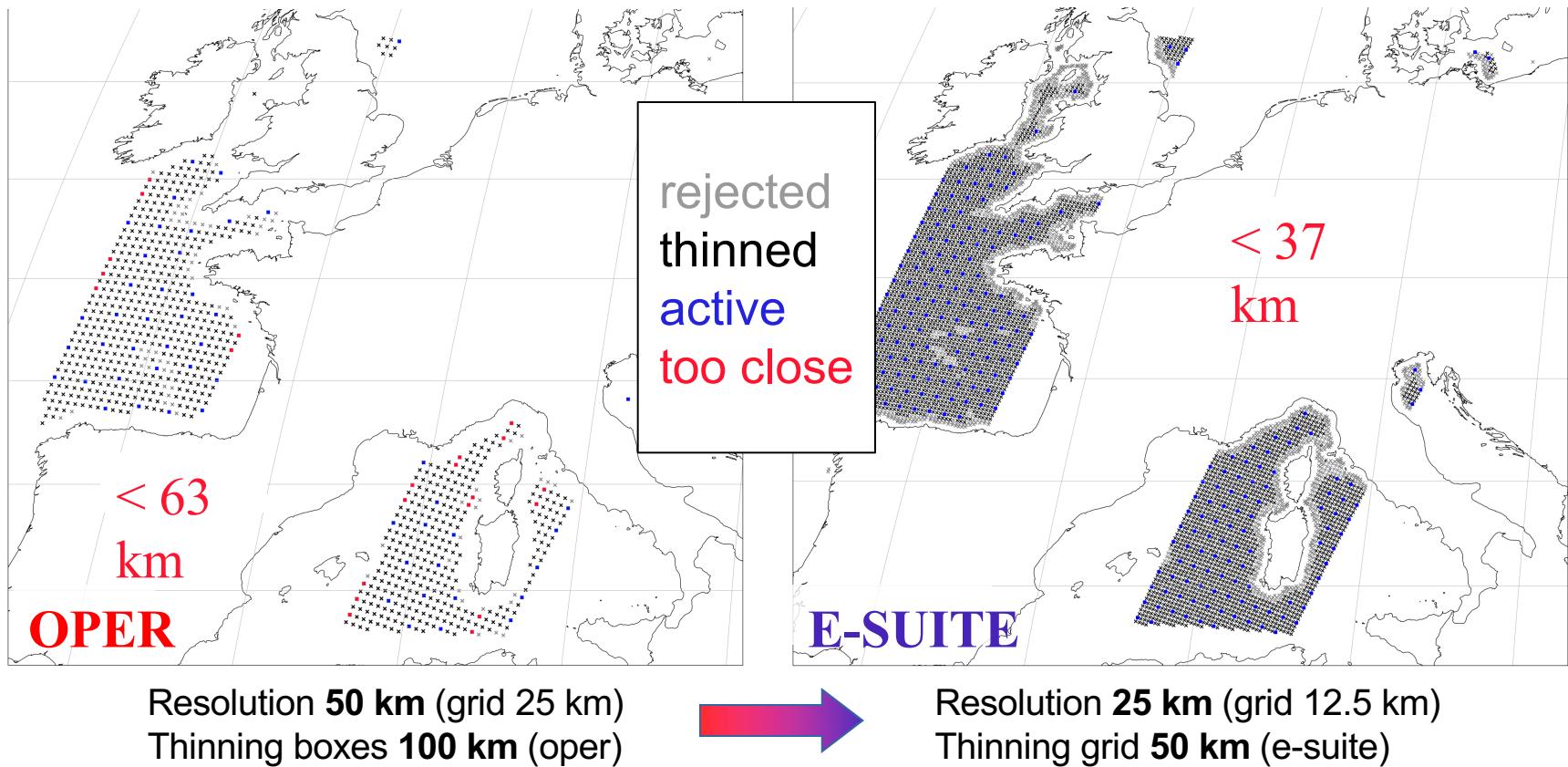
35 millions d'obs / month

● 16 % satellites

# SCATT winds at high resolution (25 km)

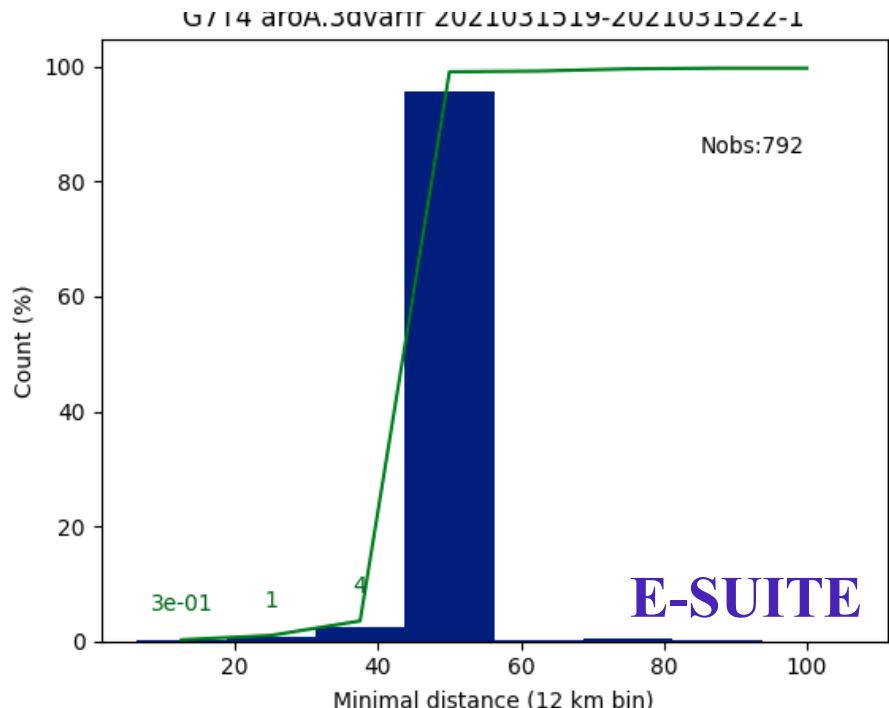
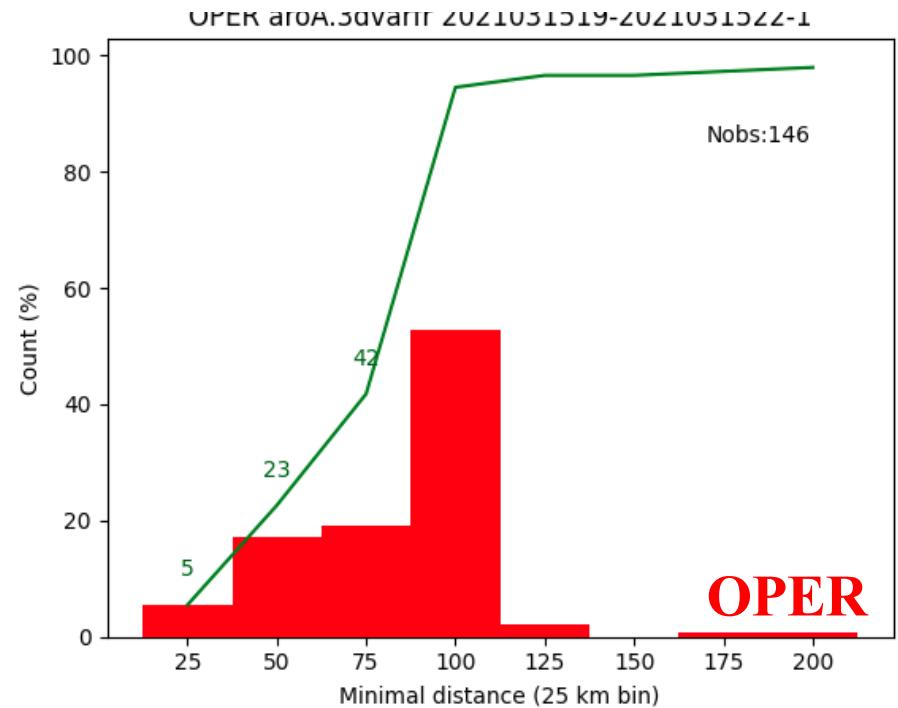
- New thinning methodology (ARPEGE/AROME) : data selection in observation grid
- Assimilation @ 50 km (ARPEGE/AROME OPER), evolution: assimilation @ 25 km(AROME)

## Ex: ASCAT-B wind selection



# Scatt winds at high resolution (25 km)

Ex: histogram of minimal distance between ASCAT winds



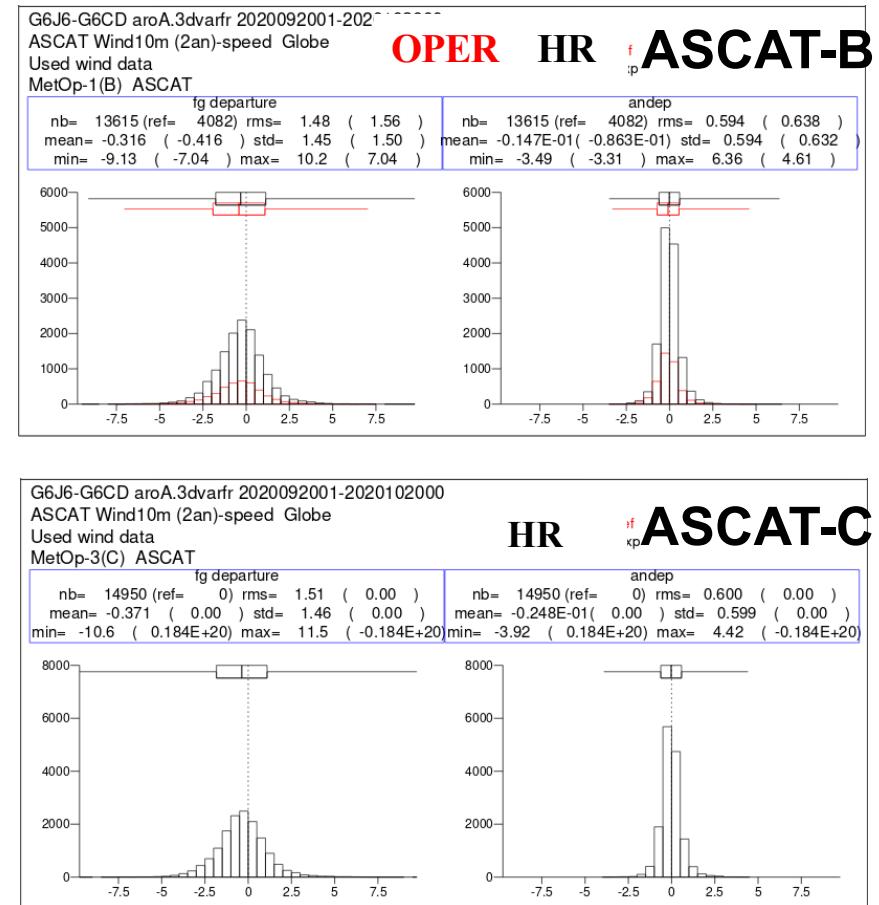
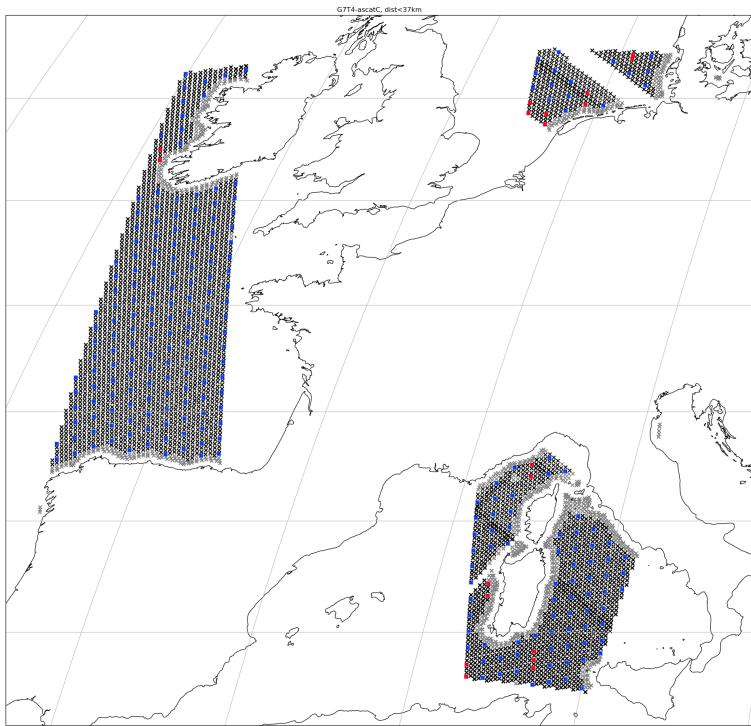
Resolution **50 km** (grid 25 km )  
Thinning boxes **100 km** (oper)



Resolution **25 km** (grid 12.5 km)  
Thinning grid **50 km** (e-suite)

# SCATT winds at high resolution (25 km)

- Introduction of ASCAT-C (lagged from ARPEGE)

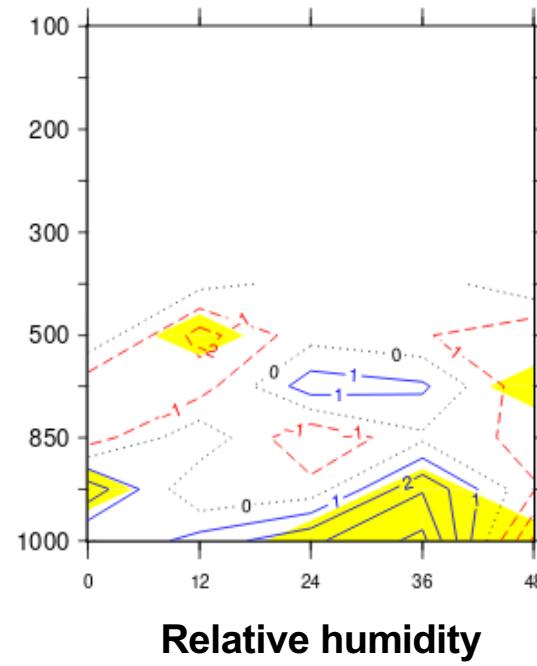
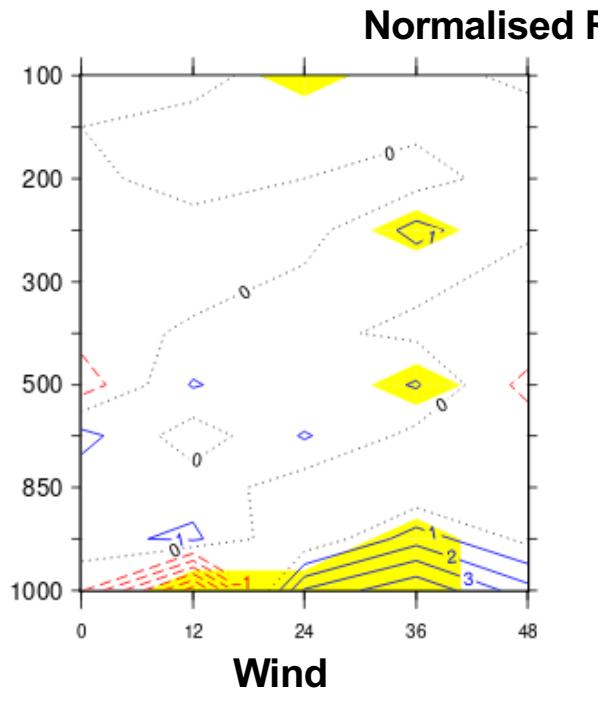


- SCATT HR + ASCAT-C ~ 4 x SCATT OPER

# SCATT winds at high resolution (25 km)

- New thinning methodology (ARPEGE/AROME) : selection in observation grid
- Assimilation @ 50 km (ARPEGE/AROME OPER), evolution: winds @ 25 km (AROME)
- Assimilation of ASCAT-C (lagged from ARPEGE)

Forecast scores 12 UTC, 20/09 -> 19/10/2020 (30 days)

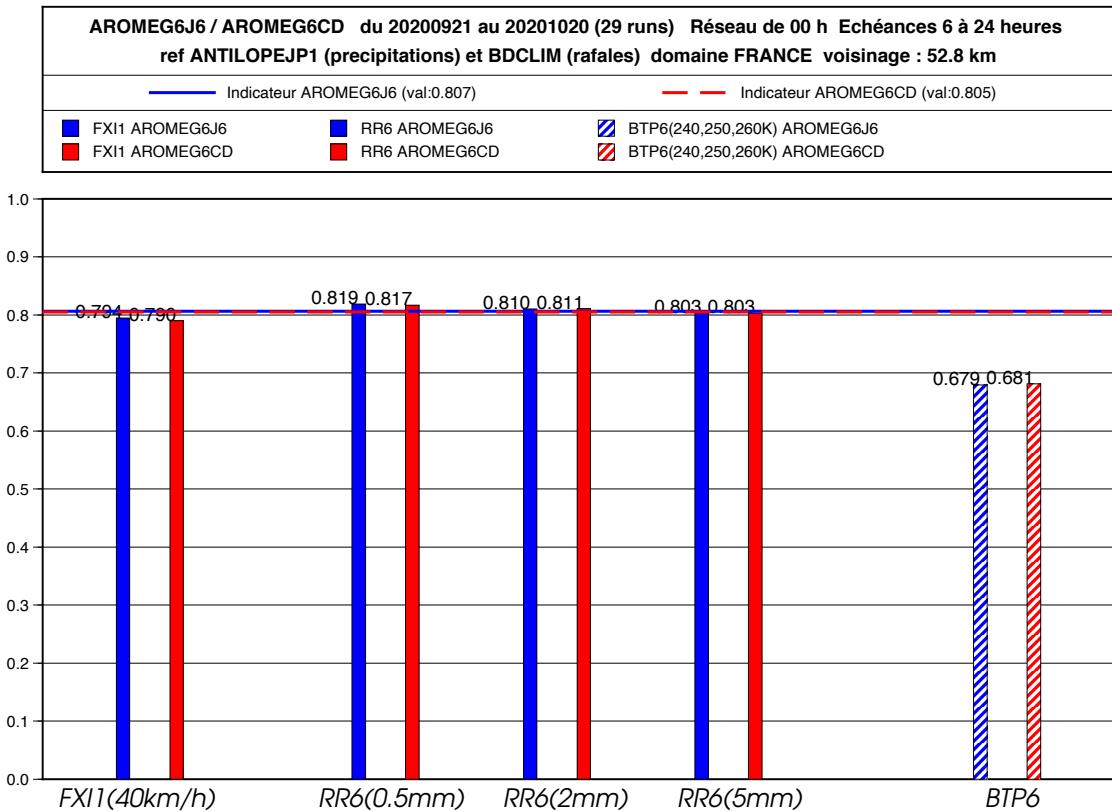


Against radiosondes  
Domain: EURW1S40



# Météo-France NWP index (SCATT @ 25 km)

Based on wind gusts and precipitation amounts (3 thresholds)

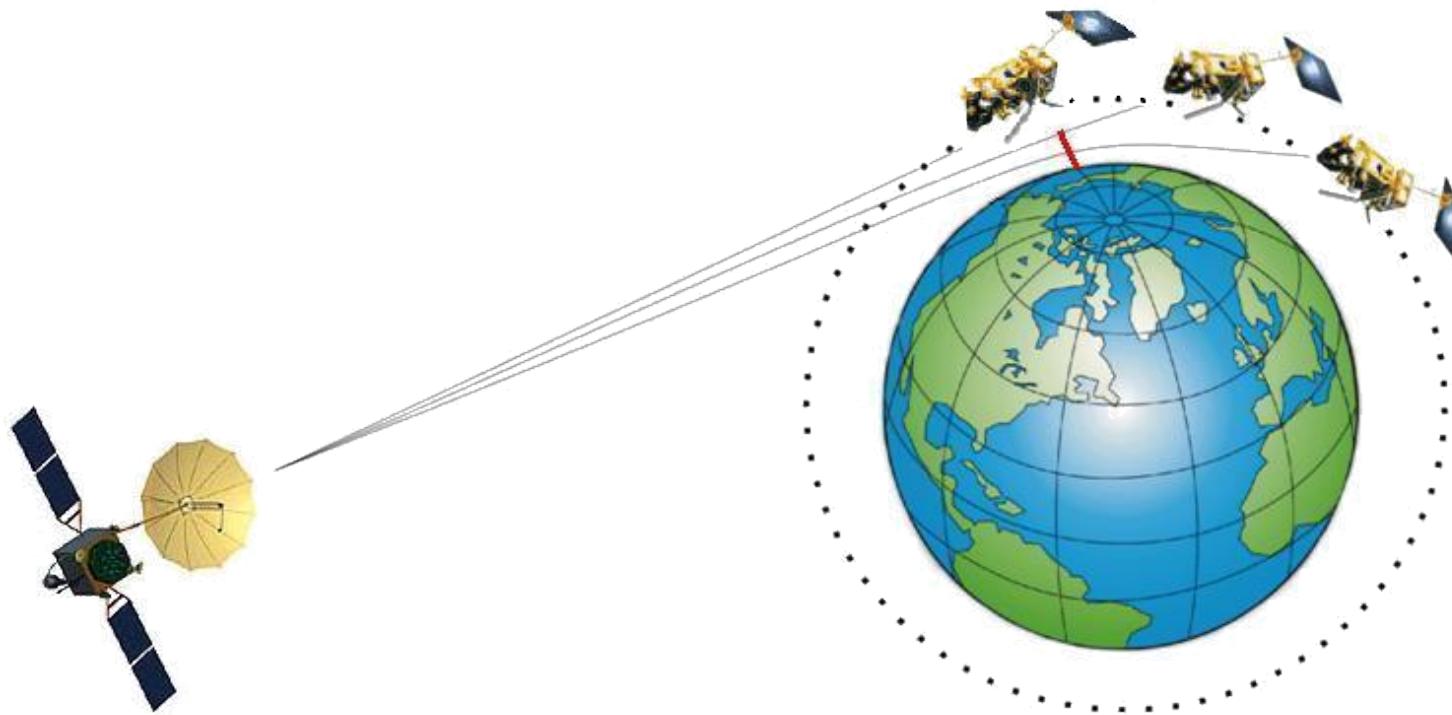


1 month (Oct. 2020)

REFERENCE  
(0,807)  
EXPERIMENT  
(0,805)

# GNSS Radio-Occultation

- GNSS radio-occultation technique based on the refraction of an electromagnetic wave between an emitting satellite (altitude: 20 000 km) and a low orbit receiving satellite (between 600 and 800 km)
- Measurement: delay by the medium (ionosphere and atmosphere) on the received signal



# GNSS Radio-Occultation

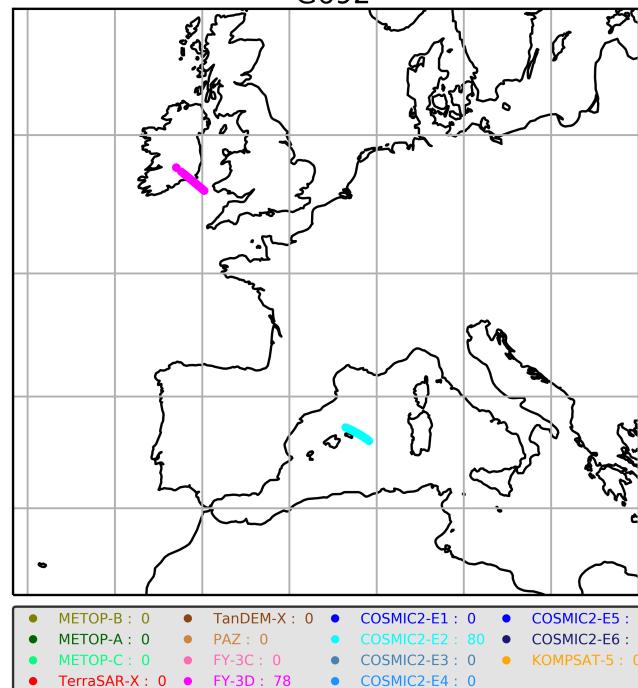
- Assimilation of bending angles from the surface up to the AROME model top (10 hPa = 35 km)
- Retrieval of temperature profile information
- Unbiased data
- Very good vertical resolution
- GNSS-RO data are informative on temperature of mid/high troposphere and stratosphere

# Assimilation of GNSS-RO in AROME

- Over the AROME domain, only few GNSS-RO data: before the availability of data from 6 COSMIC-2 receivers (spring 2020), data were only present ~25 à 30 % of analysis times (in average)
- Since spring 2020 with COSMIC-2 data (tropical belt up to 46° N), observations are available ~50 % of analysis times (in average)
- ~100 to 200 data / analysis

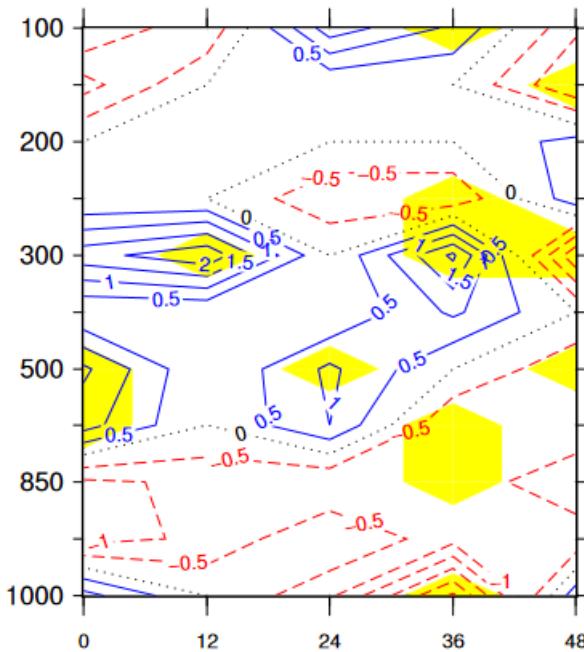
Couverture des donnees GPSRO (2020/09/19 14H)  
Nombre total d'observations apres screening : 158

G692

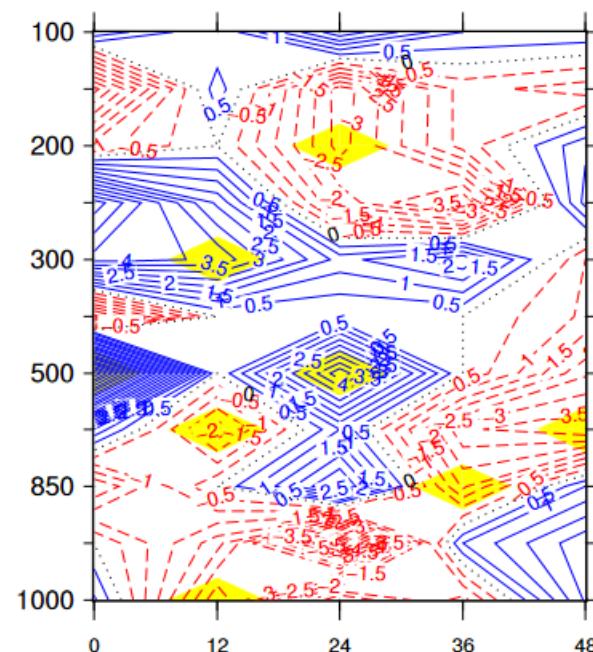


# Assimilation of GNSS-RO in AROME

- Rather neutral impact on « large scale » scores, with a small positive signal on temperature
- Normalised RMSE differences against radiosondes for temperature (10/09 to 20/10/2020)



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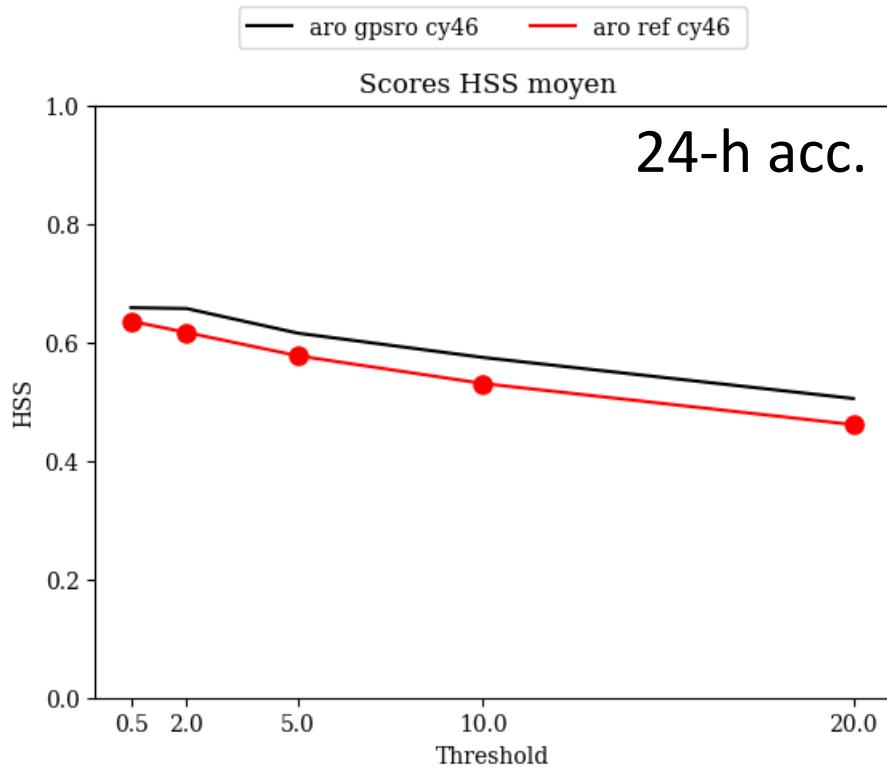
FRANCE



significative

# Assimilation of GNSS-RO in AROME

- Positive impact on precipitation scores, for both winter and summer periods
- Improvement of the mean HSS score for all precipitation thresholds (10/09 to 20/10/2020)

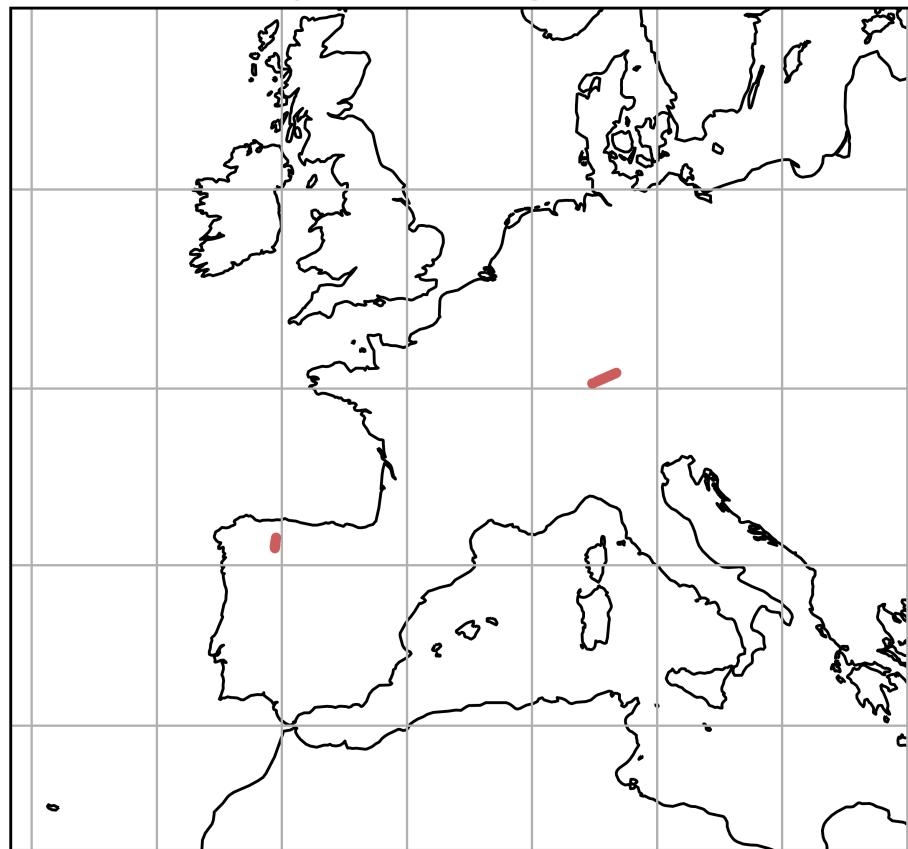


**EXPERIMENT  
REFERENCE**

# Case study: Gard 19/09/2020

- GNSS-RO assimilation in AROME (CY46T1) on a high impact weather event

Pointage des donnees GPSRO (G6DF)  
Nombre d'observations apres screening reseau 20200918T1300 : 142



# Case study: Gard 19/09/2020

- Localised heavy Mediterranean precipitation event, not accurately forecasted by the operational AROME model
- 2 experiments with GNSS-RO data one being coupled to ARPEGE with additional quality controls on refractivity profiles.
- Sensitivity studies using « lagged ensemble » approach (P. Brousseau)
- Long-range forecasts (up to 48h) for each hourly analysis time from 18/09 à 00H to 19/09 04H from AROME with assimilation of GNSS-RO data (full coverage of 19/09).
- Examination of accumulated rainfall amounts for the 19th of September 2020

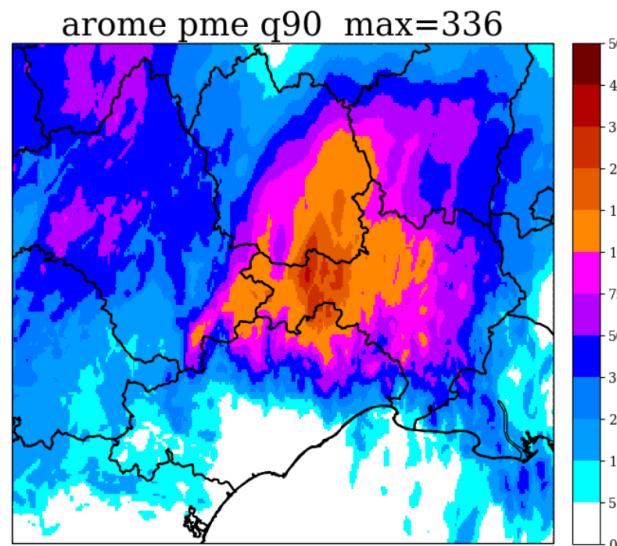
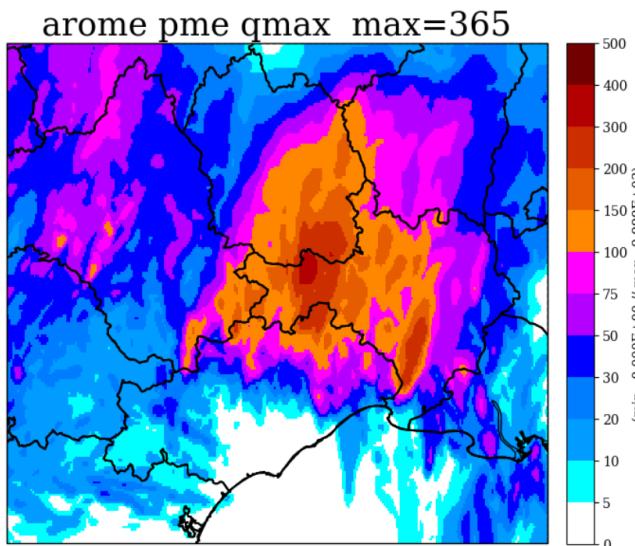
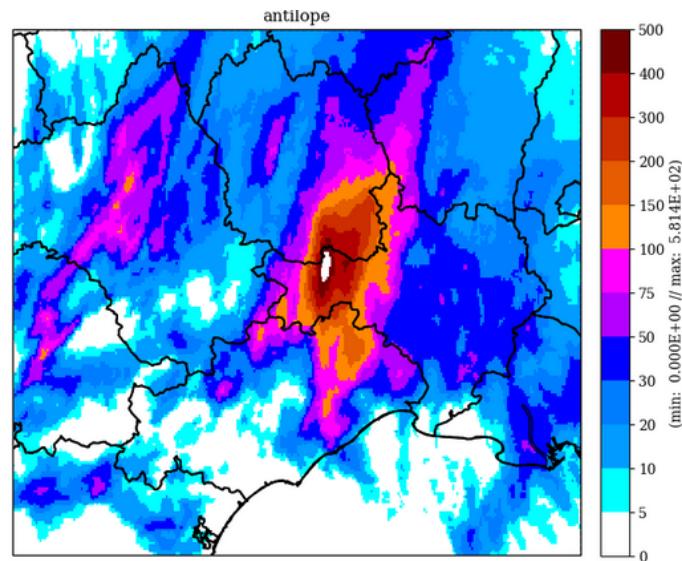
# Case study: Gard 19/09/2020

- Observations : Antilope precip. analysis

Accumulated amounts: 19/09 04h to 20/09 00h

Maximum values > 500 mm

- Experiment 1 : Qmax forecast **365 mm**



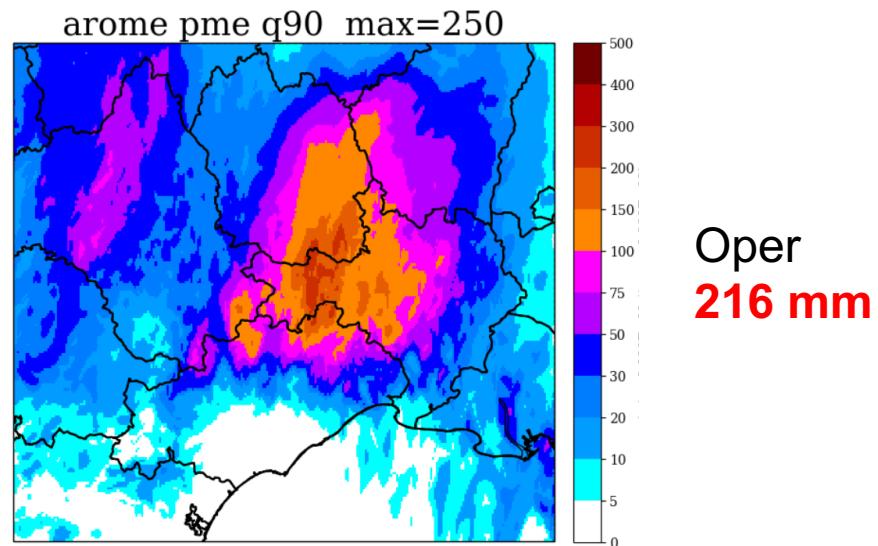
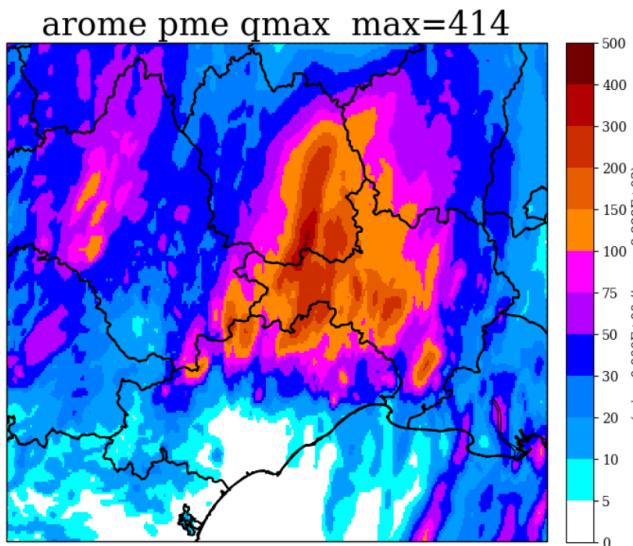
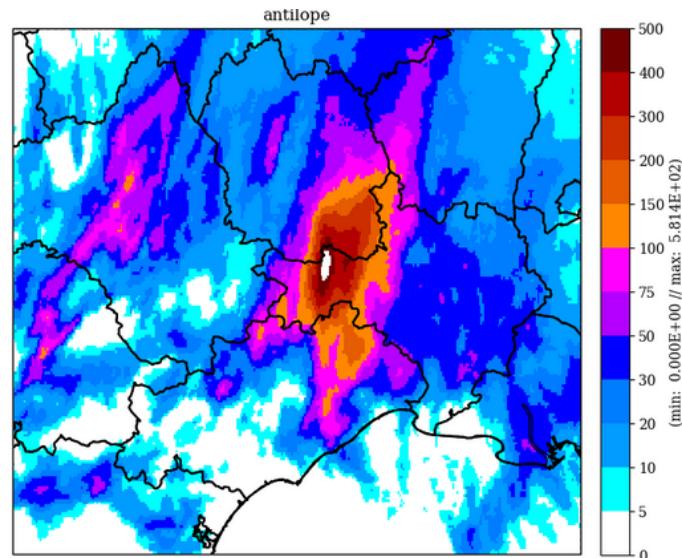
# Case study: Gard 19/09/2020

- Observations : Antilope precip. analysis

Accumulated amounts: 19/09 04h to 20/09 00h

Maximum values > 500 mm

- Experiment 2 : Qmax forecast **414 mm**



# Conclusions

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- Improvement on the assimilation of ocean surface winds from scatterometers in AROME:
  - Resolution 25 km instead of 50 km
  - Thinning @ 50 km instead of 100 km
  - New method for horizontal thinning: scanning geometry
- Assimilation GNSS-RO bending angles in AROME (so far never used operationally)
- Slight positive impacts on forecast scores  
=> (SCATT = 0,2 % obs; GNSS-RO = 0,3 % obs)
- All these changes should become operational in AROME-France by mid-2022 (CY46T1)



**Thank you for your attention !**

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