

Environment Canada's Pan-Canadian 2.5-km Deterministic Prediction System

Jason Milbrandt, Stéphane Bélair, Manon Faucher, Anna Glazer, Marcel Vallé

Environment Canada

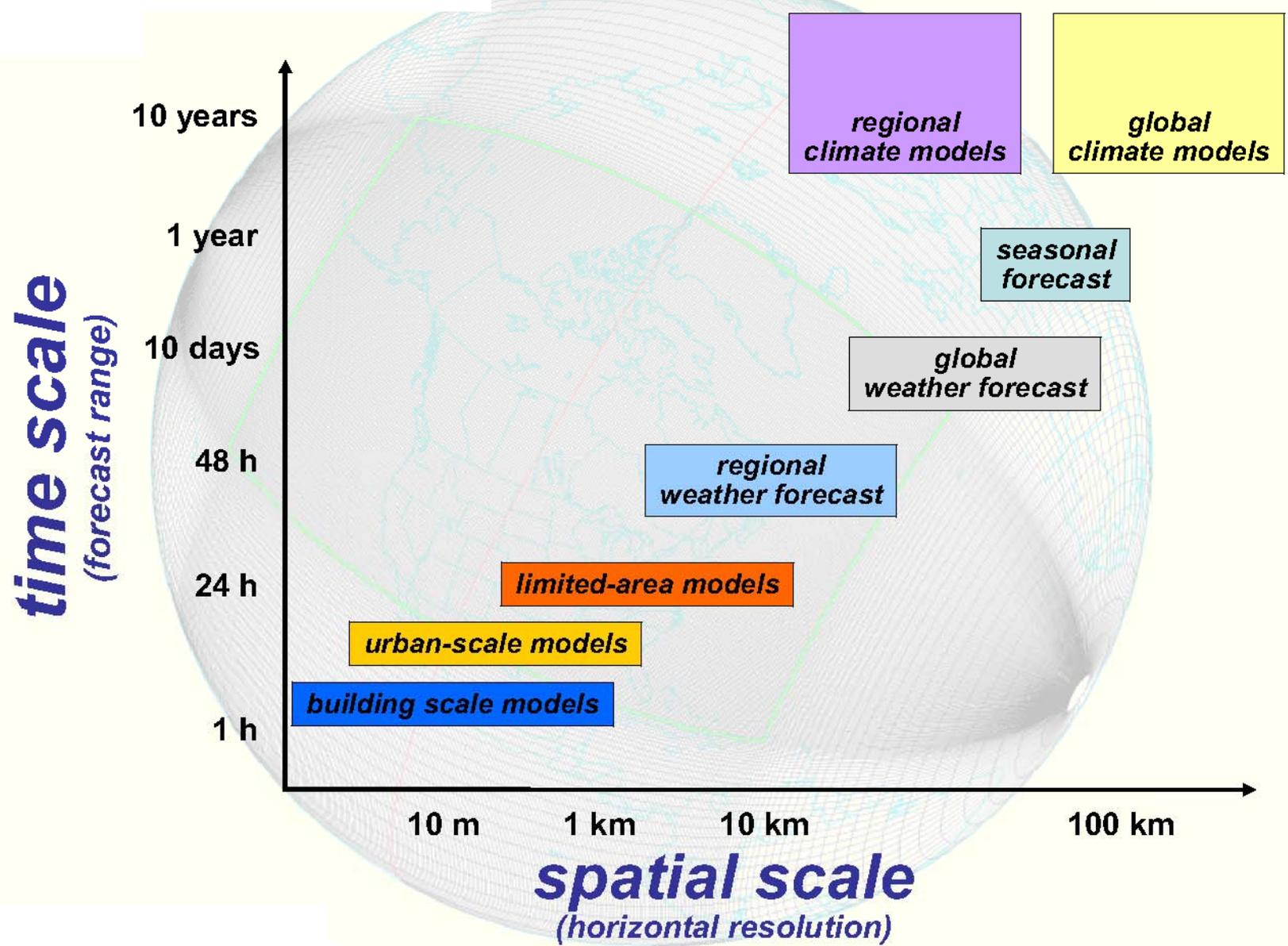
10th International SRNWP Workshop on Nonhydrostatic Modelling
May 13-15, 2013



Environment
Canada

Environnement
Canada

Modeling Systems and Applications at Environment Canada

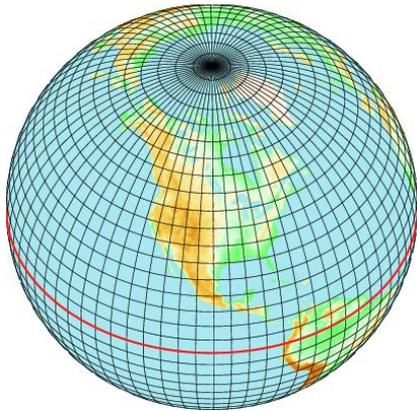


Environment Canada's NWP Model

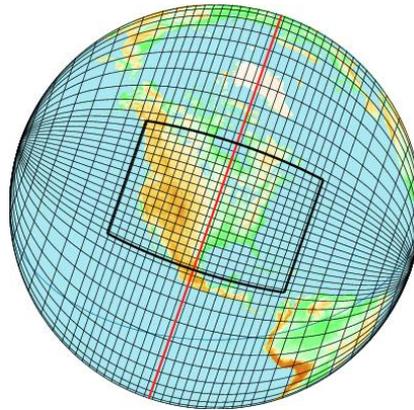
GEM (Global Environmental Multiscale)

Various grid configurations:

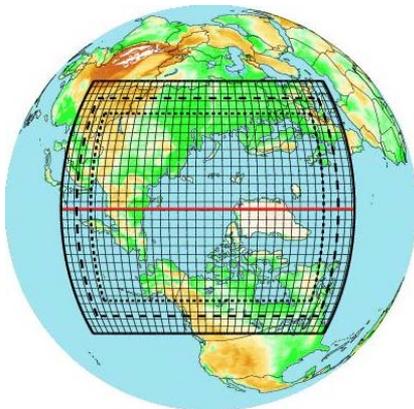
Global Uniform



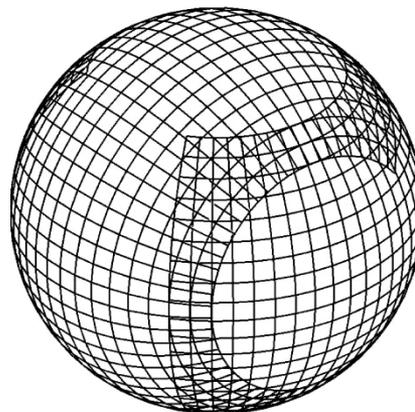
Global Variable



Limited Area (LAM)



Yin-Yang



- non-hydrostatic
- fully compressible
- fully-implicit
- semi-Lagrangian
- one-way self-nesting
- staggered vertical grid (Charney-Phillips)

Advantages of cloud-scale NWP:

1. Topographic forcing is better resolved

- orography, vegetation, land-water boundaries

2. Better physics

- high-resolution surface data assimilation
- can use more detailed parameterization of clouds/precipitation
- no need for a CPS

***→ Improved ability to forecast
high-impact weather***

Environment Canada's HRDPS

High Resolution Deterministic Prediction System

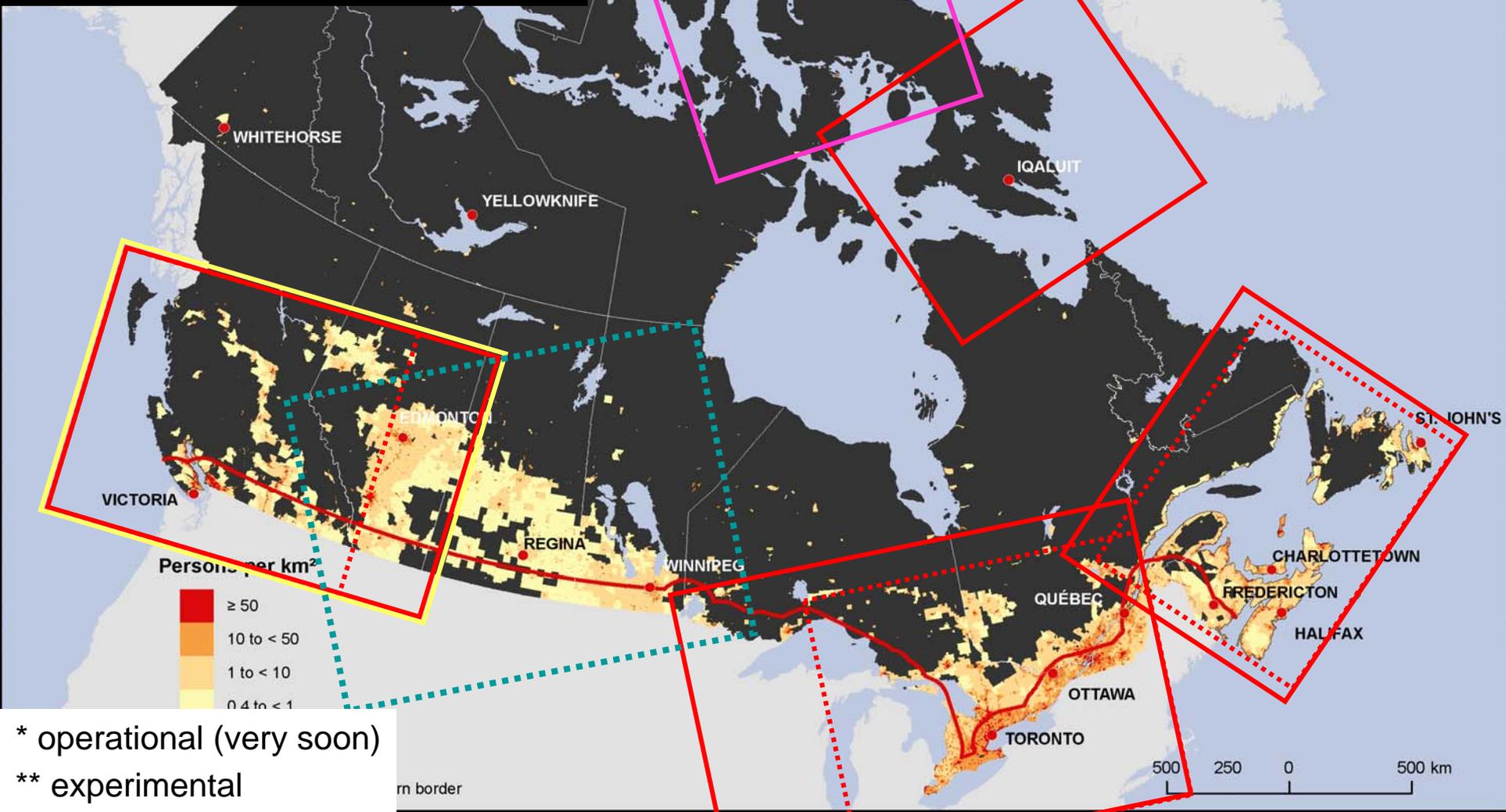
- 1997: Project initiated over Canadian Rocky Mountains
- 2002: Real-time experimental 2.5-km domains set up
- 2013: West-2.5 km domain is formally “operational”

Other related experimental systems:

- 2001: MAP
- 2007: MAP-DPHASE
- 2008: UNSTABLE (1-km domain over Alberta)
- 2010: Vancouver 2010 Winter Olympics/Paralympics
- 2014: Sochi 2014 Winter Olympics/Paralympics
- 2015: Pan-American Games (Toronto, Canada)

- 4 “full-time” grids
- 1 “seasonal” grid
- $\Delta z = 2.5$ km
- west domain* is 2 x 42 h
- other domains** are 1 x 24-h
- downscaled from GEM-10 km

Population density, 2006
by Dissemination Area (DA)

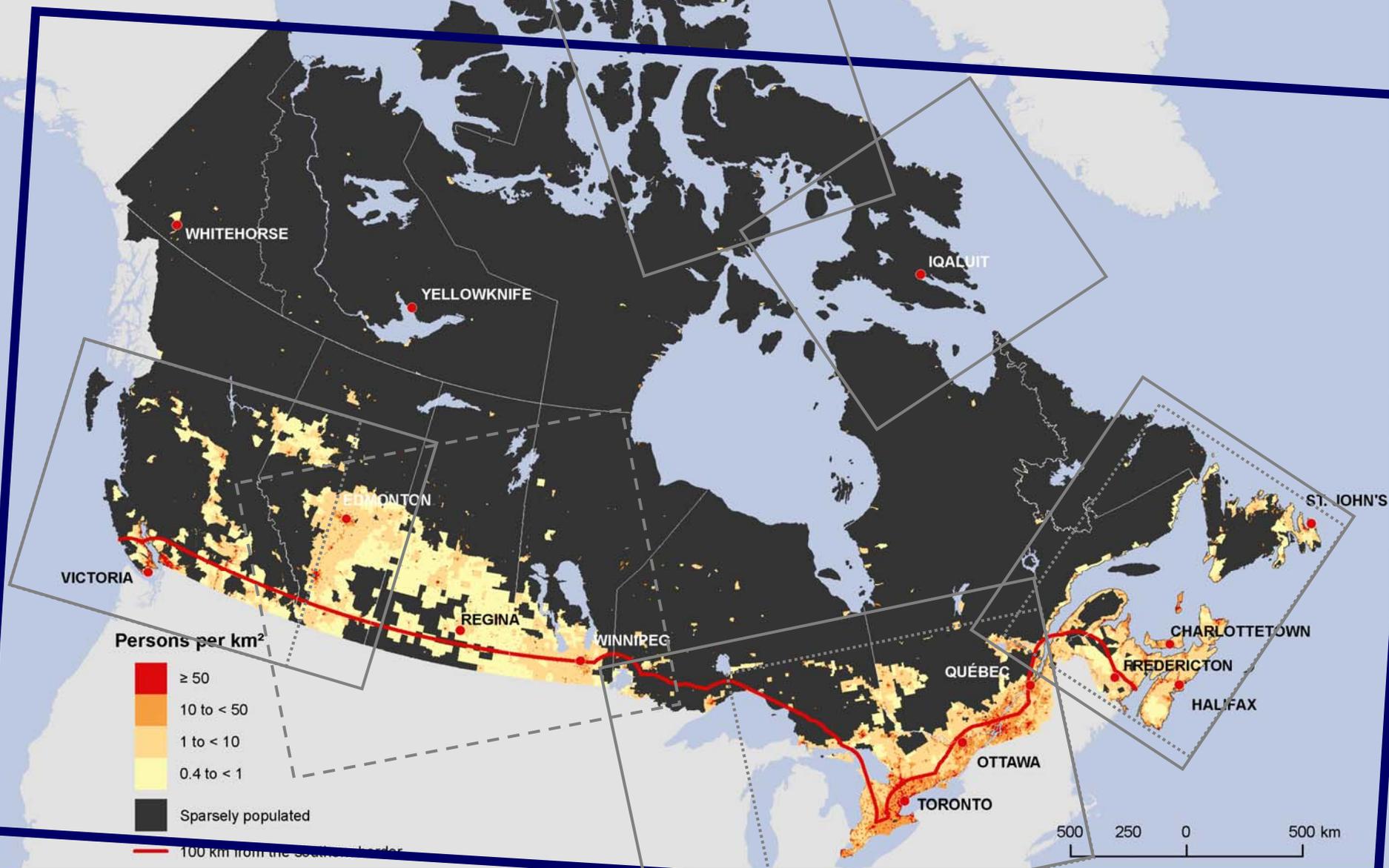


* operational (very soon)

** experimental

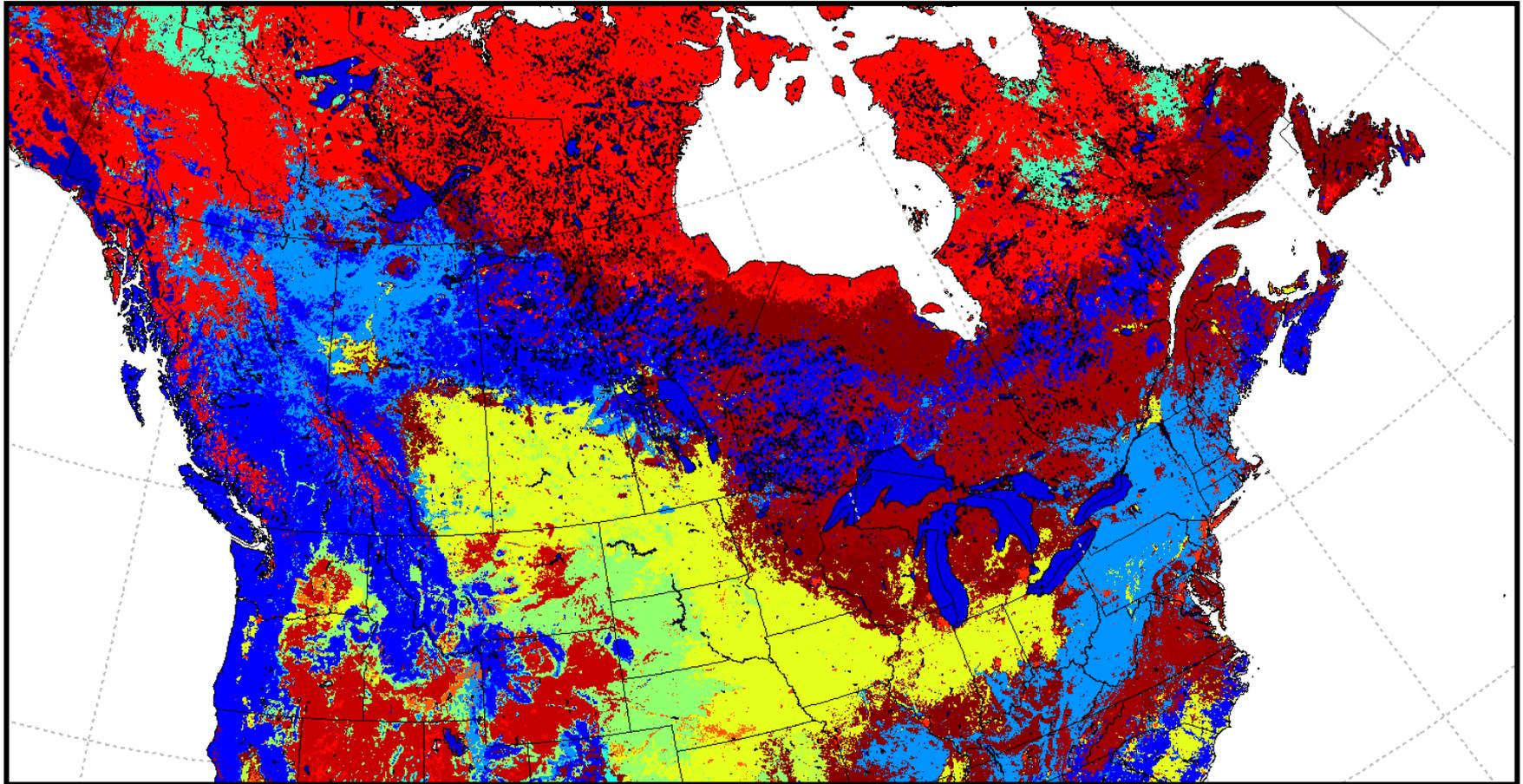
Future HRDPS:

Population density, 2006
by Dissemination Area (DA)



Future HRDPS:

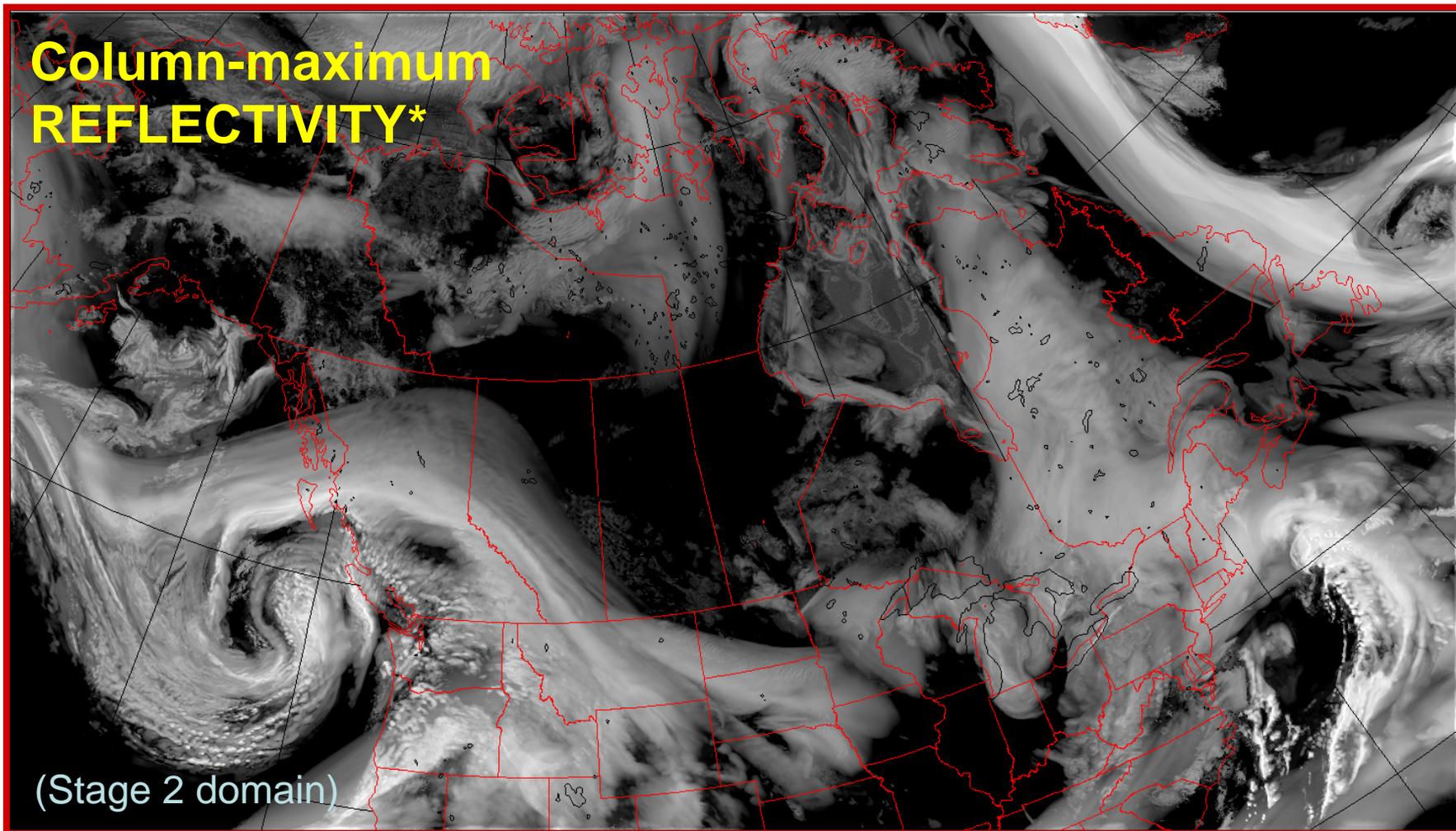
Phase 1 (2500 x 1300)



Predominant vegetation
(ISBA land surface scheme)

$\Delta x = 2.5 \text{ km}$

Simulation with pan-Canadian 2.5-km HRDPS



* Computed from hydrometeor fields from microphysics scheme

HRDPS Development Plans

Downscaled from
GEM-10 km
(4D-VAR)

1. Operational WEST-2.5 domain

- operational status of WEST; 2 x 42-h
- 4 other experimental domains, 1 x 24-h

2. National-2.5 – STAGE 1

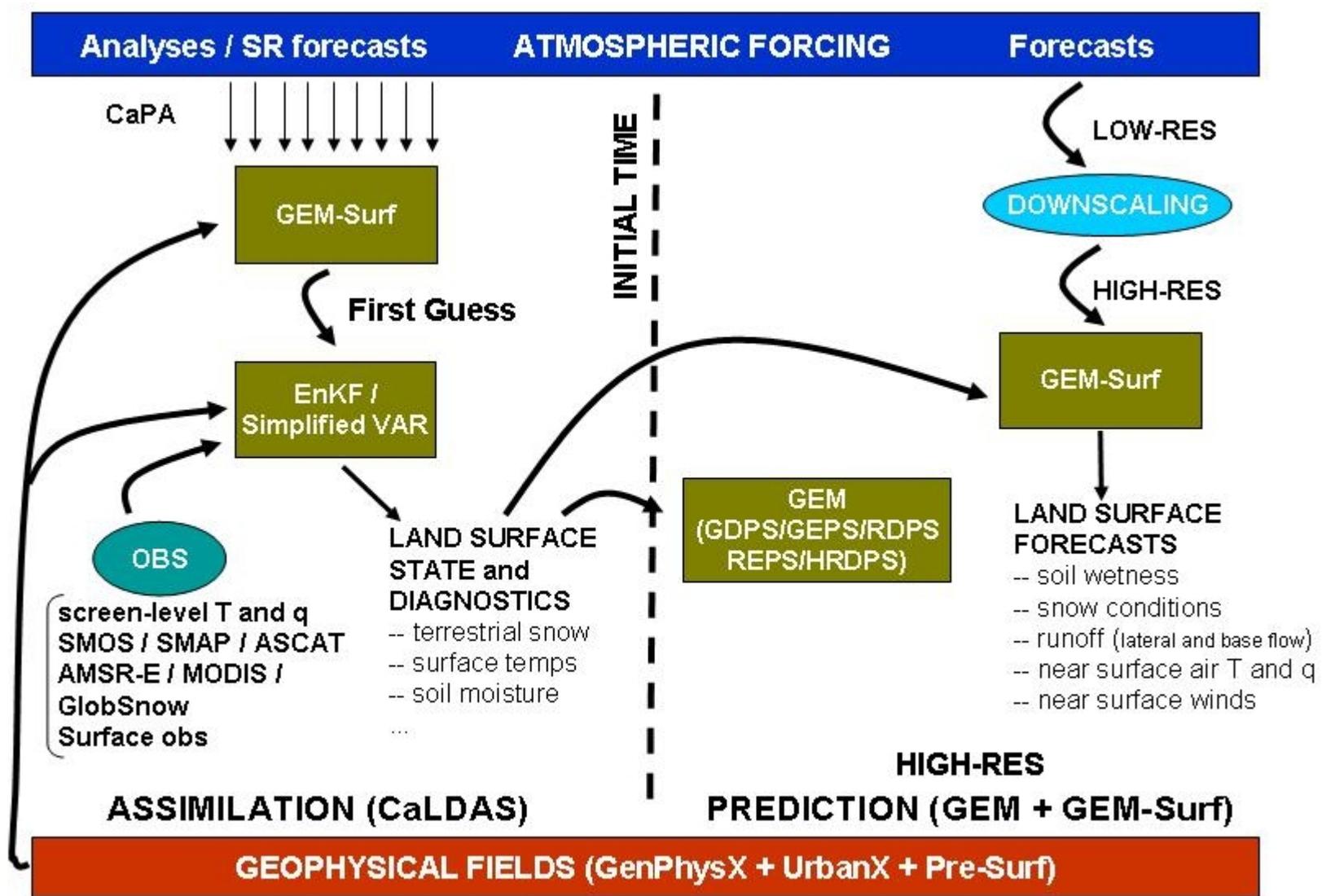
- single, national grid
- 2 x 48-h
- high-resolution surface fields
- reduced spin-up (recycling cloud fields)
- improved microphysics
- increased vertical resolution

→ 2014

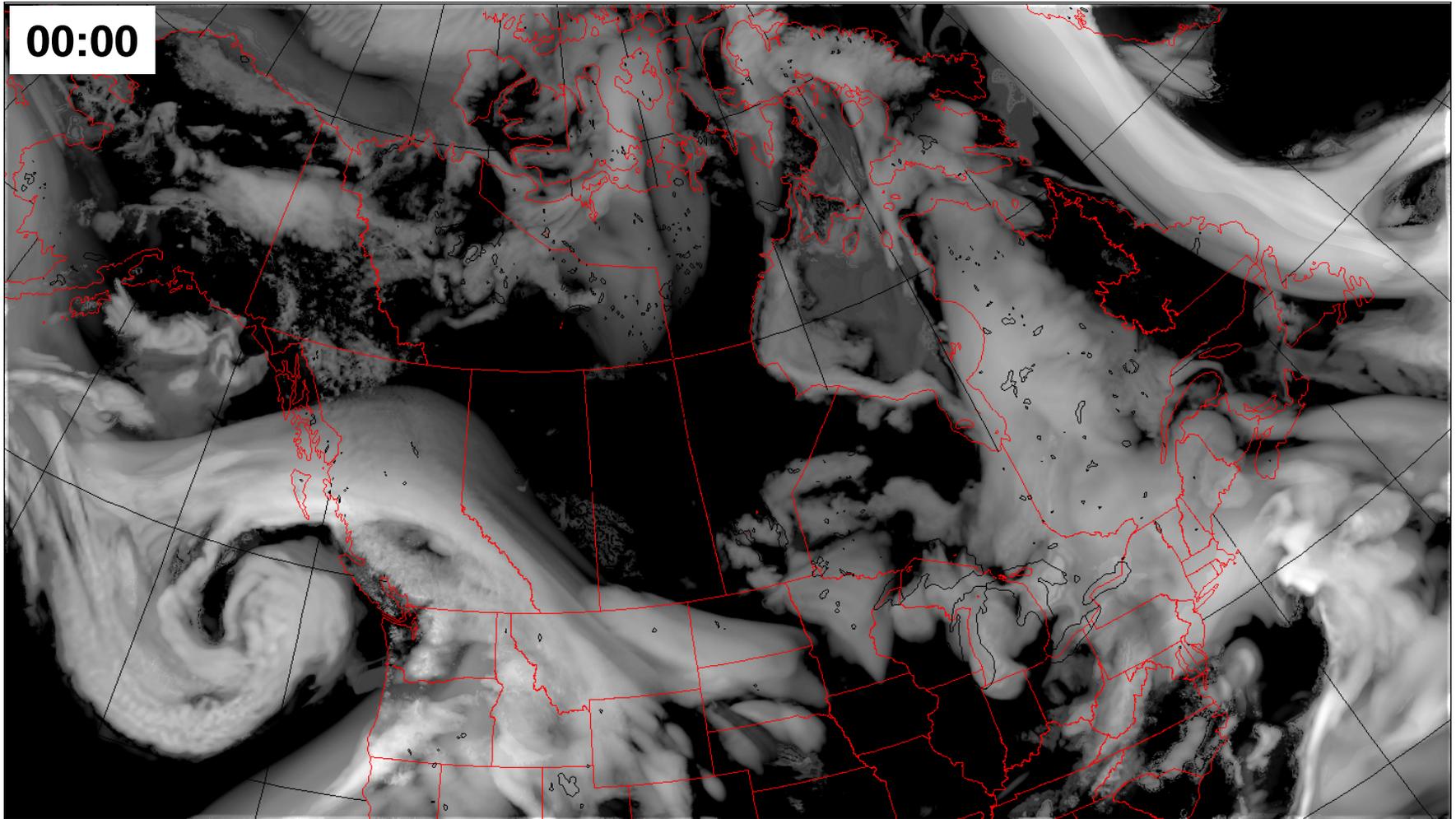
3. National-2.5 – STAGE 2

- 4 x 48-h
- upper-air data assimilation cycle (*En-Var)

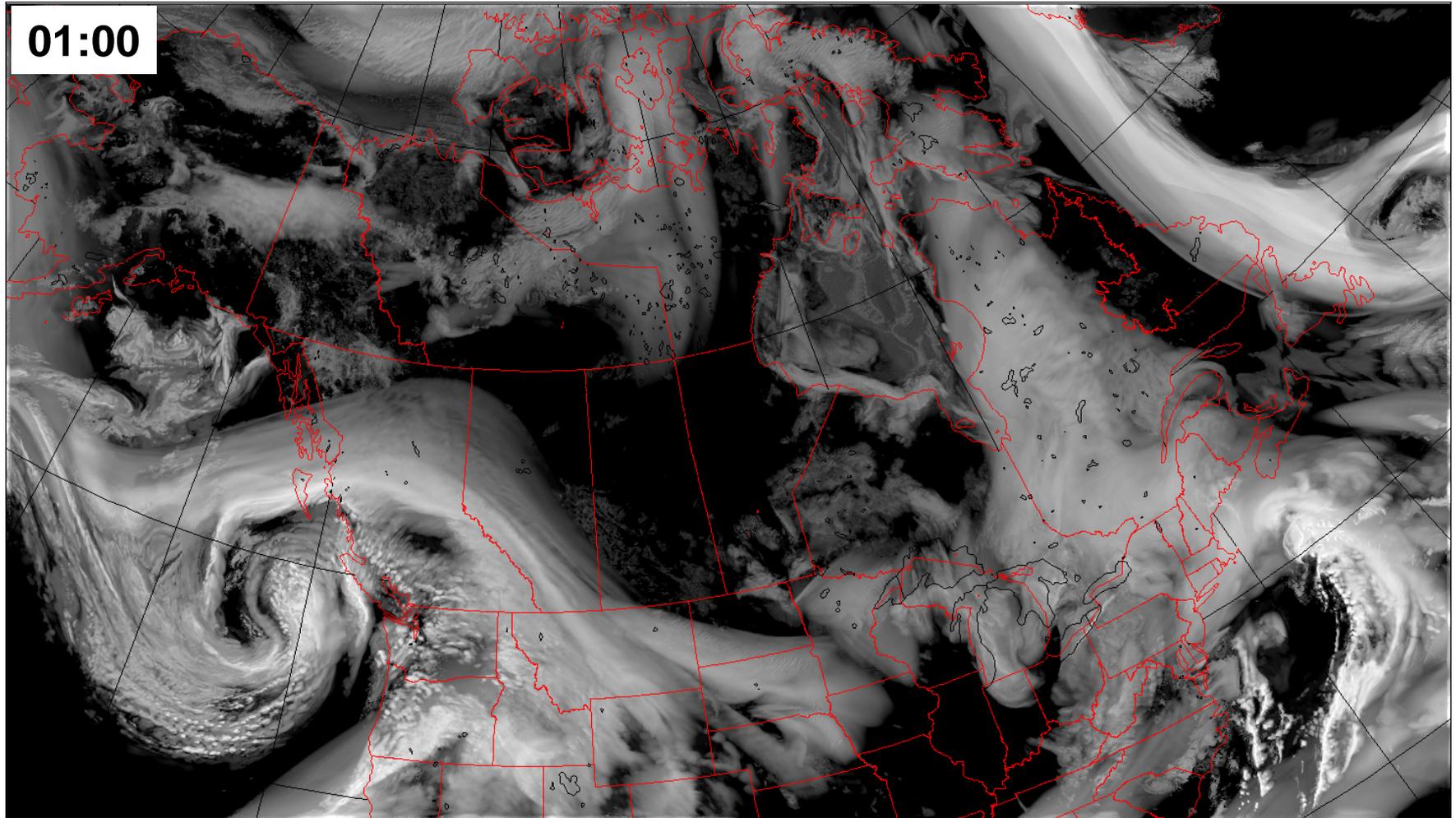
→ 2016



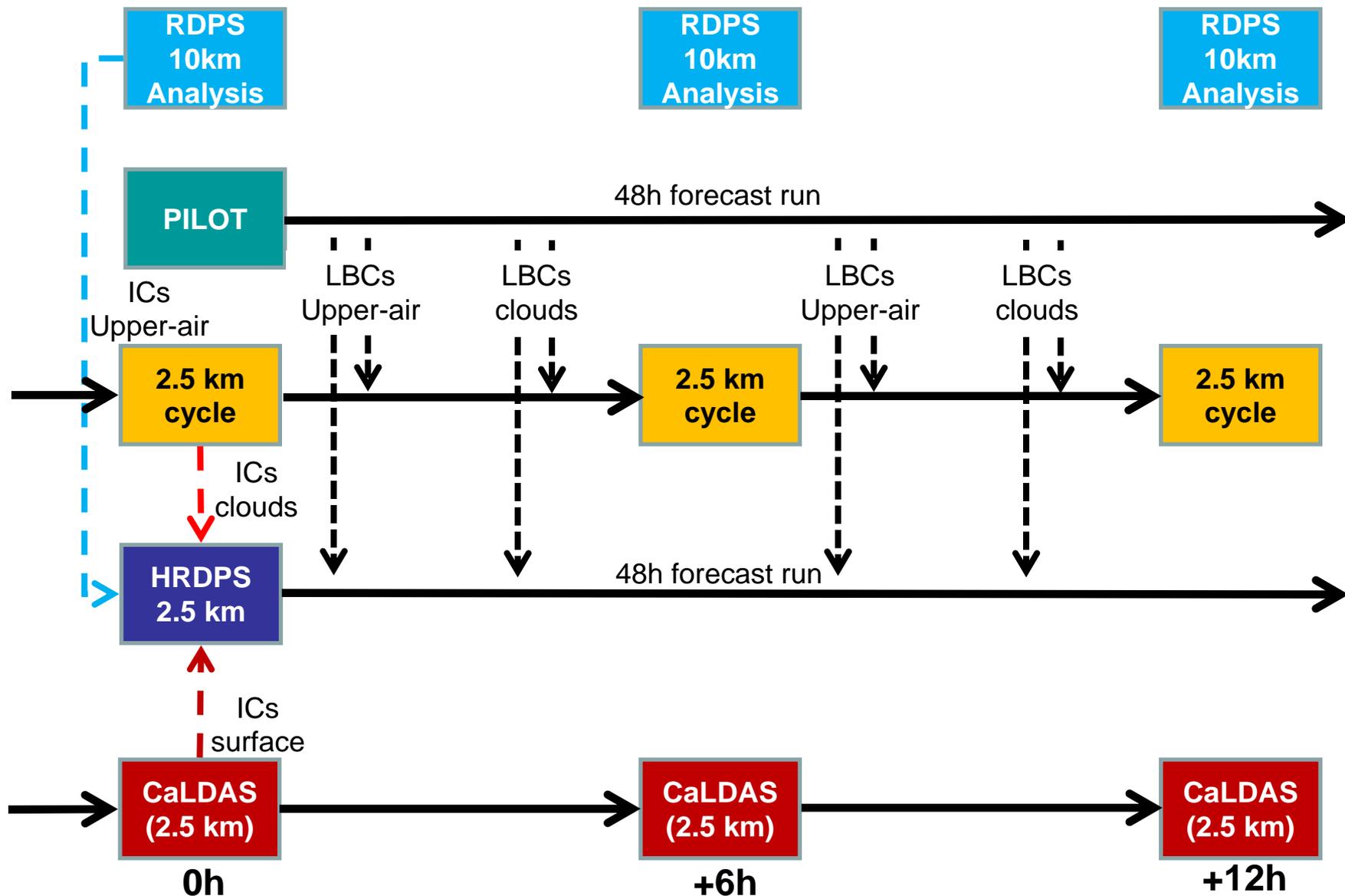
Initial cloud fields come from short-term forecast of 10-km parent model



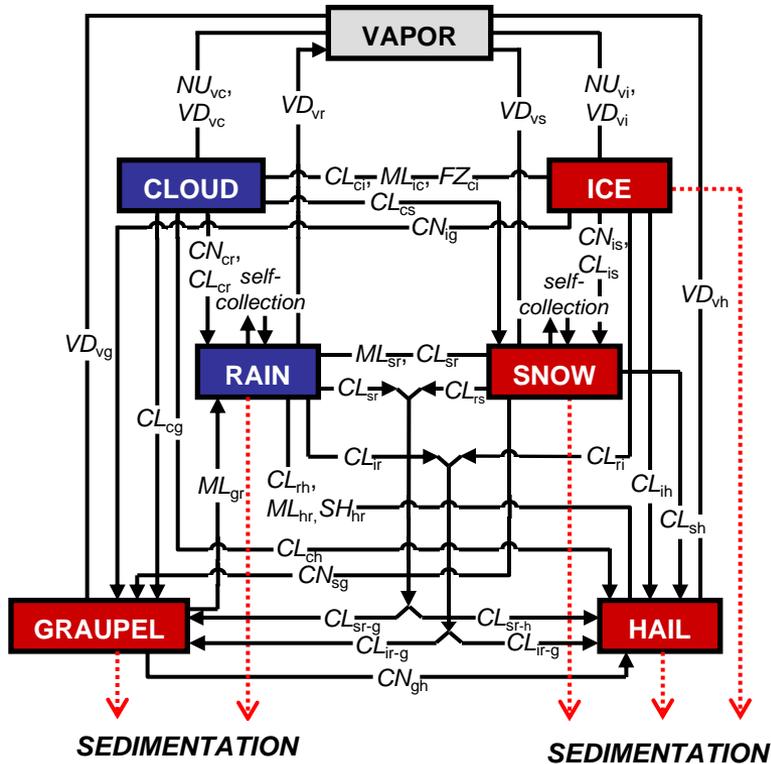
We want to reduce spin-up time such that the initial fields contain high-resolution detail



Future Sequence for ICs and BCs:



2-Moment Microphysics Scheme*



Six hydrometeor categories:

2 liquid: *cloud, rain*

4 frozen: *ice, snow, graupel, hail*

For each category $x = c, r, i, s, g, h$:

$$N_x(D) = N_{0x} D^{\alpha_x} e^{-\lambda_x D}$$

Prognostic variables

$$q_x, N_x \quad (12)$$

* Milbrandt and Yau (2005a,b)

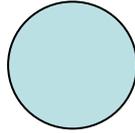
New Treatment of Rimed Ice in Microphysics

Current MY2 scheme:



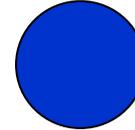
SNOW

$$\rho_s = f(D_s)$$
$$V = a_s D^{bs}$$



GRAUPEL

$$\rho_g = 400 \text{ kg m}^{-3}$$
$$V = a_g D^{bg}$$



HAIL

$$\rho_h = 900 \text{ kg m}^{-3}$$
$$V = a_h D^{bh}$$



Modified MY2 scheme:



SNOW

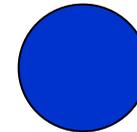
$$\rho_s = f(D_s)$$
$$V = a_s D^{bs}$$



GRAUPEL

ρ_g is predicted

$$V = a_g(\rho_g) D^{bg(\rho_g)}$$

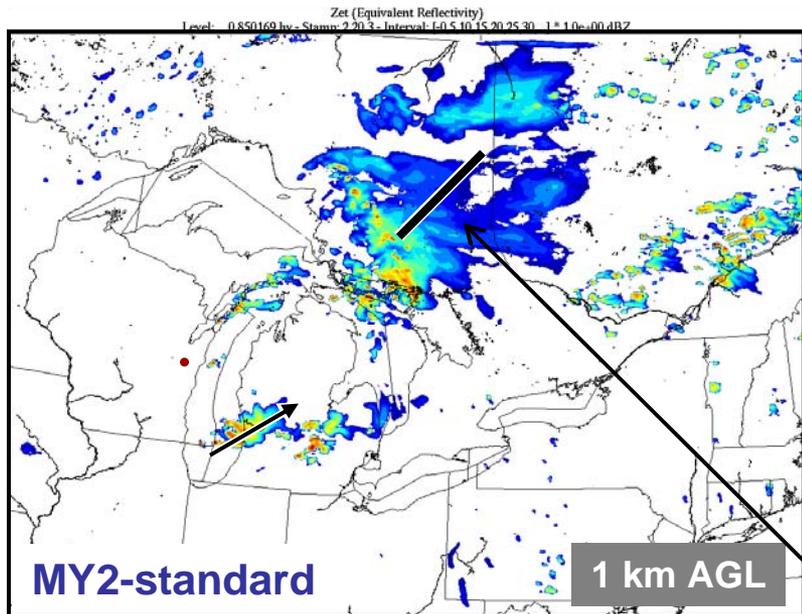


HAIL

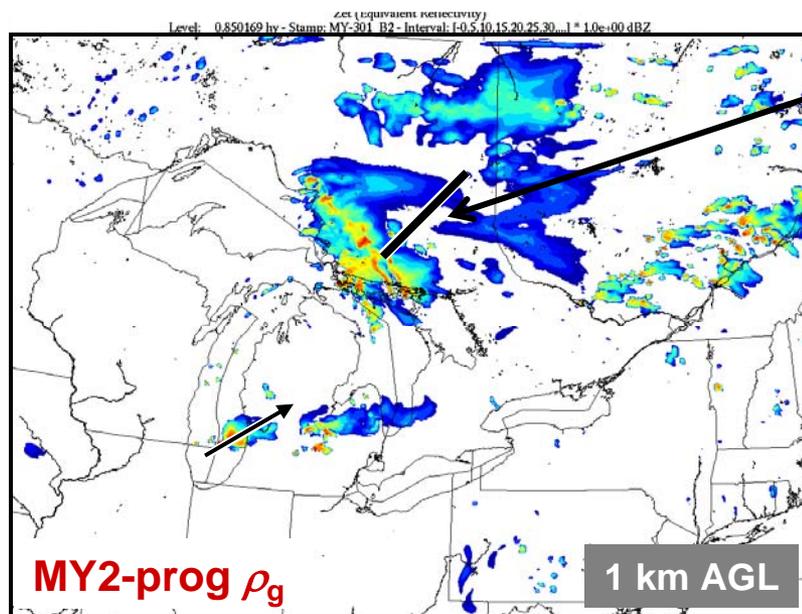
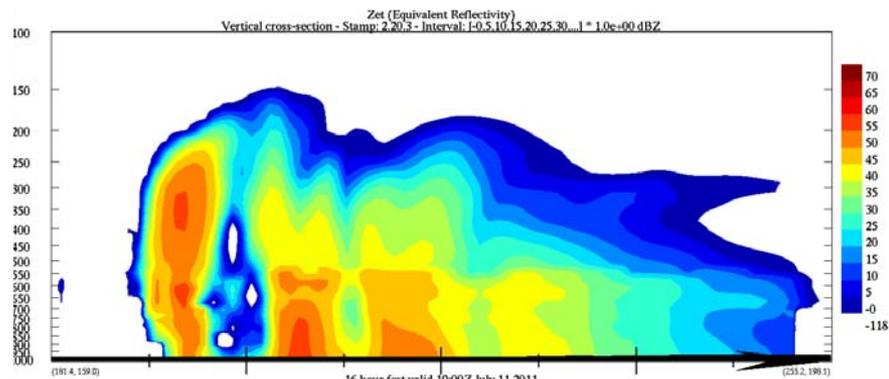
$$\rho_h = 900 \text{ kg m}^{-3}$$
$$V = a_h D^{bh}$$



SMOOTHER TRANSITION
between categories

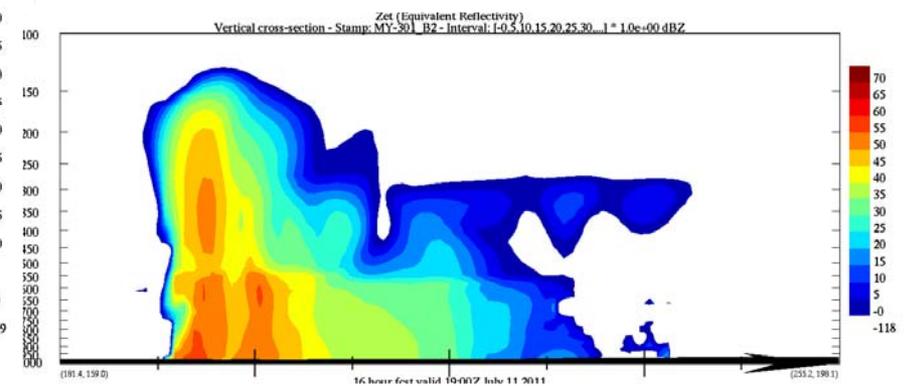


16 hour fest valid 19:00Z July 11 2011



16 hour fest valid 19:00Z July 11 2011

REDUCTION OF EXCESSIVE STRATIFORM REGION



INCREASED VERTICAL RESOLUTION

k	hyb	z (m)	Δz (m)
...			
32	3.7321E-01	6849.	450.
33	3.9816E-01	6399.	437.
34	4.2401E-01	5962.	426.
35	4.5079E-01	5536.	415.
36	4.7853E-01	5122.	405.
37	5.0722E-01	4717.	394.
38	5.3679E-01	4323.	384.
39	5.6725E-01	3940.	374.
40	5.9861E-01	3566.	365.
41	6.3089E-01	3201.	354.
42	6.6390E-01	2846.	340.
43	6.9721E-01	2506.	309.
44	7.2888E-01	2198.	281.
45	7.5897E-01	1916.	254.
46	7.8721E-01	1663.	231.
47	8.1378E-01	1432.	209.
48	8.3864E-01	1223.	190.
49	8.6186E-01	1033.	172.
50	8.8342E-01	861.	155.
51	9.0341E-01	706.	142.
52	9.2202E-01	564.	128.
53	9.3912E-01	436.	116.
54	9.5491E-01	321.	105.
55	9.6940E-01	216.	95.
56	9.8278E-01	121.	81.
57	9.9425E-01	40.	

57 levels (current)

k	hyb	z (m)	Δz (m)
...			
47	8.5323E-01	1103.	130.
48	8.6939E-01	973.	117.
49	8.8416E-01	855.	105.
50	8.9762E-01	751.	94.
51	9.0983E-01	657.	84.
52	9.2086E-01	573.	75.
53	9.3080E-01	498.	66.
54	9.3972E-01	432.	59.
55	9.4770E-01	373.	52.
56	9.5481E-01	321.	46.
57	9.6112E-01	276.	40.
58	9.6672E-01	235.	35.
59	9.7166E-01	200.	31.
60	9.7600E-01	169.	27.
61	9.7982E-01	142.	24.
62	9.8316E-01	118.	21.
63	9.8607E-01	97.	18.
64	9.8860E-01	80.	15.
65	9.9080E-01	64.	13.
66	9.9270E-01	51.	11.
67	9.9434E-01	39.	10.
68	9.9575E-01	30.	8.
69	9.9696E-01	21.	7.
70	9.9799E-01	14.	6.
71	9.9888E-01	8.	5.
72	9.9963E-01	3.	

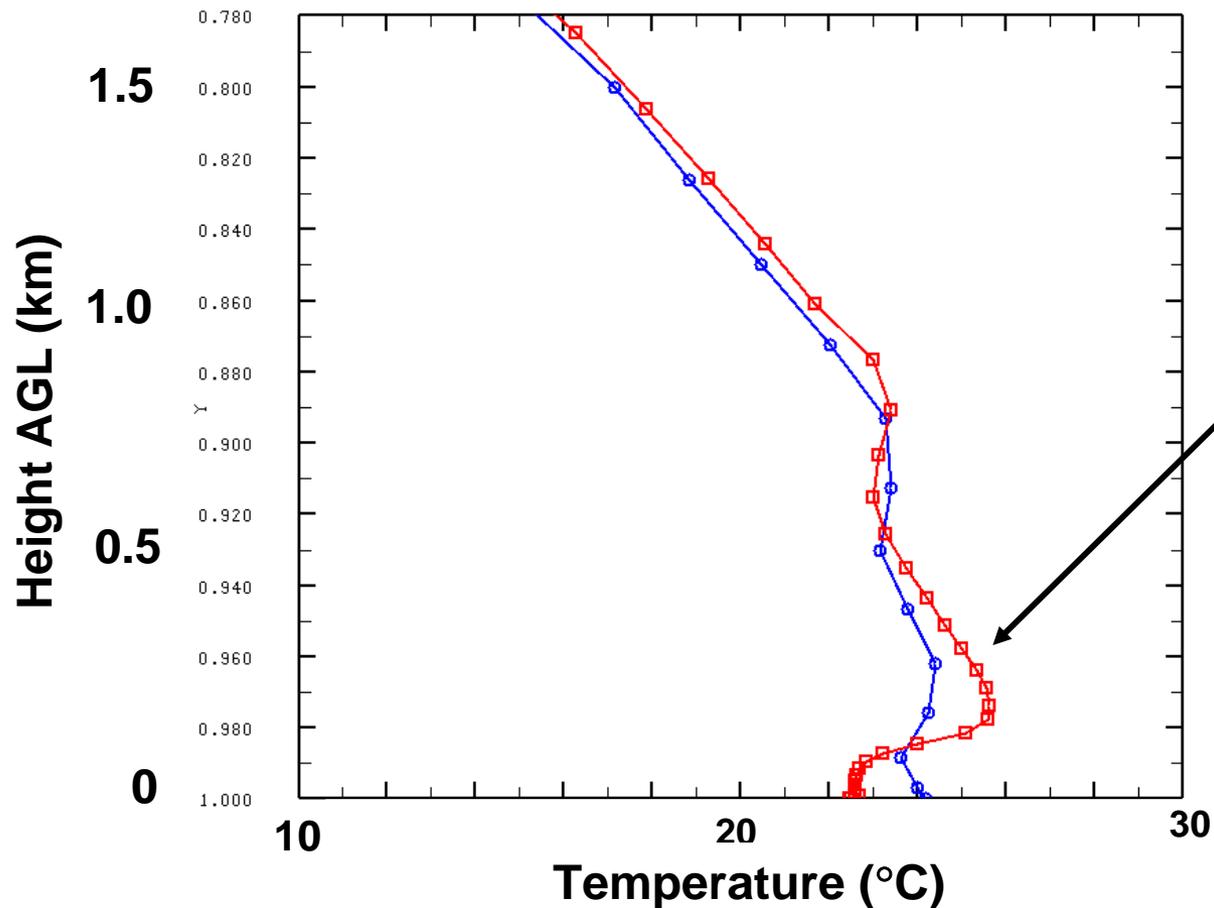
72 levels (testing)

8

25

INCREASED VERTICAL RESOLUTION

Example of Model Soundings (pre-storm environment)



Capping inversion
is better resolved

57 levels (current)

72 levels (testing)

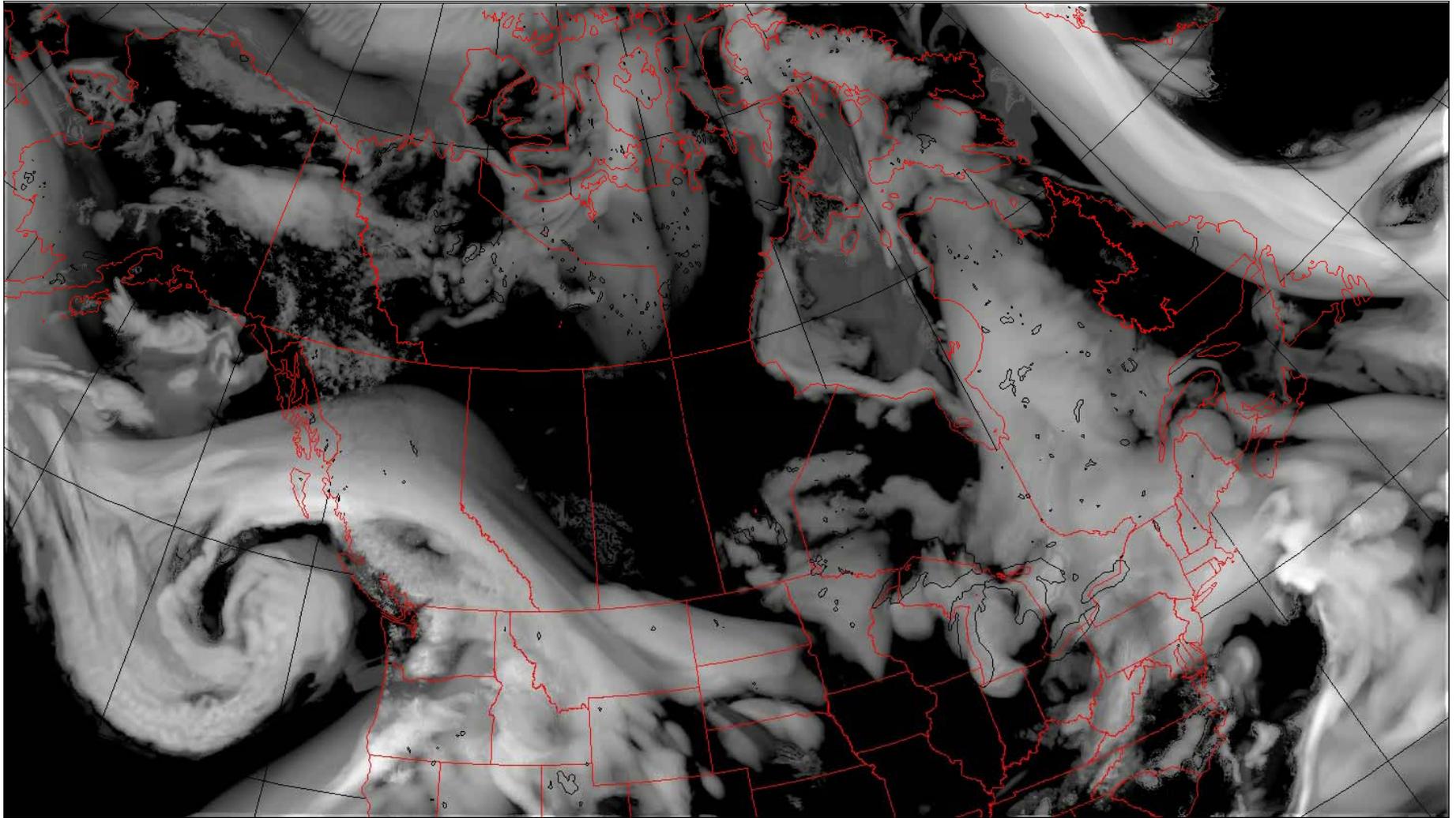
VERIFICATION

CURRENT:

- **profiles of mass, temperature, humidity, and winds** based on comparison to observed soundings
- **near-surface temperature, humidity, and winds, and cloud cover** based on comparison to station observations
- **6-h QPF** based on station observations

FUTURE:

- **precipitation type** based on station observations
- **precipitation patterns/spatial distribution** based on radar observations
- **cloud coverage/spatial distribution** based on satellite observations



Danke!

